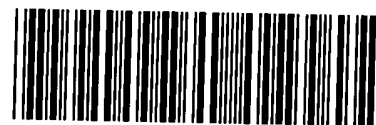


Company Registration No. 04211680 (England and Wales)

33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017
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COMPANIES HOUSE

Riley⁺
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
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33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	A Munton S Benton M Hastie
Secretary	S Benton
Company number	04211680
Registered office	33 Connaught Avenue Mutley Plymouth Devon PL4 7BT
Accountants	Riley 51 North Hill Plymouth PL4 8HZ
Business address	33 Connaught Avenue Mutley Plymouth Devon PL4 7BT

33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

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33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MAY 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Current assets					
Debtors	2	180		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,610		1,440	
		<u>1,790</u>		<u>1,440</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(1,192)		(1,174)	
Net current assets			598		266
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		6		6
Profit and loss reserves			592		260
Total equity			<u>598</u>		<u>266</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 May 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 January 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:



A Munton
Director

Company Registration No. 04211680

33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

33 Connaught Avenue Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 33 Connaught Avenue, Mutley, Plymouth, Devon, PL4 7BT.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2017 are the first financial statements of 33 Connaught Avenue Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 June 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	180	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Other creditors	1,192	1,174
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

33 CONNAUGHT AVENUE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

4 Called up share capital

	2017	2016
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
6 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	6	6
	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>

Alan Munton.