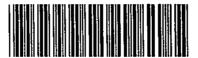
Company Registration No. 04223247 (England and Wales)

CHATHAM FINANCIAL EUROPE, LTD DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors David Hall

Mark Battistoni

Company number 04223247

Registered office PO Box 698

2nd Floor Titchfield House 69-85 Tabernacle Street

London EC2A 4RR

Auditors The Gallagher Partnership LLP

69/85 Tabernacle Street

London EC2A 4RR

Business address 16 Garrick Street

London WC2E 9BA

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is to advise on, arrange and assist clients in multiple facets of corporate and structured finance, including identifying interest rate and currency risks and implementing strategies to mitigate those risks. The company is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors who expect continued growth in the foreseeable future

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7

It is proposed that the retained profit of £909,433 is transferred to reserves

Pıllar III Disclosure - Scope and application of the requirements

The Company is governed by its Directors ('the Board') who determine its business strategy and risk appetite. They are also responsible for establishing and maintaining the Company's governance arrangements along with designing and implementing a risk management framework that recognises and manages the risks that the business faces. The Board meet on a regular basis and discuss profitability, cash flow, regulatory capital management, and business planning and risk management. The Board manages the Company's risks through a framework of policies and procedures having regard to relevant laws, standards, principles and rules (including FSA principles and rules) with the aim to operate a defined and transparent risk management framework.

The Board have identified that reputational, operational and credit risks are the areas of risk to which the Company may be exposed. Annually the Board formally review the risks, controls and other risk mitigation arrangements and assesses their effectiveness. Where the Board identify material risks they consider the financial impact of these risks as part of business planning and capital management and concludes whether the amount of regulatory capital is adequate. The general objective is to develop systems and controls to mitigate risk to a level that does not require the allocation of Pillar 2 capital.

The Company is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority and as such it is subject to minimum regulatory capital requirements. The Company is small with a simple operational infrastructure. The Company is a BIPRU €50k limited licence firm registered with the FSA (FRN No. 197251) and lodges its financial statements with Companies House.

It is the Company's experience that the capital requirement of the Company is the fixed overhead requirement and not the sum of market and credit risk. For the purpose of this calculation disclosures relating to market and credit are therefore considered to be immaterial in consideration in the assessment of the business.

As at the 31 December 2011 the Company had £3,596,000 of capital with a FOR of £895,000, and therefore the Company has substantial excess resources over its regulatory capital requirements

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Description of principal risks and uncertainties

Financial risk management relates to risk to the company in respect of its own assets and liabilities. The company has very limited exposure to financial instruments in respect of its own assets and liabilities. They include cash deposits and trade receivables and payables.

The main risks arising from financial instruments are foreign currency risk, and limited exposure to interest rate risk, liquidity risk, and credit risk. Each of these risks is discussed in detail below

Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss, or damaged reputation resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events including legal and compliance risks. Operational risks are inherent in all activities within the organisation, and in all interaction with external parties. The company monitors operational risk through internal controls.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of a loss occurring due to the financial failure of a client, counterparty or bank of the company to meet their contractual debt obligations. The company manages credit risk to which it is exposed through the application of credit limits which are monitored on a regular basis by Senior Management.

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk with regard to holding in cash. All cash holdings are at variable rates. The company does not have any borrowings and surplus funds are placed on short term deposits.

Liquidity risk

It is the company's policy to ensure that it has sufficient access to funds to cover all forecast committed requirements for the next 12 months

The company finances its operations through share capital and retained earnings. Surplus funds are placed on deposit with highly rated banks.

Foreign currency risk

The company holds cash balances in US dollars and Euros, earns fees in US dollars and Euros and holds non-Sterling denominated current asset investments. Foreign exchange risk is managed by ensuring non-Sterling receipts are converted to Sterling on a need basis.

The following table shows the company's currency exposures at 31 December 2011 on currency transactions that give rise to the net currency gains and losses recognised in the profit and loss account. Such exposures comprise the monetary assets and liabilities of the company that are not denominated in the functional currency of the operating company.

Net foreign currency monetary assets

US Dollars Euros £779,935 £2,867,105

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2011

David Hall

Mark Battistoni

Charitable donations	2011 £	2010 £
During the year the company made the following payments Charitable donations	92	3,907

Auditors

In accordance with the Company's Articles, a resolution proposing that The Gallagher Partnership LLP be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put at a General Meeting

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

On behalf of the board

Mark Batt

Mark Battistoni
Director

5 April 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CHATHAM FINANCIAL EUROPE, LTD

We have audited the financial statements of Chatham Financial Europe, Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2011 set out on pages 7 to 18 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1 - 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CHATHAM FINANCIAL EUROPE, LTD

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Initiaz Arian (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of The Gallagher Partnership LLP

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors

69/85 Tabernacle Street

19 April 2012

London

EC2A 4RR

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

		2011	2010
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	5,468,326	4,836,205
Administrative expenses		(4,227,812)	(3,343,479)
Operating profit	3	1,240,514	1,492,726
Other interest receivable and similar			
income	4	-	269
Interest payable and similar charges	5	-	(1,596)
Profit on ordinary activities before			
taxation		1,240,514	1,491,399
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(331,081)	(419,841)
Profit for the year	15	909,433	1,071,558
		<u> </u>	

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

			2011		010
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		47,272		45,892
Current assets					
Debtors	9	502,991		729,855	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,838,791		2,853,964	
		4,341,782		3,583,819	
Creditors. amounts falling due within one year	10	(752,893)		(884,875)	
Net current assets			3,588,889		2,698,944
Total assets less current liabilities			3,636,161		2,744,836
Accruals and deferred income	12		(39,238)		(57,346)
			3,596,923		2,687,490
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		500,000		500,000
Profit and loss account	15		3,096,923		2,187,490
Shareholders' funds	16		3,596,923		2,687,490

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 5 April 2012

Mark Battistoni Director

Company Registration No 04223247

Ward Botto

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

£	2011 £	£	2010 £
	1,416,242		1,609,714
-		269	
-		(1,596)	
	-		(1,327)
	(405,143)		(443,362)
(26,272)		(42,275)	
	(26,272)		(42,275)
	-		(1,028,615)
	984,827		94,135
	984,827		94,135
		£ £ 1,416,242	£ £ £ 1,416,242 - 269 (1,596) - (405,143) (26,272)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from activities	n operating	2011	2010
			£	£
	Operating profit		1,240,514	1,492,726
	Depreciation of tangible assets		24,892	50,953
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors		218,606	(70,891)
	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors within one year		(49,662)	155,034
	Movement on deferred rent provision		(18,108)	(18,108)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,416,242	1,609,714
2	Analysis of net funds	1 January 2011	Cash flow	31 December 2011
		£	£	2011 £
	Net cash	L	L	T.
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,853,964	984,827	3,838,791
	Bank deposits	-	_	-
	Net funds	2,853,964	984,827	3,838,791
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net fund	ls	2011	2010
			£	£
	Increase in cash in the year		984,827	94,135
	Movement in net funds in the year		984,827	94,135
	Opening net funds		2,853,964	2,759,829
	Closing net funds		3,838,791	2,853,964

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1 Accounting policies

A summary of principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, is set out below

11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated)

13 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable services provided in the normal course of business. Revenue is recoganised in line with accrual accounting based on fees received for services provided during the year

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Land and buildings Leasehold

Over the period of the lease

Plant and machinery

over 3 years

Computer equipment

over 3 years

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

over 4 years

15 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.6 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.7 Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at the current rates

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.8 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1 Accounting policies

(continued)

1.9 Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

3	Operating profit	2011	2010
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	24,892	50,953
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	128,646	-
	Operating lease rentals	129,737	128,372
	and after crediting		
	Profit on foreign exchange transactions	-	(24,411)
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	10,680	11,475
	Taxation & other services	3,660	3,720
		14,340	15,195
4	Investment income	2011	2010
		£	£
	Bank interest	-	269
			269

5	Interest payable	2011 £	2010 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts		1,596
6	Taxation	2011	2010
	Domestic current year toy	£	£
	Domestic current year tax U K corporation tax	322,823	414,142
	Total current tax	322,823	414,142
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax charge/credit current year	8,258	5,699
		331,081	419,841
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,240,514	1,491,399
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of		
	UK corporation tax of 26 00% (2010 - 28 00%)	322,534	417,592
	Effects of		
	Non deductible expenses	1,336	626
	Depreciation add back	6,472	14,267
	Capital allowances	(12,869)	(19,966)
	Adjustment regarding pensions - deductible on a paid basis Change in rate of corporation tax during the year	(658) 6,008	1,623 -
		289	(3,450)
	Current tax charge for the year	322,823	414,142
			
7	Dividends	2011 £	2010 £
		L	r.
	Ordinary final paid	-	1,028,615

8	Tangible fixed assets				
		Land and buildings Leasehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings &	Total
		Leasenoid £	£	equipment £	£
	Cost	~	~	~	~
	At 1 January 2011	61,719	258,190	128,231	448,140
	Additions	5,325	17,856	3,091	26,272
	Disposals		(4,306)	<u> </u>	(4,306)
	At 31 December 2011	67,044	271,740	131,322	470,106
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2011	58,418	220,880	122,950	402,248
	On disposals	-	(4,306)	-	(4,306)
	Charge for the year	3,068	18,964	2,860	24,892
	At 31 December 2011	61,486	235,538	125,810	422,834
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2011	5,558	36,202	5,512	47,272
	At 31 December 2010	3,301	37,310	5,281	45,892
9	Debtors			2011	2010
				£	£
	Trade debtors			363,576	607,904
	Other debtors			10,106	11,923
	Prepayments and accrued income			117,902	90,363
	Deferred tax asset (see note 11)			11,407	19,665
				502,991	729,855

	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2011 £	2010 £
	Trade creditors	, 3,775	14,088
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	242,563	287,405
	Corporation tax	76,824	159,144
	Other taxes and social security costs	233,153	239,235
	Accruals and deferred income	196,578	185,003
		752,893	884,875
1	Provisions for liabilities		
	The deferred tax asset (included in debtors, note 9) is made up as follows.		
	ioliows.	2011	
		£	
	Balance at 1 January 2011	(19,665)	
	Profit and loss account	8,258	
	Balance at 31 December 2011	(11,407)	
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Decelerated capital allowances	(11,407)	
2	Decelerated capital allowances Accruals and deferred income		(19,665) ————
2		(11,407)	(19,665)
2		(11,407)	(19,665)
2	Accruals and deferred income Balance at 1 January 2011	(11,407)	(19,665) eferred rent £ 57,346
2	Accruals and deferred income	(11,407)	(19,665) eferred rent

13	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	47,854	50,386
14	Share capital	2011 £	2010 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	~
	500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000
15	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 January 2011 Profit for the year		2,187,490 909,433
	Balance at 31 December 2011		3,096,923
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2011 £	2010 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividends	909,433	1,071,558 (1,028,615)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	909,433	42,943
	Opening shareholders' funds	2,687,490	2,644,547
	Closing shareholders' funds	3,596,923	2,687,490

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

17 Financial commitments

At 31 December 2011 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 December 2012

		Land and bu	ıldıngs
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Operating leases which expire		
	Within one year	9,967	9,360
	Between two and five years	118,400	118,400
		128,367	127,760
18	Directors' remuneration	2011 £	2010 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	316,090	278,152
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director		
	Remuneration for qualifying services	316,090	278,152

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

19 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the vear was

,	2011 Number	2010 Number
Operations & marketing	11	11
Administration	2	2
	13	13
		=====
Employment costs	2011	2010
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,523,009	1,272,163
Social security costs	194,068	186,181
Other pension costs	47,854	50,386
	1,764,931	1,508,730
	=====	

20 Control

The ultimate parent company is Chatham Financial Corporation, a company registered in the state of Pennsylvania, USA

21 Related party relationships and transactions

During the year the company expensed costs amounting to £947,455 (2010 - £514,628) charged by the parent company for IT and other services. At the balance sheet date the company had an amount payable to the parent company of £116,602 (2010 - £181,424)

During the year the company expensed costs amounting to £555,934 (2010 - £709,793) charged by Chatham Financial Sp Z o o , a fellow subsidiary company registered in Poland. At the balance sheet date the company had an amount payable of £47,649 (2010 - £105,156) to Chatham Financial Sp Z o o

At the balance sheet date the company had an amount payable of £78,312 to Chatham Capital Advisors, a fellow subsidiary company registered in the USA