Report of the Directors and

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

for

Luton Investco (2) Limited

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Luton Investco (2) Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

DIRECTORS: R G St J Rowlandson FCA E T M Rowlandson **SECRETARY:** Finance And Industrial Trust Limited(The) **REGISTERED OFFICE:** Graham House 7 Wyllyotts Place Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 2JD **REGISTERED NUMBER:** 04171425 (England and Wales) **ACCOUNTANTS:** Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor and Chartered Accountants. 101 Cambridge Science Park Milton Road Cambridge

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Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2017 to the date of this report.

R G St J Rowlandson FCA E T M Rowlandson

The group has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Finance And Industrial Trust Limited(The) - Secretary

18 October 2018

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	31.3.18 £	31.3.17 £
TURNOVER		-	-
Administrative expenses OPERATING LOSS and		1	
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(1)	-
Tax on loss LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		- (1)	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		.	-
		(1)	

Balance Sheet 31 March 2018

CURRENT ASSETS	Notes	31.3.18 £	31.3.17 £
Debtors	3		1,123,234
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	1,123,234
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1 (1)	1 1,123,233 1,123,234

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of

 (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394

 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial

and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 October 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

ETM Rowlandson - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2016	1	1,123,233	1,123,234
Changes in equity Balance at 31 March 2017	1	1,123,233	1,123,234
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2018	- - 1	(1,123,233) (1) (1)	(1,123,233) (1)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Luton Investco (2) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of VAT and trade discounts, represents rent receivable in respect of the company's investment properties. Turnover arose wholly in the UK.

Taxation

Corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (or similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and on disposals of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

3. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

31.3.18	31.3.17
£	£
	1,123,234

Amounts owed by group undertakings

4. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

5. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There has been no event since the balance sheet date that could materially affect the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2018 or that requires disclosure.

6. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate and ultimate parent company is RO Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

Mr R G St J Rowlandson, a director of RO Trading Limited and members of his close family, control the company as a result of them owning and controlling the issued share capital of RO Trading Limited.

RO Trading Limited is the parent company of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member for which consolidated accounts are prepared. Copies of its group accounts can be obtained from Graham House, 7 Wyllyotts Place, Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 2JD.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.