# Care (North Tyneside) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements
Registered number 04186523
31 December 2013

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## Directors' report

The Directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is to provide services to the social care market.

#### Rusiness review

The results for year are shown on page 4. As at 31 December 2013 the company has net current assets and net assets as shown on page 5.

#### Proposed dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2012: £nil).

#### Directors

The Directors who held office during the period were as follows:

Paul Steadman

(resigned 22 March 2013)

Phil Pegler

Andrew Stevens

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

### Auditor

KPMG LLP was appointed as auditor of the company and pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

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Andrew Stevens
Director

28 April 2014

Building 420, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Block C Silbury Court East Silbury Boulevard Milton Keynes MK9 2AF

#### Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Care (North Tyneside) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Care (North Tyneside) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 set out on pages 4 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

~ Matthewran

Mark Matthewman (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Altius House 1 North Fourth Street Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK9 1NE United Kingdom

.2 April 2014

# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2013

for the year ended 31 December 2013			
		2013	2012
	Note	000£	£000
Turnover		210	359
Cost of sales		(143)	(250)
Gross profit		67	109
Gross prom			
Administrative expenses		•	(41)
		<del></del>	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	67	68
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	-	-
		<del></del>	
Profit for the financial year	,	67	68
		<del></del>	

There are no discontinued operations.

There is no difference between the profit for the period and that prepared on an historical cost basis.

There are no other recognised gains and losses.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2013

at 31 December 2013	Note 2013		2013		2012	
	71016	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	338		238		
Cash at bank and in hand		64		89		
·		402		327		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(32)		(24)		
Net current assets			370		303	
Net assets			370		303	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	6		-		-	
Profit and loss account	8		370		303	
Equity shareholders' funds			370		303	

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors on 28 April 2014 and were signed on its behalf by:

**Andrew Stevens** 

Director

#### Notes

#### (forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Carewatch Holdings Limited the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of Carewatch Holdings Limited, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in Note 9.

Under FRS 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The company has adequate forecast working capital and is fully supported by the parent company. The Directors consider that this should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. Therefore the Directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Office equipment 3 years Computer equipment 3 years

## **Operating leases**

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit / (loss) for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

#### Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received and receivable and represents amounts received for services provided in the normal course of business, net of VAT. Revenue is recognised when services are supplied to external customers against orders received. The point of supply is generally defined as the point at which a service user has received care services from the company, which are usually provided on a daily basis.

## Dividends on shares presented within shareholders' funds

Dividends are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are declared prior to the year end. Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Notes (continued)

#### 2 Operating profit

The operating profit /(loss) is stated after charging:

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Hire of other assets - operating leases	-	2
Auditors remuneration: Audit of these financial statements	4	3

The audit fees have been settled by Carewatch Care Services Limited. The directors are not remunerated for their services to the company.

#### 3 Taxation

Analysis of charge in period		
	2013	2012
	£000	£000
UK corporation tax		
Total current tax on income for the period		
	-	•

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012:24.5%). The differences are explained below.

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Current tax reconciliation Profit on ordinary activities before tax	67	68
Current tax at 23.25 % (31 December 2012: 24.5%)	16	17
Effects of: Group relief received	(16)	(17)
Total current tax charge (see above)	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and to 23% (effective 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3 July 2012 respectively. Further reductions to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

## Notes (continued)

4	Debtors	

4	Deplots		
		2013 £000	2012 £000
	Trade debtors	30	22
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	290	196
	Prepayments and accrued income	18	20
		338	238
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2013	2012
		£000	£000
	m d l l l		2
	Taxation and social security	1	2
	Other payables	26	. 11
	Accruals and deferred income	5	
		32	24
6	Called up share capital		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

#### 7 Commitments

The company and other fellow subsidiaries have provided guarantees to the group's bankers in respect of the group's borrowings, which at 31 December 2013 amounted to £22,600,000 (2012: £24,100,000).

## 8 Reserves

	Profit and Loss
	Account
	£000
At 1 January 2013	303
Profit for the year	67
At 31 December 2013	370

#### Notes (continued)

## 9 Ultimate parent Company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the Company is a member

The company's immediate parent company is Carewatch Care Services Limited which is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The company's ultimate parent company is Carewatch Holdings Limited, a company registered in United Kingdom.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Carewatch Holdings Limited, incorporated in the UK.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Carewatch Care Services Limited, incorporated in the UK.

The consolidated financial statements of these companies are available to the public and may be obtained from Building 420, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Block C, Silbury Court East, Silbury Boulevard, Milton Keynes, MK9 2AF.