

**SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR**

**For the Year Ended 31 December 2019**

**SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED**  
Registered number: 04184642

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
As at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	4	37,118	22,495
		<u>37,118</u>	<u>22,495</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		335,684	316,435
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	575,648	664,957
Cash at bank and in hand		66,906	32,577
		<u>978,238</u>	<u>1,013,969</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(189,505)	(224,682)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>788,733</u>	<u>789,287</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>825,851</u>	<u>811,782</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			
Deferred tax		(368)	-
		<u>(368)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>825,483</u></u>	<u><u>811,782</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		999	999
Profit and loss account		824,484	810,783
		<u><u>825,483</u></u>	<u><u>811,782</u></u>

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**SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED**  
**Registered number: 04184642**

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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**  
**As at 31 December 2019**

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The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

.....  
**G A Smit**  
Director

Date: 9 December 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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**1. General information**

Smit Mobile Equipment (UK) Limited (04184642) is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is Wey Court West, Union Road, Farnham, Surrey, GU9 7PT.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

**2.2 Revenue**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

**Sale of goods**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

**Rendering of services**

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

**2.3 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

L/Term Leasehold Property	- over the length of the lease
Plant & Machinery	- 3 to 5 years
Motor Vehicles	- 5 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

**2.4 Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**2.5 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**2.6 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.7 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Year Ended 31 December 2019**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.8 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

**2.9 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

**2.10 Foreign currency translation**

**Functional and presentation currency**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

**Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are also presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

**2.11 Operating leases: the Company as lessee**

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.12 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

**2.13 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

**2.14 Pensions**

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in an independently administered funds.

**2.15 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

**3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 11 (2018 - 11).

SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant & Machinery £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>				
At 1 January 2019	5,550	68,806	22,042	96,398
Additions	-	22,744	-	22,744
At 31 December 2019	5,550	91,550	22,042	119,142
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 January 2019	5,550	53,720	14,634	73,904
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	4,995	3,125	8,120
At 31 December 2019	5,550	58,715	17,759	82,024
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 December 2019	-	32,835	4,283	37,118
<b>At 31 December 2018</b>	-	15,087	7,408	22,495



**SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

**5. Debtors**

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	204,495	258,613
Amounts owed by group undertakings	284,418	340,603
Other debtors	11,495	8,664
Prepayments and accrued income	75,240	54,591
Deferred taxation	-	2,486
	<u>575,648</u>	<u>664,957</u>

**6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	3,683	12,431
Amounts owed to group undertakings	77,831	77,831
Corporation tax	-	1,826
Other taxation and social security	34,242	52,576
Other creditors	2,766	2,173
Accruals and deferred income	70,983	77,845
	<u>189,505</u>	<u>224,682</u>

**7. Pension commitments**

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £15,321 (2018 - £10,701). Contributions totalling £2,766 (2018 - £2,173) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

**8. Controlling party**

The company's immediate parent company is GAS UK B.V., registered in the Netherlands. The ultimate parent company is Alleghany Capital Corporation. Accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from:

Kamer van koophandel Rotterdam, Blaak 40, 3011 TA Rotterdam.

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**SMIT MOBILE EQUIPMENT (UK) LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Year Ended 31 December 2019**

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**9. Auditors' information**

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 16 December 2020 by Stephen South FCA (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Wise & Co.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.