**Rule 4.223-CVL** 

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

S.192

	For office	al use
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· .	h . <b>.</b>	'
Company N	umber	
04154919		

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

Bede Intermediate Company Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

We, (b)

T Lukic Ernst & Young LLP No 1 Colmore Square Birmingham B4 6HQ I Best Ernst & Young LLP No 1 Colmore Square Birmingham B4 6HQ

the liquidators of the company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

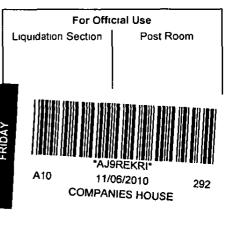
Signed

Date 10/6/2010

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

H Namih Ernst & Young LLP No 1 Colmore Square Birmingham B4 6HQ

TL/IB/DFD/HN



# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company Bede Intermediate Company Limited

Company's registered number 04154919

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up members

Date of commencement of winding up 17 April 2009

Date to which this statement is brought down 04 June 2010

Name and address of liquidators

T Lukic I Best

Ernst & Young LLP
No 1 Colmore Square

Ernst & Young LLP
No 1 Colmore Square

Birmingham Birmingham B4 6HQ B4 6HQ

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

# **Trading Account**

When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividende

- When dividends, installments of compositions etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend etc, actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend etc, payable to each creditor, or contributory
- When unclaimed dividends etc, are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
- 6 This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

# Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
	ļ		£
		Brought forward	0 00
			<b>,</b>
	}		
	İ		
		Carried forward	0 00

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
			£
		Brought forward	0 00
	ł ·		
		Carried forward	0 00

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

## Analysis of balance

		£
Total realisations		0 00
Total disbursements		0 00
	Dolomoo C	0 00
	Balance £	
The balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidators		0 00
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 * Amounts invested by liquidators	0 00	
Less the cost of investments realised	0 00	Í
Balance		0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	0 00
		·

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

\*The investment or deposit of money by the liquidators does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations

### The liquidators should also state

The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

		I.
•	ter deducting amounts charged to secured including the holders of floating charges)	12,500
Liabilities	Fixed charge creditors	0
	Floating charge holders	0
	Unsecured creditors	0

The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash	12,500
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0

The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

The intercompany debtor balance was returned to the members by a dividend in specie

- 4 Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed Final Meeting held 4 June 2010