

A3 FOODS LIMITED

**Company Registration Number:
04207998 (England and Wales)**

Unaudited abridged accounts for the year ended 31 March 2021

Period of accounts

Start date: 01 April 2020

End date: 31 March 2021

A3 FOODS LIMITED

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A3 FOODS LIMITED

Balance sheet

As at 31 March 2021

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets:	3	35,250	40,557
Total fixed assets:		<u>35,250</u>	<u>40,557</u>
Current assets			
Stocks:		195,403	145,707
Debtors:		86,160	59,382
Cash at bank and in hand:		49,647	17,209
Total current assets:		<u>331,210</u>	<u>222,298</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:		(177,932)	(127,351)
Net current assets (liabilities):		<u>153,278</u>	<u>94,947</u>
Total assets less current liabilities:		188,528	135,504
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:		(53,134)	(17,761)
Provision for liabilities:		(3,912)	(4,925)
Total net assets (liabilities):		<u>131,482</u>	<u>112,818</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital:		100	100
Profit and loss account:		131,382	112,718
Shareholders funds:		<u>131,482</u>	<u>112,818</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

A3 FOODS LIMITED

Balance sheet statements

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A).

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have chosen to not file a copy of the company's profit & loss account.

**This report was approved by the board of directors on 24 June 2021
and signed on behalf of the board by:**

Name: Mr J C Wilson
Status: Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

A3 FOODS LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

1. Accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A (Small Entities) of Financial Reporting Standard 102

Turnover policy

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services net of VAT.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases: Leasehold improvements 10% straight line; Fixtures, fittings and equipment 20% straight line; Computer equipment 33.33% straight line; Motor vehicle 20% straight line. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to the profit and loss account.

Valuation and information policy

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

Other accounting policies

Financial instruments The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. **Basic financial assets** Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised. **Basic financial liabilities** Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. **Taxation** The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. **Current tax** The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date. **Deferred tax** Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

2. Employees

	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
Average number of employees during the period	4	4

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

3. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
At 01 April 2020	179,530
Additions	4,560
At 31 March 2021	<u>184,090</u>
Depreciation	
At 01 April 2020	138,973
Charge for year	9,867
At 31 March 2021	<u>148,840</u>
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	<u>35,250</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>40,557</u>

A3 FOODS LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

4. Related party transactions

Name of the related party:

Relationship:

Related party company

Description of the Transaction:

Amounts due in the normal course of trading.

£

Balance at 01 April 2020

40,651

Balance at 31 March 2021

78,001

Name of the related party:

Relationship:

Director

Description of the Transaction:

This loan was provided interest free by the director.

£

Balance at 01 April 2020

38,121

Balance at 31 March 2021

3,134

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