The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use					
 Comr	oany Nu	mber			

04155581

Name of Company

**Phoenix Distribution Limited** 

We

Steven Anthony Pearson, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2RT

Robert Jonathan Hunt, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2RT

the liquidators of the company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Date

8/2/16

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Benson House 33 Wellington Street Leeds LS1 4JP

Ref 164456/AW/AC

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# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Phoenix Distribution Limited

Company Registered Number

04155581

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

10 February 2006

Date to which this statement is

brought down

09 February 2016

Name and Address of Liquidator

Steven Anthony Pearson, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2RT

Robert Jonathan Hunt, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2RT

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributiones. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carned forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator cames on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
<del>-</del>		Brought Forward	1,561,554 26
01/09/2015 23/09/2015 23/09/2015 01/10/2015 03/10/2015 02/11/2015 01/12/2016 01/02/2016	Barclays Bank Pic HM Revenue & Customs HM Revenue & Customs Barclays Bank Pic The Insolvency Service Barclays Bank Pic		<del></del>

IJATA	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
Date		Brought Forward	395,268 93
01/10/2015 03/10/2015 04/01/2016	The Insolvency Service The Insolvency Service The Insolvency Service	DTI cheque fees/ISA costs Tax on bank interest DTI cheque fees/ISA costs	25 00 586 86 25 00
			,

### **Analysis of balance**

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 1,565,735 18 395,905 79
	Balance £	1,169,829 39
This balance is made up as follows  1 Cash in hands of liquidator  2 Balance at bank  3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 19,336 03 1,150,493 36
4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance 5 Accrued Items	0 00 £	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		1,169,829 39

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

## The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

1,185,865 00

1,185,865 00

0 00

0 00

26,528,000 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
2 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

No outstanding assets

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Working continuing to resolve contingent liability issue

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Within six months of completion of above