Financial statements Year ended 31 March 2005

Company number 4094195

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Financial statements - year ended 31 March 2005

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Trading account

Director and company information

Directors

G J Pugh J H Smith

Secretary

JH Smith

Registered

office

19 Park Street Lytham Lancs FY8 5LU

Bankers

Coutts 440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

Auditors

Kevin Guy & Co

603/614 The Cotton Exchange

Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9LQ

Directors Report

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2005.

Statement of directors responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:-

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Comply with applicable accounting standards subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;

Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the company is now the management of an investment portfolio. During the year, the company also developed, produced and exploited television programmes and films. This activity ceased, in all material respects, in November 2004.

The intention is for the company to continue its investment activities in the future whilst seeking further possible production opportunities.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year after taxation was £43,959.

No dividends were paid during the year.

Directors Report continued

Directors

The directors who served during the year, together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company at the year end were as follows:-

	Ordinary shares of £0.50 each	
	2005	2004
P A Clarke (Resigned 31 August 2004)	-	-
I F Gordon (resigned 31 August 2004)	-	-
R A Pinnington (Resigned 30 April 2005)	-	-
G J Pugh	4,800,001	4,800,001
J H Smith	-	-

Auditors

CLB resigned as auditors on 19 July 2005 and Kevin Guy & Co were appointed on the same day. In accordance with section 379A of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually under section 386 of The Act was passed on 1 June 2002. Accordingly, Kevin Guy & Co will be deemed to continue in office as auditors.

Approved by the board on 12 August 2005 and signed on its behalf by

J H Smith Director

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 13 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 9.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of the Director and the Auditors

As described on page 2, the company's director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

It is our responsibility to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the director's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2005 and of its result for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Kevin Guy & Co Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Liverpool

Windmill TV Productions Limited

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2005

		2005		2004	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Turnover			3,685,380		2,612,044
Cost of sales			3,630,032		2,572,101
Gross profit			55,348		39,943
Administration expenses			72,109		229,484
Operating (loss) on discontinued acti	ivity 2		(16,761)		(189,541)
Interest receivable		94,322		101,021	
Income from fixed asset investments		(45,001)		-	
Interest payable	3	(77,146)	(27,825)	-	101,021
(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation			(44,586)		(88,520)
Total Motor Canada			(44,500)		(88,320)
Tax on (loss) on ordinary					
activities	6		627		-
(Loss) for the year			(43,959)		(88,520)

Discontinued operations

The trading activity of the company ceased in November 2004.

Total recognised gains and losses

(Loss) for the year	(43,959)	(88,520)
Movement on investment revaluation reserve	167,841	-
Total gains and losses recognised since the		
last annual report	123,882	(88,520)

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2005

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2009	•	2005		2004	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		-		-
Investments	8		8,159,663		-
			8,159,663		-
Current assets					
Investment in programmes	9	-		3,630,032	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	4,838 95,519		58,821 1,135,237	
Cash at Dank and in hand		93,319		1,133,237	
		100,357		4,824,090	
Creditors (amounts due					
within one year)	11	3,688,435		376,387	
Net current (liabilities)/ assets			(3,588,078)		4,447,703
Total assets less					
current liabilities			4,571,585 ======		4,447,703
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	12		2,400,001		2,400,001
Share premium account	13		2,164,800		2,164,800
Profit and loss account Revaluation reserve	13		(161,057) 167,841		(117,098)
Equity shareholders' funds	13		4,571,585		4,447,703

Approved by the board on 12 August 2005 and signed on its behalf by J H Smith

Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2005

		2005		2004
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) TO NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	£	£	£	£
Operating (loss)		(16,761)		(189,541)
Depreciation charges Decrease/(increase) in investment in programme. Decrease /(Increase) in debtors (Decrease)/Increase in creditors	s	3,630,032 53,983 (346,940)		1,707 (3,548,808) (25,282) 362,934
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		3,320,314		(3,398,990)
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		3,320,314		(3,398,990)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest paid Interest received Income from fixed asset investments Taxation Capital expenditure Payments to acquire fixed assets investments	(62,171) 94,322 (45,001) 	(8,004,045)	115,630	115,630
(Decrease) in cash		(4,683,731) ======		(3,283,360)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in	n net funds			
(Decrease) in cash and movement in net funds for the period		(4,683,731)		(3,283,360)
Net funds brought forward		1,135,237		4,418,597
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	95,519 (3,644,013)		1,135,237	
Net (debt)/funds carried forward		(3,548,494)		1,135,237

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention (modified to include the revaluation of fixed asset investments).

b) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts received and receivable, excluding value added tax, from the company's discontinued activity, including revenue from the exploitation of programmes and production fees. Amounts receivable are recognised when invoices in respect of such contracts become due.

c) Investment in programmes

Investment in programmes is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, using the individual programme forecast method.

Under the individual programme forecast method, the cost of each programme is amortised based on a programmes expected profit taking into account management's estimate of the total revenues to be earned over the life of the programme. Such estimates are revised periodically and losses, if any, are provided in full.

d) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of fixed assets on the following basis:

Fixtures & fittings

331/3 % on cost

e) Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at market value.

f) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences which have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and the results as stated in the financial statements which arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred taxation is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued asset and the resulting gain or loss has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred taxation recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred taxation is measured at the average tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws which have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Notes to the financial statements

		2005 £	2004 £
2	Operating (loss)		
	This is stated after charging:-		
	Depreciation - owned tangible fixed assets Auditors remuneration	1,500	1,707 2,600
3	Interest payable		
	Bank overdrafts	77,146	-
4	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	27,179 814	32,737 4,009
		27,993	36,746
	The average number of persons, including executive directors, employed by the company during the year was		
		Number	Number
	Administration	4	6
5	Directors remuneration		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Salary and fees	27,179	32,737
6	Tax on (loss) on ordinary activities		
	Analysis of charge in period:		
	Analysis of theige in period.		
	Current tax		

Notes to the financial statements continued

		2005 £	2004 £
6 (contd)		
Fa	ctors affecting tax charge for the period:		
	(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	(44,586)	(88,520) ======
	(Loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19 % (19 %)	(8,471)	(16,819)
	Effects of: Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge of previous periods Unrelieved tax losses arising in the year Current tax charge for the year	627 7,844 	324 - 16,495
7	Tangible fixed assets		Fixtures & fittings
	Cost At 1 April 2003 Disposals		\$. 5,582 (5,582)
	At 31 March 2005		-
	Depreciation At 1 April 2003 Disposals		5,582 (5,582)
	At 31 March 2005		-
	Net book value At 3 31 March 2005		-
	Net book value At 31 March 2004		-
8	Fixed asset investments	2005 £	2004 £
	Coutts portfolio at cost	7,991,822	-
	Market value at 31 March 2005	8,159,663 ————	-

In the event that the investments were realised for their market value, a tax charge of £50,352 would arise. This is not likely to crystallise in the near future.

Notes to the financial statements continued

9	Investment in programmes			2005 £	2004 £
	Cost At 1 April 2004 Incurred during the year Charged to cost of sales			3,630,032	9,963,832 6,022,742
	Charged to cost of sales			(3,630,032)	(12,356,542)
	At 31 March 2005			-	3,630,032
10	Debtors				
	Amounts due within one year				
	Other debtors			8,756	45,440
	Prepayments and accrued income			47	13,381
				8,803	58,821
11	Creditors: Amounts due within one year	г			
	Bank overdrafts (secured)			3,644,013	*
	Production advances due			-	339,557
	Social security and other taxes Accruals			44.422	1,915
	Other creditors			44,422	32,700 2,215
	other creations				
				3,688,435 =====	376,387 =====
Th	e bank overdraft is secured by a charge on	the company's inves	stment portfolio.		
12	Share capital				
		2005 No.	2004 No.	2005 £	2004 £
	thorised dinary shares of 50 pence each	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
	ued and fully paid dinary shares of 50 pence each	4,800,001	4,800,001 =========	2,400,001	2,400,001

Notes to the financial statements continued

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	Share capital £	Share Premium account £	Profit & loss account £	Revaluation reserve £	Total Shareholders funds £
At 1 April 2003	2,400,001	2,164,800	(28,578)	_	4,536,223
Loss for the year	, ,		` , ,		
to 31 March 2004	-	-	(88,520)	-	(88,520)
At 31 March 2004	2,400,001	2,164,800	(117,098)	-	4,447,703
Movement for the year	-	-	(43,959)	167,841	123,882
	4400004	0.464.800		4 5 - 0 4 5	
At 31 March 2005	2,400,001	2,164,800	(161,057)	167,841	4,571,585
			=======	=======	======

14 Related party transactions

P A Clarke, a director of the company until 31 August 2004 was also a director of Close Brothers Investment Limited which received administration fees for the year of £29,013 (2004: £120,543). J H Smith, a director of the company is also a director of Ashworth Treasure Limited which received secretarial fees for the year of £7,330 (2004: £nil)

15 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party throughout the year was Graham John Pugh who, together with his spouse, owns 100% of the issued share capital of the company.