

**THE KENSINGTON CREPERIE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

The Kensington Creperie Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2023

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The Kensington Creperie Limited
Balance Sheet
As At 31 December 2023

Registered number: 04154495

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		144,705		117,660
			<u>144,705</u>		<u>117,660</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	16,199		9,555	
Debtors	6	129,296		176,133	
Cash at bank and in hand		34,671		232,090	
		<u>180,166</u>		<u>417,778</u>	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(201,701)		(149,100)	
		<u>(201,701)</u>		<u>(149,100)</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(21,535)		268,678
			<u>(21,535)</u>		<u>268,678</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			123,170		386,338
			<u>123,170</u>		<u>386,338</u>
NET ASSETS			123,170		386,338
			<u>123,170</u>		<u>386,338</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8	2,000		2,000	
Profit and Loss Account		121,170		384,338	
		<u>121,170</u>		<u>384,338</u>	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			123,170		386,338
			<u>123,170</u>		<u>386,338</u>

The Kensington Creperie Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As At 31 December 2023

For the year ending 31 December 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

M Mustiviy

Director

18/03/2024

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

The Kensington Creperie Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2023

1. General Information

The Kensington Creperie Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04154495. The registered office is 2 Exhibition Road, London, SW7 2HF.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold	Straight line over useful life
Plant & Machinery	25% Straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	20% Straight line
Computer Equipment	33% Straight line

2.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in

other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The Kensington Creperie Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2023

2.6. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 36 (2022: 33)

4. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property				
	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 January 2023	218,339	286,558	16,752	2,247	523,896
Additions	32,820	7,393	620	-	40,833
As at 31 December 2023	<u>251,159</u>	<u>293,951</u>	<u>17,372</u>	<u>2,247</u>	<u>564,729</u>
Depreciation					
As at 1 January 2023	122,652	279,658	3,562	364	406,236
Provided during the period	6,426	3,175	3,454	733	13,788
As at 31 December 2023	<u>129,078</u>	<u>282,833</u>	<u>7,016</u>	<u>1,097</u>	<u>420,024</u>
Net Book Value					
As at 31 December 2023	<u>122,081</u>	<u>11,118</u>	<u>10,356</u>	<u>1,150</u>	<u>144,705</u>
As at 1 January 2023	<u>95,687</u>	<u>6,900</u>	<u>13,190</u>	<u>1,883</u>	<u>117,660</u>

5. Stocks

	2023	2022
	£	£
Materials	<u>16,199</u>	<u>9,555</u>

6. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	50,747
Prepayments and accrued income	91,233	68,943
Other debtors	38,011	56,391
Deferred tax current asset	52	52
	<u>129,296</u>	<u>176,133</u>

The Kensington Creperie Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2023

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	42,122	48,379
Corporation tax	101,488	58,011
Other taxes and social security	26,701	16,964
VAT	27,883	22,346
Other creditors	857	750
Accruals and deferred income	2,650	2,650
	<u>201,701</u>	<u>149,100</u>

8. Share Capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>

9. Related Party Transactions

At the year end the company was owed £Nil (2022: £50,972) from its immediate parent company. This amount incurs interest at the rate of 4% above the Bank of England base rate.

At the year end the company was owed £3,000 (2022: £418) from the director. This amount is interest free and has no fixed repayment date.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.