Registration number: 04250748

Foseco (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Company Information

Directors

R S Fell G Godin

E O Gingell

Company secretary

J Smith

Registered office

165 Fleet Street

London

EC4A 2AE

Registration number 04250748

Incorporated

a Private Limited Company incorporated in England & Wales

Auditors

Mazars LLP

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way

London E1W 1DD

Foseco (UK) Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Fair review of the business

Foseco (UK) Limited (the Company) is an investment holding company for investments in group undertakings, and its investing activities during the year are detailed in the investments note (note 5). The Company has no employees. The Directors do not envisage any change in the business of the Company in the foreseeable future.

The profit before tax for the year is £0.4m (2018: £0.2m). The net assets for the year are £38.3m (2018: £37.9m).

Given the straightforward nature of the Company's business, the Directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The limited nature of the Company's activities along with the internal controls and monitoring procedures serve to mitigate these risks. The key business financial risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are considered to relate to the following:

Financial counterparty risk

The treasury activities of the ultimate parent company, Vesuvius plc, are monitored and co-ordinated by a central treasury department on behalf of the whole Vesuvius group. This includes the risk of potential failure by counterparties holding cash deposits on behalf of group companies.

Recoverability of intercompany receivables

Where amounts are due from group companies with net liabilities, an assessment of their recoverability is performed to ensure that they will be able to meet their obligations as they fall due.

COVID-19

In addition to the principal risks and uncertainties disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report and Financial Statements of Vesuvius plc and those noted above specific to this entity, the Group has considered the risks on the Group's liquidity and viability in connection with the Coronavirus pandemic (Covid-19), including those that may be relevant to the Company. The Group enters this uncertain period in a robust financial position, with a strong balance sheet and liquidity position as well as covenant headroom and is acting to conserve cash so that the Group remains well positioned for long term success. Although the full extent of the potential impact on our business, operations and the global economy as a whole is not yet clear, Group management continue to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic as effectively as possible. The COVID-19 pandemic has not materially impacted the Company's financial position or its performance at the date of these financial statements and is estimated to have a minimal impact on the Company particularly in relation to the valuation of investments held. This remains a matter of close attention for the Board

Foseco (UK) Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Brexit

Following the exit of the UK from the EU on 31 January 2020 under the Withdrawal Agreement, the UK is currently subject to a Transition Period which will run until the end of 2020 (unless extended).

Vesuvius has analysed the potential challenges posed by Brexit, including the possibility of a 'no trade deal' situation occurring at the end of 2020, and identified mitigation strategies to address those challenges.

For our customers located in the EU27 countries, most of our products are manufactured by Vesuvius outside the UK, so we would not envisage a material impact from Brexit after the Transition Period. For those customers located in the UK or located in the EU27 and supplied from our UK plant, we have contingency plans and we are working with these customers to meet their needs in a cost-efficient way.

Other principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of Vesuvius plc, and its subsidiary and joint venture companies (the "Group") and are not managed separately. The principal risks and uncertainties of Vesuvius plc, which include those of the Company, can be found in the 2019 Annual Report of Vesuvius plc, which does not form part of this Report.

Approved by the Board on 3 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Geoffroy Godin
Geoffroy Godin (Sep 3, 2020 17:58 GMT+2)

G Godin, Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Certain disclosures required under Companies Act 2006 to be included within the Directors' Report have been presented within the Strategic Report to avoid duplication.

Directors of the company

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing of this Report unless otherwise stated are as follows:

SC Upcott (resigned 21 May 2019)

IJ Lawson (resigned 31 October 2019)

H J Knowles (resigned 1 June 2020)

G Godin (appointed 15 November 2019)

E O Gingell (appointed 15 November 2019)

R S Fell (appointed 1 June 2020)

Dividends

No dividends were paid or recommended during the current and prior year.

Political and charitable donations

The Company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

Directors' indemnity provisions

The ultimate parent company of Foseco (UK) Limited maintains directors' indemnity cover for all Directors.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The Directors confirm that so far as they are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware of.

Post Balance sheet events

The outbreak of COVID-19 accelerated during the first half of 2020. As this event arose after the Company's year-end it is treated as a non-adjusting event for accounting purposes. The Company is a holding investment company and therefore there have been no major operational impacts from COVID-19. The Directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 on performance of the Company's investments and liquidity, as well as in assessing and concluding on the Company's going concern.

There are no other material events after the reporting period to disclose.

Independent auditors

The auditors, Mazars LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 3 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Geoffroy Godin
Geoffroy Godin (Sep 3, 2020 17:58 GMT+2)

G Godin Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), comprising FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101') and applicable law. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foseco (UK) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Foseco (UK) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2019, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on the financial statements

In forming our opinion on the company financial statements, which is not modified, we draw your attention to the directors' view on the impact of the COVID-19 as disclosed on page 2, and the consideration of the going concern basis of preparation on page 13 and non-adjusting post balance sheet events on page 17.

Since the balance sheet date there has been a global pandemic from the outbreak of COVID-19, The potential impact of COVID-19 became significant in March 2020 and is causing widespread disruption to normal patterns of business activity across the world, including the Channel Islands. The full impact following the recent emergence of the COVID-19 is still unknown. It is therefore not currently possible to evaluate all the potential implications to the company and group's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foseco (UK) Limited

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foseco (UK) Limited

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Rrns

Bob Neate (Sep 3, 2020 18:59 GMT+1)

Robert Neate (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

Statement of Profit or Loss for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £ 000	2018 £ 000
Operating profit/(loss) Dividend income from shares in group undertakings	3	- 154	- 158
Interest income from shares in group undertakings		277	-
Profit before tax		431	158
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(1)	<u>-</u>
Profit for the financial year		430	158

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2019

		31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	Note	£ 000	£ 000
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	18,687	18,687
Current assets		•	
Amounts due from group undertakings	6	19,567	19,752
Cash and cash equivalents		55	10
		19,622	19,762
Creditors: Amounts due to group undertakings	8		(570)
Net current assets	_	19,622	19,192
Net assets	· —	38,309	37,879
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	. 1	1
Share premium reserve		35,238	35,238
Retained earnings		3,070	2,640
Total Shareholders' funds	****	38,309	37,879

Approved by the Board on 3 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

G Godin

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total ₤ 000
At 1 January 2019	1	35,238	3 2,640	37,879
Profit for the financial year	_		430	430
Total comprehensive income			- 430	430
At 31 December 2019	1	35,238	3,070	38,309
	Share capital	Share premium £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2018	1	35,238		37,721
Profit for the financial year	_		158	158
Total comprehensive income			- 158	158
At 31 December 2018	1	35,238	3 2,640	37,879

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

Foseco (UK) Limited (the 'Company') is a holding company. The Company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 165 Fleet Street London EC4A 2AE

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Determining the carrying amount of some assets and liabilities requires the estimation of the effect of uncertain future events. The major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities are noted below.

Impairment and valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is determined based on the fair value prepared on the basis of management's assumptions and estimates.

Impairment and classification of intercompany balances

Intercompany balances are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The company applies IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a 12-month expected loss allowance for amounts due from other group companies.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Foseco UK Limited have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101) and the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to Companies using FRS 101. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention apart from financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) which are carried at fair value through the profit or loss.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ('Adopted IFRSs'), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next financial statements.

During the year, we split out the amounts owed by/to group undertakings into non-current and current, to be in line with the expected repayment timeframe.

The Company's parent undertaking, Vesuvius plc includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. Therefore the Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Vesuvius plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from 165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group

Summary of disclosure exemptions

- A Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliation of investments;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

As the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking, Vesuvius plc include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

• Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

Going concern

Details of the impact of COVID-19 are provided in note 11. The Directors of the Company are satisfied that there are no material events or uncertainties that they are aware of which will impact the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Directors consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements of the Company.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and loans to subsidiaries are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Directors regularly review the performance of the business and the external business environment to determine whether there is any indication that the Company's tangible and intangible assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the higher of the value in use and the fair value less costs to sell of the asset is estimated and compared with the carrying value in order to determine the extent, if any, of the impairment loss. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of (i) its fair value less costs to sell and (ii) its value in use. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. An impairment loss recognised in a prior year for an asset other than goodwill may be reversed where there has been a change in the estimates used to measure the asset's recoverable amount since the impairment loss was recognised.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling (£)', which is also the Company's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account under 'Other interest receivable and similar income' and 'Other interest payable and similar charges' respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand sterling pound, unless otherwise stated.

Tax

Tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Profit or Loss Account except to the extent that they relate to items charged or credited in the Statement of Comprehensive Income or Statement of Changes in Equity, in which case the associated tax is also recognised in those statements. In arriving at its current tax charge, the Company also makes careful assessment of the likely impact of tax law changes.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

3 Operating profit

The Company had no employees during the year (2018: nil). The Directors received remuneration of £nil (2018: £nil) in respect of services to the Company during the year. An allocated audit fee was borne by the ultimate parent undertaking, Vesuvius plc, of £2,950 (2018: £3,321).

4 Income tax

The tax on profit before tax for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2018: lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2018: 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2019 £ 000	2018 £ 000
Profit before tax	431	158
Corporation tax at standard rate	82	30
Decrease from effect of revenues exempt from taxation	(29)	(30)
Group relief not claimed	(53)	-
Increase arising from overseas tax suffered	1	-
Total tax charge	1	_

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Following the 2020 Budget announcement, the rate of corporation tax has been held at 19% for financial years 2020 and 2021, despite a previously enacted reduction to the rate of corporation tax to 17% (previously effective 1 April 2020).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

5 Investments	
Subsidiaries	£ 000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2019	18,687
At 31 December 2019	18,687
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2019	18,687
At 31 December 2018	18 687

As with Foseco (UK) Limited, all of the companies listed below have a 31 December year-end.

Foseco (UK) Limited directly owned 100% of the Ordinary share capital of the following companies as at 31 December 2019:

Name of subsidiary	Country	Registered office
Foseco (RUL) Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Overseas Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Steel (UK) Limited	England & Wales	1 Midland Way, Central Park, Barlborough Links, Derbyshire, S43 4XA, United Kingdom

Foseco (UK) Limited indirectly owned 100% of the following companies as at 31 December 2019:

Name of subsidiary	Country	Registered office
Foseco Foundry (China) Limited	China	Room 819, Shekou Zhaoshang building, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China.
Foseco Steel (Holdings) China Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Technology Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Minerals Separation Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Foseco (UK) Limited directly owned a proportion of the Ordinary share capital in the following companies as at 31 December 2019:

Name of subsidiary	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held	Registered office
Foseco India Limited	58%	922/923, Gat, Sanaswadi, Taluka, Shirur, Pune, 412208, India

Foseco (UK) Limited indirectly owned a proportion of the Ordinary share capital in the following companies as at 31 December 2019:

Name of subsidiary	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held	Registered office
Name of Subsidiary	neiu	Registered office
Foseco (FS) Limited	60.13%	1 Midland Way, Central Park, Barlborough Links, Derbyshire, S43 4XA, United Kingdom
Foseco (GB) Limited	60.13%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco (MRL) Limited	60.13%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Holding International Limited	60.13%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Tamworth UK Limited	60.13%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Unicorn Industries Limited	60.13%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
PT Foseco Indonesia	0.48%	Jl. Rawa Gelam 2/5, Kawasan Industri Pulogadung, Jakarta, 13930, Indonesia
PT Foseco Trading Indonesia	0.5%	Jl. Rawa Gelam 2/5, Kawasan Industri Pulogadung, Jakarta, 13930, Indonesia
Foseco Industrial e Comercial Ltda	0.01%	Km 15, Rodovia Raposo Tavares, Butanta Cep, Sao Paulo, 05577-100, Brazil

6 Amounts due from group undertakings

	2019	2018
	£ 000	£ 000
Amounts due from group undertakings	19,567	19,752

Interest on loans from other companies within the Vesuvius Group are interest free from dormant companies and charged on an arm's length basis from non-dormant companies. Repayment dates across all loans are variable and includes loans repayable on demand but can be renewed as required.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
8 Amounts due to group undertakings				
			2019	2018
			£ 000	£ 000
Amounts due to group undertakings			-	570

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent is Foseco Holding Limited. The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Vesuvius plc. These financial statements are available upon request from the Company Secretary, Vesuvius plc, 165 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2AE.

10 Related party transactions

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vesuvius plc, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 101 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Vesuvius plc group.

11 Events after the Balance Sheet date

The outbreak of COVID-19 accelerated during the first half of 2020. As this event arose after the Company's year-end it is treated as a non-adjusting event for accounting purposes. The Company is a holding investment company and therefore there have been no major operational impacts from COVID-19. The Group has considered the risks on the Group's liquidity and viability in connection with the COVID-19, including those that may be relevant to the Company. The Group enters this uncertain period in a robust financial position, with a strong balance sheet and liquidity position as well as covenant headroom and is acting to conserve cash so that the Group remains well positioned for long term success. Although the full extent of the potential impact on our business, operations and the global economy as a whole is not yet clear, Group management continue to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic as effectively as possible. The COVID-19 pandemic has not materially impacted the Company's financial position or its performance at the date of these financial statements, particularly in relation to the valuation of investments held. This remains a matter of close attention for the Board.

There are no other material events after the reporting period to disclose.