Company registration number: 04201170

34SP.COM Limited

Unaudited financial statements

30 April 2017

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Directors and other information

Directors Mr D Foster

Mr S Melling Mr D Randall

Company number 04201170

Registered office 349 Bury Old Road

Prestwich Manchester M25 1PY

Business address Unit 9 4th floor

37 Turner Street Manchester M4 1DW

Accountants Warents Feingold & Co

349 Bury Old Road

Prestwich Manchester M25 1PY

Statement of financial position 30 April 2017

	2017			2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					-
Tangible assets	5	248,969		227,372	
			248,969		227,372
Current assets				. •	
Debtors	6	283,386		261,871	•
Cash at bank and in hand		86,065		88,690	
		369,451		350,561	
Creditors: amounts falling due	•			·	
within one year	7	(317,578)		(153,417)	
Net current assets			51,873		197,144
Total assets less current liabilities			300,842		424,516
Net assets			300,842		424,516
Het dosets					====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			300,742		424,416
Shareholders funds			300,842		424,516

For the year ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 April 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 August 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr D Foster

Director

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 30 April 2017

	Called up share	Profit and loss	Total
	capital £	account £	£
At 1 May 2015	100	400,985	401,085
(Loss)/profit for the year		23,431	23,431
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	23,431	23,431
At 30 April 2016 and 1 May 2016	100	424,416	424,516
(Loss)/profit for the year		(103,674)	(103,674)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(103,674)	(103,674)
Dividends paid and payable		(20,000)	(20,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		(20,000)	(20,000)
At 30 April 2017	100	300,742	300,842

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 April 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 349 Bury Old Road, Prestwich, Manchester, M25 1PY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Dépreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic-life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Loss/profit before taxation

Depreciation of tangible assets

Loss/profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

2016	2017
£	£
40,124	43,936

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

5. Tangible assets Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
$oldsymbol{t}_{i}$, which is the state of	£
Cost At 1 May 2016 668,729 Additions 65,533	668,729 65,533
At 30 April 2017 734,262	734,262
Depreciation 441,357 At 1 May 2016 443,936 Charge for the year 43,936	441,357 43,936
At 30 April 2017 485,293	485,293
Carrying amount At 30 April 2017 248,969	248,969
At 30 April 2016 227,372	227,372
6. Debtors	
2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors 74,474	65,226
Other debtors 208,912	196,645
283,386 ————————————————————————————————————	261,871 =======
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
2017	2016
£ 105.704	£ 65,013
Bank loans and overdrafts 195,704 Trade creditors 34,776	25,233
Corporation tax	1,462
Social security and other taxes 60,169	39,856
Other creditors 26,929	21,853
317,578	153,417

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

Balance	Balance
brought	brought
forward and	forward and
o/standing	o/standing
2017	2016
£	£
3,000	3,000

Mr D Foster

9. Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transaction	value E	Balance owed by/(owed to)		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
·	£	£	£	£	
34SP.COM (Property) Ltd	21,598	21,642	199,871	178,273	

The directors and shareholders are also directors and shareholders of 34SP.COM (Property) Ltd.

10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.