COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04240648

WILLOWBROOK (EDUCATION) LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 30 JUNE 2016

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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2016

		2016	}	2015	
FIXED ASSETS	Note 2	£	£ .	£	£
Tangible assets	2	•	480,353		376,796
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		148,949		186,781	
Debtors		289,611		329,733	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,975	·	57,222	
		441,535		573,736	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	3	582,387		558,007	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSE	TS		(140,852)		15,729
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			339,501		392,525
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		93,594		96,322
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			87,701		52,482
			158,206		243,721
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	5		4		4
Profit and loss account			158,202		243,717
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			,158,206		243,721
					

For the year ended 30 June 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 23 March 2017.

Mr A P Wells Director

Company Registration Number: 04240648

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Improvements
Plant & Machinery

Over the life of the lease 15% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes, where appropriate, production and other direct overheads.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability. The interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease at a constant proportion of the outstanding balance of capital repayments.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Operating lease rentals are charged to profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences.

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WILLOWBROOK (EDUCATION) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 July 2015 Additions Disposals	692,788 278,222 (159,684)
At 30 June 2016	811,326
DEPRECIATION At 1 July 2015 Charge for year On disposals	315,992 84,921 (69,940)
At 30 June 2016	330,973
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 June 2016	480,353
At 30 June 2015	376,796

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

oompany.	2016	2015
	£	£
Hire purchase and finance agreements	52,367	46,811

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Hire purchase and finance agreements	67,279	36,656

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	4	4	4	4
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