

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 4194737

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	849	1,134
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	17,873	35,410
Cash at bank and in hand	7	14,695	17,050
		<u>32,568</u>	<u>52,460</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(32,782)	(35,958)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		<u>(214)</u>	<u>16,502</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>635</u>	<u>17,636</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	10	(162)	(215)
		<u>(162)</u>	<u>(215)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>473</u></u>	<u><u>17,421</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	400	400
Profit and loss account		73	17,021
		<u><u>473</u></u>	<u><u>17,421</u></u>

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 4194737

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

T S Wood
Director

Date: 16 June 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Revenue

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

1.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

1.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment	- 25% reducing balance
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

1.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

1.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

1.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

1.12 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2. General information

Herons Head Dynamics Limited is a limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The Company's registered office address is The Stables, Little Coldharbour Farm, Tong Lane, Lamberhurst, Tunbridge Wells, Kent, TN3 8AD.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2019 - 4).

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4. Taxation

	2020 £	2019 £
Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	25,337	26,277
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(53)	(73)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	<u>25,284</u>	<u>26,204</u>

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2019 - *higher than*) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2020 £	2019 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>132,836</u>	<u>137,741</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	25,239	26,171
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	44	34
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	54	72
Other timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in taxation	(53)	(73)
Total tax charge for the year	<u>25,284</u>	<u>26,204</u>

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2019	2,600
At 31 March 2020	2,600
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2019	1,466
Charge for the year on owned assets	284
At 31 March 2020	1,750
Net book value	
At 31 March 2020	850
At 31 March 2019	1,134

6. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	17,160	3,900
Directors' loan account	569	31,510
Prepayments	144	-
	<u>17,873</u>	<u>35,410</u>

Included within debtors due within one year are loans to the directors, T S Wood and C Wood, amounting to £569 (2019 - £31,510). The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £31,510 (2019 - £31,510). Interest is being charged at the Official Rate of Interest. The directors intend to repay the loans in full by 31 December 2020.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020 £	2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>14,695</u>	<u>17,050</u>

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	380	-
Corporation tax	25,482	26,277
Other taxation and social security	5,990	8,752
Other creditors	80	79
Accruals and deferred income	850	850
	<u>32,782</u>	<u>35,958</u>

9. Financial instruments

	2020 £	2019 £
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>14,695</u>	<u>17,050</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash held.

10. Deferred taxation

	2020 £
At beginning of year	(215)
Charged to profit or loss	53
At end of year	<u>(162)</u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>(162)</u>	<u>(215)</u>

HERONS HEAD DYNAMICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

11. Share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
200 (2019 - 200) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	200	200
50 (2019 - 50) A Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
50 (2019 - 50) B Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
50 (2019 - 50) C Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
50 (2019 - 50) D Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	400	400
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