# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited

Report and accounts

for the year ended 30 September 2007

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# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Company information

## **Director** Mr C King

Company secretary Mr R N Luck

Registered office Quadrant House, Floor 6 17 Thomas More Street Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

Independent auditors
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

Registered number 4168390

# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Director's report for the year ended 30 September 2007

The director presents his report and the audited accounts of the company for the year ended 30 September 2007

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The company's principal activity during the year was property investment. The director considers the financial position at 30 September 2007 to be satisfactory.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5 A dividend was paid in the year of £4,000,000 at £40,000 per £1 share (2006 £nil)

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were

Mr I M Livingstone (resigned 4 April 2007) Mr C King

#### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company maintains liability insurance for its director and officer. Following shareholder approval, the company has also provided an indemnity for its director and the company secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 1985.

#### Independent auditors and disclosure of information to auditors

In so far as the director is aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

The company passed an elective resolution during the period, pursuant to Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985, electing to dispense with the obligation to re-appoint auditors annually. The resolution remains in force

During the year UHY Hacker Young resigned as auditors to the company, and the director appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP to fill the casual vacancy PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

The report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

By order of the board

Mr R N Luck

Company secretary /2 June 2008

# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Statement of director's responsibilities for the year ended 30 September 2007

The director is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary

The director confirms that he has complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Mr R N Luck

Company secretary

Mu

/2\_June 2008

#### LR (Petrol Stations) Limited

# Independent auditors' report to the members of LR (Petrol Stations) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of LR (Petrol Stations) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of recognised gains and losses, the basince sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

The director's responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of director's responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the director's report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the director's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Coinigo

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the director's report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Prevatelhouse copers LL

1 Embankment Place

London

WC2N 6RH

17 June 2008

# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Turnover	2	62,310	129,191
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(108,054) -	(123,117) 911,535
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(45,744)	917,609
Exceptional items Profit on the disposal of tangible fixed assets	5	798,328	3,579,455
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6	94 (287,483)	10,761 (1,611,271)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		465,195	2,896,554
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	-	-
Profit for the financial year	13	465,195	2,896,554

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the year stated above and their historical costs equivalents

# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 September 2007

	2007 £	2006 £
Profit for the financial year	465,195	2,896,554
Unrealised (deficit)/surplus on revaluation of investment properties	(685,303)	600,524
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year	(220,108)	3,497,078

# LR (Petrol Stations) Limited Balance sheet as at 30 September 2007

	Note		2007 £		200 <del>6</del> £
Fixed assets Investment properties	8		2,160,000		12,025,304
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	13,884,155 - 13,884,155		547,512 4,626,639 5,174,151	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(14,492,139)		(11,427,331)	
Net current liabilities			(607,984)		(6,253,180)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,552,016	-	5,772,124
Net assets		-	1,552,016		5,772,124
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		100		100
Investment revaluation reserve	12		978,345		1,663,648
Profit and loss account	13		573,571		4,108,376
Total equity shareholders' funds	14	-	1,552,016		5,772,124

Mr C King Director

12 June 2008

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been

#### Depreciation

Compliance with the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice (SSAP 19) "Accounting for Investment Properties" requires departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 relating to depreciation and an explanation for the departure is given below

#### Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP 19, investment properties are revalued by the director annually on an open market basis and independently valued when required by SSAP 19 and the surplus or deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties. The Companies Act 1985 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with SSAP 19 and the director considers that to depreciate would not give a true and fair view. The depreciation (which would, had the provisions of the Act been followed, have reduced the profit for the year) is only one of the factors reflected in the valuation and the amount attributable to this factor cannot reasonably be separately identified or quantified.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless, by the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its ultimate parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

#### Finance costs

Finance costs, including issue costs which are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument, are amortised over the period of the loans in accordance with FRS4

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Turnover

Turnover represents rental income, net of value added tax recognised when the financial risks and rewards are transferred

#### Deferred income

Income from rental properties is allocated in the year to which it relates, with payments received in advance held as deferred income and credited to the the profit and loss when earned

#### 2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to one continuing activity, namely providing properties in the United Kingdom

3	Operating (loss)/profit	2007 £	2006 £
	This is stated after charging Auditors' remuneration	<u>-</u>	2,000
	Auditors' remuneration has been borne by London & Regional Properties Limited		
4	Director's emoluments		
	The director did not receive any emoluments in respect of his services to the compa	ny (2006 £nii)	
5	Exceptional items	2007 £	2006 £
	Profit on disposal of investment properties	798,328	3,579,455
6	Interest payable and similar charges	2007 £	2006 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Amortisation of finance costs	268,327 19,156	651,975 959,296
		287,483	1,611,271

### 7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

No tax has been provided for due to the availability of losses through group relief

8	Investment properties				Freehold land and buildings
	Valuation At 1 October 2006 Additions Surplus on revaluation Disposals				12,025,304 8,426 (685,303) (9,188,427)
	At 30 September 2007  Cost At 30 September 2007				2,160,000 1,181,655
	The investment properties were valued by the direct valuation has been made in accordance with the Ap Chartered Surveyors in the United Kingdom				
9	Debtors			2007 £	2006 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			13,766,055 118,100 13,884,155	39,369 424,422 46,054 37,667 547,512
10	Creditors. amounts falling due within one year			2007 £	2006 £
	Bank loans Finance costs Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors Accruals and deferred income			114,837 14,357,191 672 19,439 14,492,139	7,567,949 (19,156) 48,175 2,728,981 - 1,101,382 11,427,331
11	Called up share capital			2007 £	2006 £
	Authorised 10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			10,000	10,000
	An	2007 Number	2006 Number	2007 £	2006 £
	Allotted and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100_	100

12	Investment revaluation reserve		2007 £
	At 1 October 2006		1,663,648
	Ansing on revaluation during the year		(685,303)
	At 30 September 2007		978,345
13	Profit and loss account		2007 £
	At 1 October 2006		4,108,376
	Profit for the financial year		465,195
	Dividend		(4,000,000)
	At 30 September 2007		573,571
14	Reconciliation of movement in shareholder's funds	2007	2006
		£	£
	At 1 October	5,772,124	2,275,046
	Profit for the financial year	465,195	2,896,554
	Dividend	(4,000,000)	-
	Other recognised gains and losses	(685,303)	600,524
	At 30 September	1,552,016	5,772,124

#### 15 Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8 that transactions do not need to be disclosed with companies ninety percent or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group

#### 16 Parent undertaking

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of London & Regional Investment Holdings Limited

The ultimate parent undertaking is Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

Copies of the Loopsign Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the company secretary at Quadrant House, Floor 6

17 Thomas More Street

Thomas More Square

London

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The ultimate controlling parties are I M Livingstone and R J Livingstone through their joint ownership of Loopsign Limited