Yell Finance Limited Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2008

Company registered number: 04244801

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Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2008

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Company Information

Directors

- J Condron
- J Davis

Secretary

H Rubenstein

Company registered number: 04244801

Registered Office

Queens Walk Oxford Road Reading Berkshire RG1 7PT

Registered Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2008

The directors submit their Annual Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

Results and dividends

The Company's profit for the financial year to 31 March 2008 was £15,857,000 (2007 £15,201,000)

The directors approved the payment of a dividend of £44,000,000(2007 £nil)

Review of business and future developments

Yell Finance Limited (the "Company"), which is an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of Yell Group plc ("Yell Group", the "Group"), operates as an investment company and will continue to do so for the foreseeable future

The Company is an integral part of the Yell Group established for Group financing purposes and does not

- have multiple shareholders
- compete for business
- separately employ individuals
- have suppliers and customers outside the Yell Group
- have a strategy other than to meet its purpose
- have key performance indicators other than its profit or loss

The Company is not faced with substantial risks

The directors consider the result for the year and the financial year end position to be satisfactory

Directors

The directors of the Company are listed on page 2

Directors' remuneration and interests

None of the directors were remunerated for their services as directors of the Company

The interests of John Condron and John Davis, who are also directors of the ultimate parent company, Yell Group plc, are shown in the Annual Report of that company

Directors' report (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Annual Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state that the financial statements comply with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors and disclosure of information to auditors

Elective resolutions to dispense with holding annual general meetings, the laying of accounts before the company in general meeting and the appointment of auditors annually are currently in force. The auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will therefore be deemed to have been reappointed at the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which copies of this report and accounts are sent to members unless a resolution is passed under section 393 of the Companies Act 1985 to the effect that their appointment be brought to an end

As at the date of signing their report, so far as each director was aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985) of which the Group's auditors are unaware. The directors have taken necessary steps to make themselves aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' report (continued)

By order of the Board

H Rubenstein

Company Secretary

3 June 2008

Independent auditors' report to the members of Yell Finance Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Yell Finance Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Change in Shareholders' Equity and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

Independent auditors' report to the members of Yell Finance Limited (continued)

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

London

3 June 2008

Yell Finance Limited Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2008

		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March	31 March
	_	2008	2007
	Notes	£'000	£.000
Finance income	5	22,987	22,239
Finance costs	6	(334)	(523)
Profit before taxation	7	22,653	21,716
Taxation	8	(6,796)	(6,515)
Profit for the financial year		15,857	15,201

Statement of changes in equity

		Share		
	Share	premium	Retained	
	capital	account	earnings	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2006	300,000	20,728	14,565	335,293
Profit for the financial year			15,201	15,201
Balance at 1 April 2007	300,000	20,728	29,766	350,494
Profit for the financial year	-	-	15,857	15,857
Dividends paid in the financial year	-	<u>-</u>	(44,000)	(44,000)
Balance at 31 March 2008	300,000	20,728	1,623	322,351

Balance Sheet at 31 March 2008

	At 31 March	At 31 March
	2008	2007
Notes	£'000	£'000
9	320,728	320,728
9	2,346	44,340
10	(723)	(14,574)
	1,623	29,766
	322,351	350,494
11	300,000	300,000
	20,728	20,728
	1,623	29,766
	322,351	350,494
	9 9 10	Notes 2008 £'000 9 320,728 9 2,346 10 (723) 1,623 322,351 11 300,000 20,728 1,623

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the board of directors on 3 June 2008 and were signed on its behalf by

J Davis Director

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Yell Finance Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2008

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2008	2007
Notes	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash generated from operations	•	-
Interest paid	(859)	-
Interest received	64,983	-
Net cash inflow from operating activities	64,124	
Cash flows from financing actvities		
Loans repaid	(20,124)	-
Dividends paid 12	(44,000)	-
Net Cash outflow from financing actvities	(64,124)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	•
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	-	
Cash generated from operations		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the year	15,857	15,201
Adjustments for:		
Tax	6,796	6,515
Finance income	(22,987)	(22,239)
Finance costs	334	523
Cash generated from operations	<u> </u>	•

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

1. Accounting policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union, and the Companies Act 1985 Accordingly these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Resolution

A summary of the principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets and liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets or liabilities, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. Loans and receivables are classified as trade and other receivables or trade and other payables in the balance sheet.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account deferred taxation where transactions or events give rise to temporary differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and for accounting purposes. Provision is made in full for deferred taxation liabilities. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefit can be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

Standards that have been adopted during the current period

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures and IAS 1 (Amendment) Presentation of Financial Statements - Capital Disclosures (effective from 1 April 2007)

IFRS 7 introduced new disclosures to improve the information about financial instruments. It requires the disclosure of qualitative and quantitative information about exposure to risks arising from financial instruments, including specified minimum disclosures about credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. It replaces IAS30 Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Banks and Similar Financial Institutions, and disclosure requirements in IAS 32 Financial Instruments. Disclosure and Presentation. It is applicable to all entities that report under IFRSs. The amendment to IAS 1 introduces disclosures about the level of an entity's capital and how it manages capital. The Company has applied IFRS 7 and the amendment to IAS 1 from 1 April 2007 and restated comparative figures.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (continued)

2. Financial risk management

The Company is not exposed to any significant financial risks factors. The ultimate parent company of Yell Finance Limited is Yell Group plc and the group's risk management programme is detailed in the risk section of the business review of the Yell Group plc Annual Report.

3. Employee information

The Company has no employees, other than its directors

4. Directors' emoluments

The directors did not receive remuneration for their services to Yell Finance Ltd

5. Finance income	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Interest income (Note 14)	22,987	22,239
6. Finance costs	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Interest expense (Note 14)	334	523

7. Profit before taxation

The auditors' remuneration has been accounted and paid for by Yell Limited, a fellow group company No other fees were paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for non-audit services to the company (2007 £nil)

8. Taxation

The tax charge for the year is equal to the profit before taxation at the standard rate of tax in the UK of 30%

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (continued)

9. Trade and other receivables	At 31 March 2008 £'000	At 31 March 2007 £'000
Non-current loans to related parties (note 14)	320,728	320,728
Current loans to related parties (note 14)	2,346	44,340
Amounts owed by/to related parties are repayable Group plc, and at 31 March 2008 interest is charged		• • • •
10. Trade and other payables	At 31 March 2008 £'000	At 31 March 2007 £'000
Current loans from related parties (note 14)	723	14,574
11. Called up share capital	At 31 March 2008 £'000	At 31 March 2007 £'000
Authorised 400,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	400,000	400,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 300,000,001 ordinary shares of £1 each	300,000	300,000
12. Dividends	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Dividend paid of 14 7p per share	44,000	

13. Contingent liabilities

At 31 March 2008 and 31 March 2007 there were no contingent liabilities or guarantees

Yell Finance Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (continued)

14. Related party transactions and controlling entity

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Yell Holdings 2 Limited and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Yell Group plc, whose financial statements are publicly available A copy of the consolidated financial statements of Yell Group plc can be obtained from the Secretary, Queens Walk, Oxford Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 7PT

The ultimate holding company and controlling party is Yell Group plc

Key management did not receive remuneration for their services to Yell Finance Limited

Details of transactions with other Group undertakings during the years ended 31 March 2008 and 2007 and balances outstanding as at those dates are as follows

Sample S		Year ended	Year ended
£'000 £'000 Finance income Finance income receivable from Yell Limited 22,987 22,239 Year ended 31 March 31 March 2008 2007 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Finance costs At 31 March 2008 2007 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Non-current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 320,728 320,728 Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 2008 2007 2008 2007 2008 2007 E'000 £'000 Current liabilities		31 March	31 March
Pinance income Pinance income receivable from Yell Limited 22,987 22,239		2008	2007
Year ended Year ended 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000		£'000	£'000
Year ended Year ended 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000	Finance income		
31 March 2008 2007	Finance income receivable from Yell Limited	22,987	22,239
2008		Year ended	Year ended
2008			
£'000 £'000 Finance costs Finance costs payable to Yell Holdings 2 Limited 334 523 At 31 March 2008 At 31 March 2008 2007 E'000 £'000 £'000 Non-current assets 320,728 320,728 Current assets At 31 March 2008 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Current liabilities £'000		2008	2007
Finance costs Finance costs payable to Yell Holdings 2 Limited At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 Non-current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2320,728 Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 At 31 March 2008 2007 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 Current liabilities			
At 31 March 2008 2007 2008 2007 2008 2007 2000 £'000 Non-current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 320,728 320,728 Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 2007 2008 2007 2000 Current liabilities	Finance costs		
2008 2007	Finance costs payable to Yell Holdings 2 Limited	334	523
2008 2007		At 31 March	At 31 March
Non-current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 Current liabilities			
Non-current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 Current liabilities	•	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 320,728 320,728 Current assets Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Current liabilities	Non-current assets		
Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Current liabilities		320,728	320,728
Amounts receivable from Yell Limited 2,346 44,340 At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000 Current liabilities	Current assets		
At 31 March 2008 2007 £'000 £'000		2 346	44 340
$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2008 & 2007 \\ & \pounds '000 & \pounds '000 \\ \end{array}$ Current liabilities	iniound toolvade nom ten zimiou		
£'000 £'000 Current liabilities		At 31 March	At 31 March
Current liabilities		2008	2007
		£'000	£'000
Amounts due to Yell Holdings 2 Limited 723 14,574	Current liabilities		
<u> </u>	Amounts due to Yell Holdings 2 Limited	<u>723</u>	14,574

Dividends

A dividend of £44,000,000 was paid to Yell Holdings 2 Limited on 18 March 2008

Yell Finance Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (continued)

15. Liquidity, credit risk and capital management

The Company believes that the financial arrangements with other group companies are sufficient to ensure it can meet any obligations to make debt repayments in the coming year

These financial arrangements are with other group companies all controlled by the same ultimate parent company and as such the Company has no reason to establish any allowance for bad debts for amounts receivable

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entities ability to continue as a going concern. The company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.