ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31 MARCH 2006



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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2006

	2006		2005		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			114,000		_
Tangible assets			39,233		-
			153,233		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		26,267		100	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year		150,997		-	
NET CURRENT					
(LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(124,730)		100
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABIL	ITIES	28,503		100
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	AND CH	ARGES	2,785		-
			25,718		100
					

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MARCH 2006

2006		2005	
Note	£	£	
4	100	100	
	25,618	-	
	25,718	100	
		Note £ 4 100 25,618	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 26.4.2.7..... and are signed on their behalf by:

MR M WARBURTON

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

20 years

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

- 20% reducing balance

Equipment

- 20% reducing balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible	Tangible		
	Assets	Assets	Total	
	£	£	£	
COST				
Additions	120,000	49,041	169,041	
At 31 March 2006	120,000	49,041	169,041	
				
DEPRECIATION				
Charge for year	6,000	9,808	15,808	
At 31 March 2006	6,000	9,808	15,808	
		=====		
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2006	114,000	39,233	153,233	

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

At the year end the directors loan accounts outstanding were as follows -

•	2006	2005
	£	£
M. Warburton	(37,956)	50
N. Haughton	(46,904)	50
Haughton Warburton Estates LLP	(23,022)	-
	·	

Haughton Warburton Estates LLP is wholly owned by the directors of Haughton Warburton Limited.

On 1st April 2005 the company purchased assets and liabilities from the directors' previous business, Haughton Warburton & Co. The net assets introduced totalled £155,351. This includes goodwill of £120,000.

HAUGHTON WARBURTON LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2006 £ 100		2005 £ 100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2006		2005	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100