PRO-ROLL LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 8

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		20	17	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		3,414,453		3,291,048
Current assets					
Stocks		263,344		280,432	
Debtors	4	445,205		990,130	
Cash at bank and in hand		468,024		2,562	
		1,176,573		1,273,124	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(1,088,914)		(1,189,247)	
Net current assets			87,659		83,877
Total assets less current liabilities			3,502,112		3,374,925
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(2,082,453)		(2,243,950)
Provisions for liabilities			(217,000)		(246,098)
Net assets			1,202,659		884,877
			<u></u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		56,000	٠	56,000
Revaluation reserve	8		174,022		167,732
Profit and loss reserves			972,637		661,145
Total equity			1,202,659		884,877
-					

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 July 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs G M Havenhand **Director**

Company Registration No. 04133477

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Accounting policies Company information

Pro-Roll Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Pluto Works, Penistone Road, Sheffield, South Yorkshire, S6 1LP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings Not depreciated Leasehold land and buildings 20% straight line

Plant and equipment 10% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings 15% on reducing balance
Computers 25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% on reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.8 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

1.9 Government grants

Government grants in relation to tangible fixed are credited to the Profit & Loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 33 (2016 - 25).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Tangible fixed assets							
	Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation							
At 1 January 2017	1,811,528	21,150	2,042,135	112,039	47,608	49,080	4,083,540
Additions	216,871	-	95,411	26,933	38,664	-	377,879
Disposals	-	(21,150)	(93,972)	(48,348)	(15,256)	-	(178,726
At 31 December 2017	2,028,399		2,043,574	90,624	71,016	49,080	4,282,693
Depreciation							
At 1 January 2017	2,014	13,294	683,437	46,721	22,912	24,114	792,492
Depreciation charged in the year	-	-	138,065	11,793	12,429	6,246	168,533
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(13,294)	(30,661)	(34,717)	(14,113)	-	(92,785
At 31 December 2017	2,014	-	790,841	23,797	21,228	30,360	868,240
Carrying amount							
At 31 December 2017	2,026,385	-	1,252,733	66,827	49,788	18,720	3,414,453
At 31 December 2016	1,809,514	7,856	1,358,698	65,318	24,696	24,966	3,291,048

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	401,804	974,174
	Corporation tax recoverable	36,638	-
	Other debtors	6,763	15,956
		445,205	990,130
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	ordinate united the state of th	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	119,141	101,000
	Trade creditors	191,631	474,214
	Corporation tax	-	39,775
	Other taxation and social security	215,452	94,443
	Other creditors	562,690	479,815
		1,088,914	1,189,247
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	978,248	1,067,500
	Other creditors	1,104,205	1,176,450
		2,082,453	2,243,950
	The bank loans and overdraft are security on fixed and floating charges over to the directors have provided a guarantee of £100,000 in relation to the mortgage. Amounts included above which fall due after five years are as follows: Payable by instalments	the assets of t	ne company.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	56,000 ordinary class of £1 each	56,000	56,000
	•	56,000	56,000
8	Revaluation reserve		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	At beginning of year	167,732	167,732
	Transfer to retained earnings	6,290	-
			
	At end of year	174,022	167,732
			

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2017	2016
£	£
6,408	11,901