Rule 4.223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

Form 4.68

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use			

Company Number 4236644

Name of Company

(a) GHK ASSET MANAGEMENT LIMITED

(a) Insert full name of Company

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/ (b) PAUL J FLEMING
PARKIN S BOOTH & CO
44 OLD HALL STREET
LIVERPOOL
L3 9EB

the Liquidator(s) of the Company attach a copy of my Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Presenter's name, Address and reference (1f,any) Signed Date 9TH JANUARY 2008

Parkin S Booth & Co. 44 Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9EB



Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

GHK ASSET MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Company's registered number

4236644

State whether Members' or Creditors' Voluntary Winding-Up

MEMBERS

Date of commencement of Winding-Up

29TH JUNE 2006

Date to which this Statement if brought down

28TH DECEMBER 2007

Name and address of Liquidator

P J FLEMING

44 OLD HALL STREET LIVERPOOL L3 9EB

Notes

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the Registrar of Companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the Liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the Company. The Statement of realisation should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to Creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payments must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the Liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the Liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to Creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the Liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each Creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each Creditor, or contributory
- \S (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the Statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account
- ^E(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of Liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the Liquidation Committee or of the Creditors or of the Company in general meeting, or by order of the Court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's Statement of Account Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

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Date	Of Whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	AMOUNT £
2007		Brought forward	11,790 43
OCT 26	BARCLAYS BANK	GROSS INTEREST TO 2 9 07	2 14
DEC 14	BARCLAYS BANK	GROSS INTEREST TO 2 12 07	2 20
DEC 14	ISA	GROSS INTEREST TO 1 10 07	374 16
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		* Carried forward	12,168 93

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Liquidator's Statement of Account Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

DISBURSEMENTS				
Date	To Whom Paid	Nature of Disbursements	AMOUNT	
2007		Duought Compand	£ 533 61	
OCT 26	BARCLAYS BANK	Brought forward TAX ON INTEREST	533 61 42	
DEC 14	BARCLAYS BANK	TAX ON INTEREST	44	
DEC 14	ISA	TAX ON INTEREST	74 83	
DEC 14	ISA	BANKING FEE 1 7 07	20 00	
DEC 14	ISA	BANKING FEE 1 10 07	20 00	
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		*		
		Carried forward	649 30	

ANALYSIS OF BALANCE

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			£	
	Total Realisations		12,168	93
	Total Disbursements		649	30
		Balance £	11,519	63
The Balance	is made up as follows -			
1	Cash in hands of Liquidator			
2	Balance at Bank		274	03
•				
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account	£	11,245	60
*4	Amounts invested by Liquidator			
	Less The cost of investments realised			
	Balance			
	Dalance			
	Total Balance as shown above	£	11,519	63

(Note - full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement)

The Liquidator should also state:-

WITHIN 6 MONTHS

' (5)

(1)	The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of	the winding-up -
	Assets (after deducting amounts charged to Secured Creditors – including the Holders of Floating Charges) Liabilities – Fixed Charge Creditors Floating Charge Holders Unsecured Creditors	510,365 - - 317,871
(3)	The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding-up - Paid up in cash Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet) NONE Why the winding-up cannot yet be concluded AGREEMENT OF PRE-LIQUIDATION TAXATION	- -

The period within which the winding-up is expected to be completed

^{*}The investment or deposit of money by the Liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations