LFPV LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST MARCH 2007 COMPANY NO 4138030

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the accounts for the year ended 31st March 2007

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1st April 2006

Date Appointed

P Benzimra A P W Durrant D M Selden FCA R Patel ACMA

2nd July 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY & REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activities of the company are the distribution and export of motor vehicles and related spare parts. The Company is engaged in the supply of Land Rover and Ford Project Vehicles to a variety of customers around the world

The Company has increased turnover by 11% and has seen an improvement in gross profit percentage from 12 8% to 13 8% resulting from a focus on the more profitable ancilliary services and spare parts business. Operating profit improvement is in the main due to beneficial exchange differences as a result of the Dollar continuing to weaken during the financial year.

Trading in the current year has not met the companies growth expectation and is behind plan but the directors anticipate that with significant stocks and the ongoing support of our manufacturing principals, opportunities will arise to recover this position

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs. The company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate costs and as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the company's finance department.

Price risk

The company is exposed to price risk due to normal inflationary increases in the purchase price of the goods and services in purchases worldwide. The company has no exposure to equity securities price risk as it holds no listed or other equity investments.

Credit risk

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed annually by the board

Liquidity risk

The company has no long-term or short-term debt finance, therefore has no exposure to liquidity risk

Interest rate risk

The company has interest bearing assets. Interest bearing assets include only cash balances which earn interest at the prevailing rate.

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year after taxation was £527,055 (2006 £222,833) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware

- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information, and
- there is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware

AUDITORS

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Nexia Smith & Williamson be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with the applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business,
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Fishers House, Portsmouth Road, Ripley, Surrey

1st October 2007

By order of the Board

Nexia Smith & Williamson

Independent auditors report to the shareholders of LFPV Limited

We have audited the accounts of LFPV Limited for the year ended 31st March 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cashflow statement and the related notes 1 to 17 and A to C. These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein. This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We read the information contained within the Directors' Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited accounts. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We state in our report whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if the information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed. We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary, in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended, the accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts

Nexia Smith & Williamson Chartered Accountants

Veris Smith. William

Registered Auditors

4 October 2007

1 Bishops Wharf Walnut Tree Close Guildford Surrey GU1 4RA

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
TURNOVER	2	9,767,712	8,793,977
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		(8,414,383) 1,353,329	(7,669,770)
Administrative expenses		(806,028)	(904,896)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	547,301	219,311
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	11,104 (29,042) 529,363	7,974 (3,350)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	(2,308)	(1,102)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	12	527,055	222,833

All of the company's operations are classed as continuing
A statement of the movement on shareholders funds appears as note 13 to the accounts
The company had no recognised gains or losses other than the result stated above

BALANCE SHEET

31ST MARCH 2007

P Benzimra

DM Selden FCA

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	7	0	2,156
		0	2,156
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock	8	5,130,475	3,003,141
Debtors	9	1,503,716	2,179,905
Cash at bank and in hand		2,038,153	93,151
		8,672,344	5,276,197
CREDITORS amounts falling			
due within one year	10	(8,692,851)	(5,825,915)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(20,507)	(549,718)
		(20,507)	(547,562)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	850,000	850,000
Profit and loss account	12	(870,507)	(1,397,562)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13	(20,507)	(547,562)

These accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 1st October 2007

Director

Director

CASHFLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
NET CASH INFLOW/ (OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Α	1,964,240	(122,634)
	A	1,504,240	(122,03 +)
RETURNS ON INVESTMENT AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Interest paid		(29,042)	(3,350)
Interest received		11,104	7,974
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) / INFLOW FROM RETURNS ON			
INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(17,938)	4,624
TAXATION			
U K Corporation tax paid		(1,300)	0
TAXATION PAID		(1,300)	0
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		0	(789)
Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		0	29,869
NET CASH INFLOW FROM CAPITAL			
EXPENDITURE			29,080
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW)	B/C	1,945,002	(88,930)

See notes to cashflow statement on page 11

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

31ST MARCH 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards

12 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Fixtures and fittings

25% Straight line

Computer equipment

25% Straight line

Motor vehicles

25% Straight line

13 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

14 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on a full provision basis on all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefit in the future is uncertain. Any assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

15 Foreign exchange

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date unless such balances are covered by a forward contract in which case the contracted rate has been used. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated monthly at a rate fixed at the end of the month in question. Foreign exchange differences have been charged to the profit and loss account.

2 TURNOVER

Turnover is stated net of VAT and after trade discounts. The company carries on only one class of business. Geographical analysis of turnover is not given

Turnover and associated costs are recognised when a product is invoiced and available for despatch

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

31ST MARCH 2007

3	OPERATING PROFIT	2007 £	2006 £	
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)	r	±	
	Depreciation (Profit) / loss on sale of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Foreign exchange differences Staff costs are covered by the holding company and recharged by way	2,156 0 14,750 (193,879)	10,926 (3,511) 12,000 201,999	
	Start costs are covered by the folding company and recharged by way	y of a monuny management	chai ge	
4	INTEREST PAYABLE			
	On sums other than bank loans and overdrafts	29,042	3,350	
5	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES			
	No directors received remuneration from the company during the year holding company are disclosed in the accounts of that company No directors are accruing retirement benefits	r Details of remuneration pa	aid by the	
6	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2007 £	2006 £	
a	Analysis of charge in year	-	_	
	U K corporation tax at 19% (2006 30%) based on the profits for the year Adjustment in respect of prior years	2,110 198 2,308	1,102 0 1,102	
b	Factors affecting tax charge for year The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (19% (2006 30%)) The differences are explained below			
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	529,363	223,935	
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2006—30%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Fixed asset profit on disposal in excess of balancing charge Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Marginal rate relief adjustment Losses utilised	100,579 410 0 13,582 0 (112,461)	67,181 1,571 (759) 3,578 (652) (69,817)	
	Adjustment to prior year Current tax charge for year (note 6 (a))	2,308	1,102	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

31ST MARCH 2007

c Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has tax losses of approximately £424,552 (2006 £881,837) to carry forward and offset against future profits from the same trade. This has not been recognised in the financial statements

d Deferred tax

No provision has been made in these accounts for a potential deferred tax asset of £144,943 (2006 £290,397) resulting from the excess of depreciation over accelerated capital allowances. A deferred tax asset would only be recognised where there is reasonable certainty that the company will be able to claim capital allowances in excess of depreciation in the future or where a balancing allowance would arise on the disposal of the asset and where there is reasonable certainty that suitable taxable profits will be generated in the foreseeable future

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures fittings & equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1st April 2006 and at 31 March 2007	109,316	80,759	190,075
	Depreciation			
	At 1st April 2006	108,430	79,489	187,919
	Charge for period	886	1,270	2,156
	At 31st March 2007	109,316	80,759	190,075
	Net book value			
	At 31st March 2007	0	0	0
	At 31st March 2006	886	1,270	2,156
8	STOCKS		2007 £	2006 £
	Vehicles		5,077,719	2,958,611
	Parts		52,756	44,530
		=	5,130,475	3,003,141
9	DEBTORS			
	Trade debtors		1,285,403	2,147,786
	Other debtors	_	218,313	32,119
		=	1,503,716	2,179,905
10	CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year			
	Trade creditors		6,871,277	2,973,022
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		1,164,906	2,196,539
	Payments on account		37,002	79,262
	Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors		2,110	1,102
	Accruals and deferred income		87,551 530,005	163,227 412,763
	Accident and deferred income	_	8,692,851	5,825,915
		=	0,072,031	3,023,713

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

31ST MARCH 2007

11	CHARE CARTAI	2007 £	2006 £
11	SHARE CAPITAL	L	
	Authorised	1,000,000	1,000,000
	1,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
		850,000	850,000
	850,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	830,000	830,000
12	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
	Retained losses at 1st April 2006	(1,397,562)	(1,620,395)
	Profit for the year	527,055	222,833
	Retained losses at 31st March 2007	(870,507)	(1,397,562)
13	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	S	
	Profit for the financial year	527,055	222,833
	Shareholders' funds at 1st April 2006	(547,562)	(770,395)
	Shareholders' funds at 31st March 2007	(20,507)	(547,562)
			(5 (7,502)

14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has a contingent liability in respect of retention guarantees, performance and tender bonds amounting to £NIL (2006 £24,068) on transactions carried out up to 31st March 2007

The following guarantees have been given by the company's parent, Conrico International Limited

Guarantee limited to £500,000 to the company's banker Unlimited guarantee to Land Rover Unlimited guarantee to Ford Credit

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Financial Reporting Standard number 8 Related party transactions, and has not disclosed transactions with fellow group undertakings, where more than 90% of the voting rights are controlled within the group

16 ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The ultimate holding company is Conrico Overseas Inc., a company incorporated in Liberia

17 PARENT UNDERTAKING

The immediate parent undertaking is Conrico International Limited Consolidated accounts for the group are prepared and filed and can be obtained from Companies House

NOTES TO THE CASHFLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

			2007	2006
			£	£
Α	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO	NET		
	CASH INFLOW/(OUTLOW) FROM OPERATING	ACTIVITIES		
	Operating profit		547,301	219,311
	Depreciation charges		2,156	10,926
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets		0	(3,511)
	Increase in stock		(2,127,334)	(1,899,166)
	Decrease / (increase) in debtors		676,189	(706,051)
	Increase in creditors		2,865,928	2,255,857
	NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING	_		
	ACTIVITIES	-	1,964,240	(122,634)
В	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENTS IN NET FUNDS			
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		1,945,002	(88,930)
	Net funds at 1st April 2006		93,151	182,081
	Net funds at 31st March 2007	-	2,038,153	93,151
С	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
		At 1 April 2006 £	Cashflows £	At 31 March 2007 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	93,151	1,945,002	2,038,153
	TOTAL	93,151	1,945,002	2,038,153
				