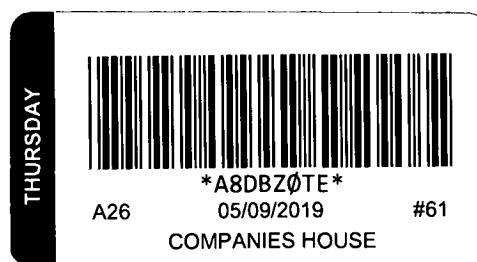


**C.A. Blackwell (Plant) Limited**

**Directors' Report and Financial Statements**

Registered number 4186804

Year ended 31 May 2019



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## Directors' Report

The directors present their Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 May 2019.

### Principal activities

The company did not trade during the current or prior year.

### Dividend

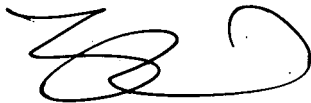
The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2018: £nil).

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing were as follows:

R Brotherston	(resigned 31 July 2019)
GW Pugh	(resigned 2 August 2019)
SL Anson	(appointed 31 July 2019)
Hargreaves Corporate Director Limited	(appointed 31 July 2019)

By order of the board



**Hargreaves Corporate Director Limited**  
*Director*

West Terrace  
Esh Winning  
Co Durham  
DH7 9PT

30 August 2019

## **Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

**Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income**  
*for the year ended 31 May 2019*

During the current and previous financial year, the company did not trade and received no income and incurred no expenditure. Consequently, during those periods the company made neither a profit nor a loss and had no other comprehensive income.

**Balance Sheet**  
*at 31 May 2019*

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> £	2018 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		2	2
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net assets</b>		2	2
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Share capital	3	2	2
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		2	2
		<hr/>	<hr/>

**Statement by the Directors Under Section 480 of the Companies Act 2006**

The directors:

- (a) confirm that the company was entitled to exemption under subsection (1) and (2) of section 480 of the Companies Act 2006, relating to dormant companies, from the requirement to have its financial statements for the financial year ended 31 May 2019 audited;
- (b) confirm that members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for that financial year in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (c) acknowledge their responsibilities for:
  - (i) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Companies Act 2006, and
  - (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 393 and 394 of the Companies Act 2006, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of that Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 August 2019 and signed on its behalf by:



**Hargreaves Corporate Director Limited**  
*Director*

Registered number: 04186804

## Statement of Changes in Equity

	Called up share capital £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 June 2017, 31 May 2018, 1 June 2018 and 31 May 2019	2	2

## Notes

*(forming part of the financial statements)*

### 1 Accounting policies

C.A. Blackwell (Plant) Limited (the "Company") is incorporated, domiciled and registered in the UK.

#### ***Basis of preparation***

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Hargreaves Services plc includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Hargreaves Services plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company.

As the consolidated financial statements of Hargreaves Services plc include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 *Financial Instrument Disclosures*.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

In these financial statements various IFRSs which are effective for the first time have been adopted, including the following standards, amendments and interpretations:

- IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

The new accounting standard IFRS 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities and replaces IAS 39. Among other things, the standard introduces a forward looking credit loss impairment model whereby entities need to consider and recognise impairment triggers that might occur in the future (an 'expected loss' model). The Company has adopted IFRS 9 and has chosen to apply the retrospective approach.

There are no material judgements made by the directors, in the application of these accounting policies that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements or any estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

#### ***Measurement convention***

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### *Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company*

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Where a financial instrument that contains both equity and financial liability components exists these components are separated and accounted for individually under the above policy. The finance cost on the financial liability component is correspondingly higher over the life of the instrument.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds (see dividends policy), are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds.

#### *Financial Instruments*

##### *Financial Assets*

Financial assets classified as "loans and receivables" under IAS 39 (being trade and other receivables) continue to be classified within the "amortised cost" category according to IFRS 9.

The Company classifies financial assets under the following measurement categories:

- Measured at amortised cost (non-derivative financial assets);
- Measured subsequently at fair value through either profit or loss or comprehensive income.

##### *Non-derivative financial assets*

Non-derivative financial assets include trade and other receivables and contract assets, as defined by IFRS 15. Neither of these two categories contain a significant financing element and, as such, expected credit losses are measured under IFRS 9 using the simplified impairment approach. This approach requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised upon the initial recognition of the asset.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a non-derivative financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. The Company subsequently measures trade and other receivables and contract receivables at amortised cost.

## Notes (continued)

### 2 Remuneration of directors

The directors did not receive any remuneration for their services to the company (2018: nil).

### 3 Called up share capital

	2019 £	2018 £
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

### 4 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Hargreaves Services plc. Hargreaves Services plc is the Company's ultimate controlling party. Prior to this the ultimate controlling party was J V Hughes.

The Company's immediate controlling party is C.A. Blackwell (Group) Limited which has a registered address at West Terrace, Esh Winning, Durham, DH7 9PT.

The only group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Hargreaves Services plc. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from their registered address West Terrace, Esh Winning, Durham, DH7 9PT.