

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Progress
Report
Pursuant to Section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

For official use

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number
04155581

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company (a) Phoenix Distribution Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es) We (b) S A Pearson & R J Hunt
Of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
7 More London Riverside
London
SE1 2RT

The liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my / our Progress Report under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date 31/8/11

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any) Christine Yardley
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
7 More London Riverside
London
SE1 2RT

For Official Use

Liquidation section | Part 192

WEDNESDAY



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07/09/2011

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	Phoenix Distribution Limited
Company's registered number	04155581
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	10/02/2006
Date to which this statement is brought down	09/08/2011
Name and address of liquidator	See page 1

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Analysis of

Total realisations
Total disbursements

The Balance is made up as follows -

- 1 Cash in hands of liquidator
- 2 Balance at bank
- 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account

- 4 Amounts invested by liquidator
Less the cost of investments realised

Balance

Total balance as shown above

	£
	1,499,251 05
	197,685 92
Balance £	1,301,565 13
	25,612 48
	1,275,952 65
	0.00
£	
	0 00
£	1,301,565 13

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)	£
	1,185,865 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Unsecured creditors	26,528,000 00

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash	2 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
Ongoing work towards resolving contingent liability issues

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Within 6 months of completion of above