John Blackmore & Co Limited

Company No. 04121983

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 August 2019

John Blackmore & Co Limited BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR at 31 August 2019

Company No. 04121983	Notes	2019	2018
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	6,050	6,889
		6,050	6,889
Current assets			
Stocks	4	21,293	-
Debtors	5	42,302	39,468
Cash at bank and in hand		7,067	31,432
	_	70,662	70,900
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(42,741)	(45,606)
Net current assets	_	27,921	25,294
Total assets less current liabilities		33 <i>,</i> 971	32,183
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	7	(1,150)	(1,309)
Net assets	_	32,821	30,874
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	8	32,721	30,774
Total equity	_	32,821	30,874

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a

copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 20 April 2020

And signed on its behalf by:

M.S. Cook

Director

John Blackmore & Co Limited NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR

for the year ended 31 August 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Furniture, fittings and equipment 15% Reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

2 Employees

	2019	2018
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	5	5

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3 Tangible fixed assets

	fittings and	
	equipment	Total
	£	£
Cost or revaluation		
At 1 September 2018	27,748	27,748
Additions	200	200
At 31 August 2019	27,948	27,948
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2018	20,859	20,859
Charge for the year	1,039	1,039
At 31 August 2019	21,898	21,898
Net book values		
At 31 August 2019	6,050	6,050
At 31 August 2018	6,889	6,889

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		£	£
	Work in progress	21,293	-
		21,293	-
5	Debtors		
J	24214	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade debtors	40,194	38,534
	Other debtors	1,460	· -
	Prepayments and accrued income	648	934
		42,302	39,468
6	Creditors:		
U	amounts falling due within one year		
	amounte taming and watering one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	573	298
	Corporation tax	1,555	3,306
	Other taxes and social security	14,269	15,337
	Loans from directors	25,112	26,044
	Other creditors	789	512
	Accruals and deferred income	443	109
		42,741	45,606
7	Provisions for liabilities		
	Deferred taxation		
		Accelerated	
		Capital	
		Allowances,	
		Losses and	
		Other Timing	
		Differences	Total
		£	fotal £
	At 1 September 2018	1,309	1,309
	Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	(159)	(159)
	charge to the profit and loss account for the period	(133)	(133)

2019

1,150

2019

1,150

1,150

2018

1,150

2018

1,309

1,309

8 Reserves

At 31 August 2019

Accelerated capital allowances

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

9 Dividends

2019	2018
£	£
4,000	5,000
4,000	5,000
4,000	5,000
4,000	5,000
	4,000 4,000 4,000

10 Related party disclosures

Transactions with related parties £ £

Name of related party M.S. Cook

Description of relationship Director

between the parties

Description of transaction and Directors loan account

general amounts involved

Amount due from/(to) the related party (25,112) (26,044)

Provision for doubtful debts due from the related party

Amounts written off in the period in respect of debts from/(to) the related -

party

Controlling party

Immediate controlling party M Cook

11 Additional information

Its registered number is:

04121983

Its registered office is:

Office Suite 6

HQ Business Centre

237 Union Street

Devon

PL1 3HQ

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