INEOS Fluor International Limited Annual report for the year ended 31 December 2002

Registered Number 4110462

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Annual report

for the year ended 31 December 2002

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2002

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

Principal activities

The principal activity of INEOS Fluor International Limited is to act as the administration company for the European branches, account managers and service centres of the INEOS Fluor Group. The company also acts as a manufacturer of flavour and fragrance extracts.

Review of the business

During the year the company has begun to trade in the Flavours and Fragrances business.

Results and dividends

The company's loss before taxation for the financial year was £767,000 (2001: £10,000). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2001: Nil).

Directors and their interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

J Reece	(resigned 3 September 2002)
TP Crotty	
R Bell	
A Kaye	
S Barnes	
D Price	

J Reece is also a director of the ultimate parent company, INEOS Group Limited, and his interests in the shares of that company are disclosed in that companies directors report.

R Bell and TP Crotty have an interest in the shares of the ultimate parent company, INEOS Group Limited, and their interests in the shares of that company are disclosed in the directors report of INEOS Holdings (Fluor and Silicas) Limited.

S Barnes and D Price have an interest in the shares of INEOS Fluor Holdings Limited, and their interests in the shares of that company are disclosed in the directors report of INEOS Fluor Holdings Limited.

At 31 December 2002 the interest of A Kaye in the share capital of INEOS Group Limited was as follows:

	2002	2001
	"C" Tracker Shares	"C" Tracker Shares
Number of shares	16,543	-

Employees

It is the company's practice to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment received from disabled persons, subject to the company's requirements and to the qualifications, ability and aptitude of the individual in each case.

Employees are provided with information about the company through regular briefing bulletins.

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable contributions during the year (2001 - £Nil).

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. The directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently. They also confirm that reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 and that applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

Following the conversion of our auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers to a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) from 1 January 2003, PricewaterhouseCoopers resigned on 11 March 2003 and the directors appointed its successor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, as auditors. A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the company will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

R Bell Secretary

28 April 2003

Independent auditors' report to the members of Ineos Fluor International Limited

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or in to whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Newcastle upon Tyne

Pricewaterhouse Cooper LL

28 April 2003

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000	13 months ended 31 December 2001 £'000
Turnover and Gross profit		36	(1)
Selling and distribution		(3)	-
Administration expenses		(791)	(1)
Operating loss	1	(758)	(1)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(9)	(9)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(767)	(10)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	227	
Loss for the financial year	12	(540)	(10)

All activities of the company relate to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than the loss above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Balance sheet as at 30 December 2002

	Note	2002	2001
		£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	6	80	90
		80	90
Current assets			
Debtors	7	70	83
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>-</u>	28
		70	111
Creditors - Amounts falling due within one year	8	(600)	(111)
Net current assets		(530)	-
Total assets less current liabilities	- "	(450)	90
Creditors - Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	9	(100)	(100)
Net liabilities	·	(550)	(10)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	-	-
Profit and loss account	11	(550)	(10)
Total shareholders' deficit		(550)	(10)

The financial statements on pages 4 to 12 were approved by the board of directors on 28 April 2003 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

Accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, the accounting policies set out below and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern assumption is based on confirmation that the company will be supported by its parent company to finance its activities for twelve months following the date of approval of these accounts.

Goodwill

On 9 January 2001 INEOS Fluor Limited bought the Klea business from ICI Plc and created the INEOS Fluor Group. As part of this transaction INEOS Fluor International Limited acquired the European branches, account managers and service centres of ICI Klea. Goodwill arising on this acquisition has been capitalised and is amortised through the profit and loss account over a period of ten years, estimated by the directors to be the useful economic life.

Deferred taxation

Financial Reporting Standard 19 "Deferred taxation" ("FRS 19") has been implemented during the year. Deferred tax is now recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in the future is uncertain. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities which have been recognised have not been discounted. There has been no impact on the financial statements in the current or previous year as a result of the implementation of FRS 19.

Cashflow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of INEOS Fluor Holdings Limited and is ultimately consolidated within the financial statements of INEOS Group Limited. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cashflow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996).

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account in the year in which they occur.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002

1 Operating loss

	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000	13 months ended 31 December 2001 £'000
Operating loss is stated after crediting:		
Auditors remuneration	-	-
Amortisation of goodwill	10	10

The audit fee has been included in the overall audit fee for INEOS Fluor Limited.

2 Directors' emoluments

	Year ended 31 December 2002	13 months ended 31 December 2001
	£'0 <u>0</u> 0	£'000
Aggregate emoluments	108	-

The directors' emoluments cost is borne by INEOS Fluor Limited.

One director has benefits accruing under a defined pension scheme. The FRS 17 disclosures in relation to this scheme are disclosed in the financial statements of INEOS Fluor Limited.

3 Staff number and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (excluding directors) during the year was 8 (2001: 8).

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000	13 months ended 31 December 2001 £'000
Wages and salaries	131	91
Social security costs	18	21
Pension costs	13	9
	162	121

4 Interest payable and similar charges

	Year ended 31	13 months ended 31
	December 2002	December 2001
	£'000	£'000
Loan with group undertaking	9	9

5 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000	13 months ended 31 December 2001 £'000
Current tax		
Group relief payable to group company at 30%		
- current year	(227)	
Total tax	(227)	-

	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(767)	(10)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	(230)	(3)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3	-
Deferred tax not provided	_	3
Current tax credit for the year	(227)	-

There are no factors expected to significantly affect the tax charge in future periods.

6 Goodwill

£'000
100
, ,
10
10
20
. water
80
90

As explained in the accounting policies set out on page 6, on 9 January 2001 the company acquired the European branches, account managers and service centres of ICI Klea with resultant goodwill of £100,000.

7 Debtors

	2002	2001
	£'000	£,000
Prepayments and accrued income	70	83

8 Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year

	2002	2001
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft	2	-
Trade creditors	-	7
Accruals and deferred income	-	2
Amounts due to group undertakings	598	102
	600	111

9 Creditors – Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2002	2001
	£'000	£,000
Amounts due to group undertakings	100	100

10 Equity share capital

	2002 £	2001 £
Authorised		
1,000 ordinary shares of £1	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 ordinary shares of £1		
Total equity and non equity share capital	1	1

11 Reserves

	Profit and loss account
	£'000
At 31 December 2001	(10)
Retained loss for the financial year	(540)
At 31 December 2002	(550)

12 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' deficit for the year ended 31 December 2002

	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
Opening equity shareholders' deficit	(10)	-
Loss for financial year	(540)	(10)
Closing equity shareholders' deficit	(550)	(10)

13 Contingent liabilities

The company is party to a credit agreement (the "Senior Credit Agreement") dated 23 May 2001. The Senior Credit Agreement comprises of Term Loans ("Term Loan A", "Term Loan B" and "Term Loan C") and a revolving credit facility ("the Revolving Credit Facility"). The total outstanding indebtedness under the Senior Credit Agreement at 31 December 2002 was €623.2 (2001: €740.7 million). The company is a guarantor under the Senior Credit Agreement. These obligations are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the company.

14 Related party transactions

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is INEOS Group Limited. As 100% of the company's voting rights are controlled within the group headed by INEOS Group Limited, the company has not disclosed transactions with fellow subsidiaries in accordance with the exemption under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No. 8.

15 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The directors regard INEOS Fluor Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom to be the immediate parent undertaking of the company. The directors regard INEOS Group Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom to be the ultimate parent undertaking of the company. Copies of INEOS Group Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained form the Company Secretary, INEOS Group Limited, Hawkslease, Chapel Lane, Lyndhurst, Hampshire, SO43 7FG.

The directors regard Mr J Ratcliffe to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of his majority shareholding in INEOS Group Limited.