INSIGHT MEDICAL WRITING LIMITED

Company No: 4214826

The Companies Acts 1985 and 1989

On the 1046 day of May 2006 the following resolutions in writing (such resolutions to have effect as special resolutions) were duly passed by all the Members for the time being of the above-named Company entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at General Meetings, pursuant to section 381A of the Companies Act 1985 as amended by the Companies Act 1989,:

Special Resolutions

"That the regulations set forth in the printed document attached hereto and for the purposes of identification marked with an "A" be approved and adopted as the articles of association of the company, in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, all existing articles thereof."

Chairman

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COMPANIES HOUSE 05/07/2006

"A"

The Companies Acts 1985 and 1989

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

INSIGHT MEDICAL WRITING LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

- (a) Subject as hereinafter provided, the Regulations contained in Table A of the Companies
 (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (hereinafter referred to as "Table A"),
 and made pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (hereinafter referred
 to as "The Act") and the Companies Act 1989 (hereinafter referred to as the "1989
 Act") shall apply to the Company.
 - (b) Regulations 24, 35, 40, 62, 73, 74, 75, 77 to 81 (inclusive), 94 to 98 (inclusive), 111 and 112 of Table A shall not apply to the Company.
 - (c) The expressions "relevant securities" and "equity securities", wheresoever appearing herein, shall bear the meanings ascribed to them by The Act.
 - (d) "communication" means the same as in the Electronic Communications Act 2000.
 - (e) "electronic communication" means the same as in the Electronic Communication Act 2000.
 - (f) "executed" includes any mode of execution.

SHARES

2. (a) The present share capital of the company is £1,000 divided into 100 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each and 900 "B" Ordinary shares of £1 each. The shares of the said classes shall rank pari passu as one class in all respects save as follows:-



As regards dividends

The profits of the Company available for dividend and resolved to be distributed in respect of each financial year or other period of the Company shall be applied first in payment of dividends to the holders of the "A" Ordinary Shares but so that the gross amount so paid in respect of each financial year or other period shall not exceed £100 and the balance if any of such profits shall be distributed by way of dividend as to nineteen-twentieths to the holders of the "B" Ordinary shares and as to one-twentieth to the holders of the "A" ordinary shares

- (b) Subject to the provisions of Table A and to the following provisions of these Articles, the Directors shall have authority to exercise any power of the Company to offer, allot or otherwise dispose of any shares in the Company, or any relevant securities, to such persons, at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as they think proper provided that (insofar as the Company in General Meeting shall not have varied, renewed or revoked the said authority):
 - (i) The Directors shall not be authorised to make any offer or allotment of shares in the Company, or grant any right to subscribe for, or to convert any securities into, shares in the Company if such allotment, or an allotment in pursuance of such offer or right, would or might result in the aggregate of the shares or stock in issue exceeding, in nominal value, the amount of the Authorised Share Capital of the Company for the time being, and such limitation shall determine the maximum amount of the relevant securities which at any time remain to be allotted by the Directors hereunder.
 - (ii) The period within which the said authority to allot relevant securities may be exercised shall be limited to five years, commencing upon the date of incorporation of the Company.
- (c) Any offer or agreement in respect of relevant securities, which is made prior to the expiration of such authority and in all other respects within the terms of such authority, shall be authorised to be made, notwithstanding that such offer or agreement would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after the expiration of such authority and, accordingly, the Directors may at any time allot any relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement.
- (d) The authority conferred upon the Directors to allot relevant securities may at any time, by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting, be revoked, varied or renewed (whether or not it has been previously renewed hereunder) for a further period not exceeding five years.
- 3. Section 89(1) and Section 90(1) to (6) of The Act shall not apply to any allotment of equity securities by the Company. The shares comprised in the initial allotment by the Company shall be at the disposal of the Directors as they think proper but thereafter, unless otherwise determined by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting, any relevant securities shall, before they are allotted on any terms to any person, be first offered on the same or more favourable terms to each person who holds shares in the Company in the proportion

which is, as nearly as practicable, equal to the proportion in nominal value held by him of the aggregate of such shares in issue.

Such offer shall be made by notice to the members specifying the number of shares offered and the period, being not less than twenty one days, within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined. After the expiration of such period, or on receipt of notice of the acceptance or refusal of every offer so made, the Directors may, subject to these Articles, dispose of such securities as have not been taken up in such manner as they think proper. The Directors may, in like manner, dispose of any such securities as aforesaid, which by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to such offer as aforesaid or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same, cannot in the opinion of the Directors be conveniently offered in the manner hereinbefore provided.

- 4. (a) No share shall be issued at a discount.
 - (b) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.
 - (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.
- 5. Subject to the provisions of The Act and the 1989 Act:
 - (a) The Company may purchase any of its own shares, provided that the terms of any contract under which the Company will or may become entitled or obliged to purchase its own shares shall be authorised by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting before the Company enters into the contract.
 - (b) The Company shall be authorised, in respect of the redemption or purchase of any of its own shares, to give such financial assistance, or to make such payments out of capital as may be permissible in accordance with The Act, provided that any such assistance or payment shall first be approved by Special Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.
 - (c) The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its Share Capital and any capital redemption reserve or share premium account in any manner authorised by law.

LIEN

6. In Regulation 8 of Table A, the words "(not being a fully paid share)" shall be omitted. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on all shares standing registered in the name of any person (whether he be the sole registered holder thereof or one of two or more joint holders) for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

7. The Directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register any transfer of any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 8. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the Directors and auditors, the election of Directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors. In Regulation 38 of Table A, immediately after the words "place of the meeting and" there shall be inserted the words "in the case of special business".
- 9. At the end of Regulation 38 of Table A there shall be inserted the following: "In every notice of a general meeting there shall appear the statement referred to in Section 372(3) of The Act, in relation to the right of a member to appoint proxies".
- 10. (a) No business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless a quorum is present. Two members entitled to attend and vote at that Meeting, present in person, or by proxy or (in the case of a corporation) a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum. If and so long as the Company shall have one member only, that person alone present in person or by proxy or by a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum and in such instance, a proxy for a sole member shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands and Regulation 54 of Table A shall be deemed to be amended accordingly. At the end of Regulation 41 of Table A there shall be inserted the following: "If within half an hour from the time appointed for the holding of an adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, the members present shall be a quorum".
 - (b) At the end of Regulation 57 of Table A there shall be inserted the following "except when he is the sole member".
 - (c) In Regulation 59 of Table A, the second sentence shall be omitted.
- 11. The appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors may:

in the case of an instrument in writing be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or

(a) in the case of an appointment contained in an electronic communication, where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving electronic communications –

- (i) in the notice convening the meeting, or
- (ii) in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting, or
- (iii) in any invitation contained in an electronic communication to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting, be received at such address not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote;
- (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited or received as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any Director;

and an appointment of proxy which is not deposited, delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid. In this Article and the next, "address", in relation to electronic communications, includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

- 12. Subject to the provisions of The Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being a corporation by their representative) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held.
- 13. In addition to any other manner in which the member or members of the Company are authorised under The Act to reach and record their decisions in relation to the Company, a member who is for the time being the sole member of the Company shall be entitled to take any decision which may be taken by the Company in general meeting and such decision shall have effect as if agreed by the Company in general meeting, subject as hereinafter follows:
 - (a) A decision taken by virtue of this clause shall be notified to the Company within seven days of the date on which it was taken, failing which such decision shall be invalid and of no effect.
 - (b) Any resolution of a kind described below shall not be capable of being passed by virtue of the procedure described in this clause:
 - (i) any resolution, which if passed at a general meeting, would need to be passed as a Special Resolution or Extraordinary Resolution;
 - (ii) any resolution to change the terms of appointment of the officers or auditors;
 - (iii) any resolution requiring special notice.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 14. The first Directors will be the person or persons named in the statement delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with Section 10 of The Act. The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- 15. In addition and without prejudice to the provisions of Section 303 of The Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office. Subject to the provisions of Table A and Section 303(2) of The Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director. In Regulation 38 of Table A the words "or a resolution appointing a person as a Director" shall be omitted.
- 16. The office of a Director shall be vacated if:
 - (a) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Acts or he becomes prohibited by law from being a Director; or
 - (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and, in relation thereto, he is admitted to hospital for treatment or an order is made by any court having jurisdiction in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs;
 - (d) he resigns his office by notice to the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 17. (a) If and so long as there shall be one Director only he shall be entitled to exercise all the powers and shall carry out all the duties assigned to Directors and the provisions of these Articles and the regulations of Table A shall be construed accordingly. In such instance, the word "one" shall be substituted in place of the word "two" in the first sentence of Regulation 89 of Table A.
 - (b) In Regulation 64 of Table A for the word "two" there shall be substituted the word "one".
- 18. An appointment or removal of an alternate Director may be effected at any time by notice to the Company given by his appointor. An alternate Director may also be removed from his office by not less than twenty four hours' notice to the Company and to the appointor given by a majority of his co-Directors. This Article shall have effect in substitution for Regulation 68 of Table A which shall not apply to the Company.

19. Any Director or his alternate may validly participate in a meeting of the Directors or a committee of Directors through the medium of conference telephone or similar form of communication equipment provided that all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout the meeting. A person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall accordingly be counted in a quorum and be entitled to vote. Subject to The Act, all business transacted in such manner by the Directors or a committee of the Directors shall for the purposes of the Articles be deemed to be validly and effectively transacted at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors notwithstanding that fewer than two Directors or alternate Directors are physically present at the same place. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the Chairman of the meeting then is.

BORROWING POWERS

20. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and, subject to Section 80 of The Act, to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS

21. A Director may vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he, or any person with whom he is connected, is interested and be counted in the quorum present at any meeting of the Directors or, if otherwise so entitled, at any General Meeting of the Company at which any such contract or arrangement is proposed or considered, and if he shall so vote, his vote shall be counted.

MINUTES

22. In addition to the requirements of Regulation 100 of Table A the Directors shall cause a written record to be made in the minute book of all decisions taken by a sole member under the provisions of these Articles.

INDEMNITY

23. Subject to the provisions of Sections 309A and 310 of The Act, and in addition to such indemnity as is contained in Regulation 118 of Table A, every Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred by him in or about the execution and discharge of the duties of his office and the Company may purchase and maintain for any Director, Secretary, officer or auditor insurance against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to any such person in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.

NOTICES

- 24. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles (other than a notice calling a meeting of the Directors) shall be in writing or shall be given using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person giving the notice.
 - In this Article, "address", in relation to electronic communications, includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.
- 25. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by giving it using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified to the company by the member. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him, or an address to which notices may be sent using electronic communications, shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

In this Article and the next, "address", in relation to electronic communications, includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

26. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Proof that a notice contained in an electronic communication was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or, in the case of a notice contained in an electronic communication, at the expiration of 48 hours after the time it was sent. Regulation 115 shall be deemed to be amended accordingly.