Company registration number: 04185639

Harold Doonan Building Materials Limited
Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

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(Registration number: 04185639) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2017

	Note	<b>2017</b> £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	223,733	154,928
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	8,730	8,730
Debtors	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	171,450	135,126
Cash at bank and in hand		153,493	220,952
		333,673	364,808
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(310,974)	(311,976)
Net current assets		22,699	52,832
Total assets less current liabilities		246,432	207,760
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities		(42,509)	(29,436)
Net assets		203,923	178,324
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		180	180
Profit and loss reserve		203,743	178,144
Total equity	_	203,923	178,324

(Registration number: 04185639) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2017

For the financial year ending 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006. The option not to file the profit and loss account and directors' report has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 April 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr H L Doonan Director Mr L W Doonan Director Mrs J V Doonan Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Lupins Business Centre 1-3 Greenhill Weymouth Dorset DT4 7SP

## 2 Accounting policies

## Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS102 Section 1A. No restatements were required to the prior year as a result of transition to FRS102 Section1A.

## Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

These financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

## **Turnover recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities on the balance sheet.

### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation of tangible assets

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Motor vehicles
Plant and machinery

Depreciation method and rate 20% of written down value 15% of written down value

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

# **Debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

# Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

#### Creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## **Defined contribution pension obligation**

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was 12 (2016 - 11).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

4 Tangible assets	1 '	Tang	əldir	asse	ts
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4 Tangible assets			
	Motor	Plant and	
	vehicles	machinery	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 September 2016	242,646	212,288	454,934
Additions	-	121,196	121,196
Disposals		(66,404)	(66,404)
At 31 August 2017	242,646	267,080	509,726
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2016	157,222	142,784	300,006
Charge for the year	17,084	27,426	44,510
Eliminated on disposal	<del>-</del>	(58,523)	(58,523)
At 31 August 2017	174,306	111,687	285,993
Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2017	68,340	155,393	223,733
At 31 August 2016	85,424	69,504	154,928
5 Stocks			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Raw materials and consumables		8,730	8,730
6 Debtors			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Trade debtors		164,164	128,098
Other debtors	_	7,286	7,028
Total current trade and other debtors		171,450	135,126
	<del></del>		

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2017

## 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	123,545	94,152
Taxation and social security	9,485	3,491
Corporation tax	930	17,745
Other creditors	177,014	196,588
	310,974	311,976

# 8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

# Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £104 (2016 - £104).

# 9 Related party transactions

**Transactions with directors** 

2017 Mr L W Doonan	At 1 September 2016 £	Advances to directors £	Repayments by director	At 31 August 2017 £
Interest free loan repayable on demand	(10,251)	21,148	(25,000)	(14,103)
2016	At 1 September 2015 £	Advances to directors £	Re- payments by director £	At 31 August 2016 £
Mr L W Doonan Interest free loan repayable on demand	(2,214)	20,863	(28,900)	(10,251)

During the year two of the directors operated interest free loans repayable on demand. At the balance sheet date the amount due to the directors was £58,775 (2016 - £82,093).

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