Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

04164559

Name of Company

Saint Pauls Capital Limited

I/We-Stephen Goderski 7-8 Conduit Street London **W1S 2XF**

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 24/03/10

Geoffrey Martin & Co 7-8 Conduit Street London **W1S 2XF**

Ref SAIN401/SG/PMO/PW/WR

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room



25/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Saint Pauls Capital Limited

Company Registered Number

04164559

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

11 March 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down

10 March 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

Stephen Goderski 7-8 Conduit Street London W1S 2XF

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms
The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	0 00
19/03/2009 20/03/2009 05/05/2009 14/07/2009 10/11/2009 25/01/2010 25/01/2010 04/03/2010	Bank of Scotland Royal Mail Group Plc Intrum Justitia (Client Geoffrey F HM Revenue & Customs HM Revenue & Customs Intrum Justitia (Client Geoffrey F Intrum Justitia (Client Geoffrey F Timothy Parker		
		Carried Forward	23,575 12

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	0 00
30/03/2009 30/03/2009 07/04/2009 18/05/2009 27/05/2009 27/05/2009 27/05/2009 27/05/2009 06/08/2009 06/08/2009 14/08/2009 05/10/2009 05/10/2009 05/10/2010 25/01/2010	Courts Advertising Ltd Courts Advertising Limited Courts Advertising Limited Courts Advertising Limited Geoffrey Martin & Co Geoffrey Martin & Co - PST Geoffrey Martin & Co - PST Geoffrey Martin & Co Geoffrey Martin & Co Geoffrey Martin & Co Clarke Willmott Clarke Willmott Gallaghers C D C Document Storage C D C Document Storage Intrum Justitia Intrum Justitia	Statutory Advertising VAT Receivable Specific Bond Statutory Advertising VAT Receivable Preparation of S of A VAT Receivable Disbursements (2) VAT Receivable Disbursements VAT Receivable Legal Fees VAT Receivable Tax Advice VAT Receivable Storage Costs VAT Receivable Legal Fees (debt collection) VAT Receivable	0 00 493 20 73 98 180 00 430 57 64 58 7,500 00 148 50 22 28 5 94 0 88 247 50 37 13 1,000 00 150 00 80 00 12 00 3 50 0 52

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 23,575 12 11,575 59
	Balance £	11,999 53
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 11,999 53 0 00
 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		11,999 53

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£.
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	74,917 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	126,209 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	1,170,000 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Book debts

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Realisation of above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Six Months