Company Number: 04093919

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC (the "Company")

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were passed as special resolutions of the Company at an Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 27 September 2014

"SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 12. That the members of the Company agree that the rights attached to the shares in the capital of the Company shall be varied and from the date of this Annual General Meeting the shares in issue and to be issued in future shall carry no right to a dividend.
- 13. That the members of the Company agree that the rights attached to the shares in the capital of the Company shall be varied and from the date of this Annual General Meeting the shares in issue and to be issued in future shall have no right to an amount greater than the nominal vale of the share on the winding up of the Company.
- 14. That Article 10 of the Articles of Association of the Company (rights attaching to shares) be amended by the addition of this proviso at the end of the article -

"Provided that the Company shall not issue shares which shall have a right to a dividend or to an amount greater than the nominal value of the share on the winding up of the Company." "

Dated:

1.12-2014

A28

03/12/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

#243

Company Secretary

Company number: 04093919

COMPANIES ACTS 1985 AND 1989

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES

OF ASSOCIATION OF

WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC

Adopted by Special Resolution passed on 20 November 2000 and amended by Special Resolutions passed on 13 October 2003, 29 September 2012 and 27 September 2014

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WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC (the "Company")

EXPLANATORY NOTE TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Company adopted new articles by special resolution passed on 20 November 2000

On 13 October 2003, article 3 of those articles was amended by special resolution A copy of the special resolution is attached. The amendments made to article 3 by the 2003 special resolutions related to the conversion of certain ordinary shares in the capital of the Company into "A" ordinary shares, and the rights attaching thereto.

The "A" ordinary shares have all since been re-convened back into ordinary shares, in accordance with article 34 (as inserted by the 2003 special resolutions) as was noted in the board resolution dated 19 April 2007. As a result, the amendments introduced by the 2003 special resolution are redundant, and the articles may effectively be read as they were adopted in 2000.

The 2003 special resolutions are appended for completeness only, as they are technically still effective, but in practice are irrelevant

A special resolution was passed on 29 September 2012 which is incorporated into the Articles.

Special resolutions were also passed on 27 September 2014 altering rights of shareholders. Article 10 has been amended accordingly and the following resolutions were also passed:

"That the members of the Company agree that the rights attached to the shares in the capital of the Company shall be varied and from the date of this Annual General Meeting the shares in issue and to be issued in future shall carry no right to a dividend"

"That the members of the Company agree that the rights attached to the shares in the capital of the Company shall be varied and from the date of this Annual General Meeting the shares in issue and to be issued in future shall carry no right to an amount greater than the nominal of the share on the winding up of the company."

Malcolm Lynch

Company Secretary

COMPANIES ACTS 1985 AND 1989

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC

- 1 The Name is "Wensleydale Railway PLC"
- 2 The company is to be a public company
- 3. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in England and Wales
- 4. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - (a) To carry on business as a general commercial company, to manage, own and operate a railway and to carry on the associated activities of retailing and running restaurants.
 - (b) To borrow and raise money and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgages and charges upon all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company, or by the creation and issue of debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any description or, if necessary, by becoming a member of any financial institution.
 - (c) To issue any securities which the Company has power to issue for any purpose whether by way of security or indemnity or in satisfaction of any liability undertaken or agreed to be undertaken by the Company
 - (d) To receive money on deposit or loan upon such terms as the Company may approve.
 - (e) To advance, lend or deposit money or give credit to or with any company, firm or person on such terms as may be thought fit and with or without security.
 - (f) To guarantee or give indemnities or provide security, with or without the Company receiving any consideration or advantage, direct or indirect whether by personal covenant or by mortgage or charge upon all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company, or by all or any such methods, for the performance of any contracts or obligations, and the payment of the capital or principal (together with any premium) and dividends or interest on any shares, debentures or other securities, of any person, firm or company including (but without limiting the generality of the foregoing) any

company which is for the time being the holding company of the Company or any other subsidiary of any such holding company or is associated with the Company in business

- (g) To establish and maintain or procure the establishment or maintenance of any non-contributory or contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances, or emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or if any company which is its holding company or is a subsidiary of the Company or any such other holding company or otherwise is allied to or associated with the Company, to who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company, and the wives, widows, families and dependants of any such persons, and also to establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and wellbeing of the Company or of any such other Company, or of any such persons as aforesaid, and to make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons
- (h) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general to other useful object for any purpose which may be considered directly or indirectly to further the interests of the Company or its members
- (i) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, discount, execute and issue, and to buy, sell and deal with promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities
- (J) To establish or contribute to any scheme for the acquisition by trustees of shares in the Company or its holding company to be held by or for the benefit of employees (including any director holding a salaried employment or office) of the Company or (so far as for the time being permitted by law) any of the Company's subsidiaries and to lend money (so far as aforesaid) to any such employees to enable them to acquire shares of the Company or its holding company and to formulate and carry into effect any scheme for sharing profits with any such employees
- (k) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or any joint venture or arrangement for sharing profits or other association with any company, firm or person.
- (l) To promote or join in the promotion of any company whether or not having objects similar to those of the Company
- (m) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, liabilities and transactions of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of the

Company, or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.

- (n) To dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking and all or any of the property, assets and rights of the Company for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares or other securities, whether fully or partly paid.
- (o) To procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any territory outside England.
- (p) To subscribe, underwrite purchase or otherwise acquire, and to hold, dispose of, and deal with shares, stocks, debentures, securities or other investments of any nature, and any options or rights in respect thereof, and to buy and sell foreign exchange.
- (q) To distribute among members of the Company in specie or otherwise, by way of dividend or bonus or by way of reduction of capital, all or any of the property or assets of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or other disposal of any property or assets of the Company with, and subject to, any incidental authorities and consent required by law
- (r) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either by or through agents, trustees, sub-contractors or otherwise
- (s) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that, save as otherwise expressly provided, each of the paragraphs of this Clause shall be regarded as specifying separate and independent objects and accordingly shall not be in any way limited by reference to or inference from any other paragraph or the order in which the same occur or the name of the Company.

- 5 The liability of the Members is limited
- 6. The share capital of the Company is £10,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each.

COMPANIES ACTS 1985 AND 1989

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC

1. The regulations in Table A in The Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (as amended) shall not apply to the Company

2. In these Articles (if not inconsistent with the subject or context).

The Act.

means the Companies Act 1985,

The Statutes.

means the Act and every other Act for the time being

in force concerning companies and affecting the

Company,

These Articles.

means these Articles of Association as from time to

time altered.

Electronic Form.

has the meaning given by Section 1168 of the

Companies Act 2006,

Office.

means the registered office of the Company for the

time being,

Transfer Office

means the place where the Register of Members is

situate for the time being,

Seal.

means the Common Seal of the Company,

Securities Seal.

means an official seal kept by the Company by virtue

of Section 40 of The Act,

The United Kingdom

means Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

Month.

means calendar month,

Year[.]

means calendar year,

In writing.

means written or produced by any substitute for

writing or partly one and partly another, and

Paid

means paid or credited as paid.

The word "Act" related to a particular year refers to the Companies Act of that year

The expression "debenture" and "debenture holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder".

The expression "Employees' Share Scheme" bears the meaning ascribed thereto by Section 743 of the Act.

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

The expression "Stock Exchange Nominee" bears the meaning ascribed thereto by Section 7(2) of the Stock Exchange (Completion of Bargains) Act 1976

Such of the provisions of these Articles as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and vice versa Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include corporations

Subject as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these Articles. A Special or Extraordinary Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Articles

SHARE CAPITAL

3. The authorised share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these Articles is £10,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-quarters in nominal value of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up To every such separate General Meeting all the

provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class (but at any adjourned meeting any holder of shares of the class present in person or proxy shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him

The foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied

5. The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects pari passu therewith but in no respect in priority thereto

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Articles with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise
- 7 The Company may by Ordinary Resolution
 - 7 1 consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares,
 - 72 cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled, and
 - subdivide the shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Statutes), and so that the resolution whereby any share is subdivided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such subdivision, one or more of the shares may, as compared with others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights over, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares
- 8 The Company may reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reserve, share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law

SHARES

- 9. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder
- Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether as regards dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed Provided that the Company shall not issue shares which shall have a right to a dividend or to an amount greater than the nominal value of the share on the winding up of the Company
- 11. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes relating to authority, pre-emption rights and otherwise and of any resolution of the Company in general meeting passed pursuant thereto, all unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper
- The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Statutes to the full extent thereby permitted. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful
- The Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

14. Every share certificate shall be issued under the Seal (or under a Securities Seal or, in the case of shares on a branch register, an official seal for use in the relevant territory) and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. No certificate shall normally be issued in respect of shares held by a Stock Exchange Nominee.

- 15. In the case of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to one of joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.
- 16. Any person (subject as aforesaid) whose name is entered in the Register of Members in respect of shares of any one class upon the issue or transfer thereof shall be entitled without payment to a certificate therefor (in the case of issue) within one month (or such longer period as the terms of issue shall provide) after allotment or (in the case of a transfer of fully-paid shares) within fourteen days after lodgement of a transfer or (in the case of a transfer of partly-paid shares) within two months after lodgement of a transfer.
- Where some only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares issued in lieu without charge
- 18 (a) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge
 - (b) If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request.
 - (c) If a share certificate be damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed a new certificate representing the same shares may be issued to the holder upon request subject to delivery up of the old certificate or (if alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed) compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Directors may think fit
 - (d) In the case of shares held jointly by several persons any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

CALLS ON SHARES

- 19. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or, when permitted, by way of premium) but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments
- Each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a

- share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine
- If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding 15 per cent per annum) as the Directors determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part
- Any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 24. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the monies (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto) the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding 15 per cent per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors may agree

FORFEITURE AND LIEN

- If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the due date for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued thereon and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment
- 26. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited
- If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and

not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder

- A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid
- A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares and shall notwithstanding the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at 15 per cent per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may determine) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment and the Directors may at their absolute discretion enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender or waive payment in whole or in part
- The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share and (so far as permitted by the Statutes) the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on every share standing registered in the name of a single member for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts and liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article
- 31. The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy
- The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities in respect whereof the lien exists so far as the same are then payable and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time

- of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser.
- A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold, reallotted or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 34. All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual common form or in any other form acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register or Members in respect thereof.
- The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The Register of Members shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year
- The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register any transfer of shares (whether or not a fully paid share) The Directors may also refuse to register a transfer of shares (whether fully paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal
- The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share and is lodged at the Transfer Office accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do) In the case of a transfer by a Stock Exchange Nominee the lodgement of share certificates will only be necessary if and to the extent that certificates have been issued in respect of the shares in question

- 38 All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company.
- 39. No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or stop notice or powers of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares
- 40. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of cancellation thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and every other document herein before mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books and records of the Company. Provided always that:
 - (a) the provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties hereto) to which the document might be relevant, and
 - (b) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article, and
 - (c) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- In case of the death of a shareholder, the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him
- Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share or upon giving to the Company notice in writing of his desired transfer such share to some other person then that person shall be registered as the holder of such share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to

- transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member
- Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these Articles a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- An Annual General Meeting shall be held not more than eighteen months after the incorporation of the Company and subsequently once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.
- 45. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- An Annual General Meeting and any Extraordinary General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company. Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed
 - (a) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (b) In the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

- 47. (a) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
 - (b) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
 - (c) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business, and if any resolution is to be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution or as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect
- 48. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say
 - (a) declaring dividends,
 - (b) receiving and adopting the accounts, the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts,
 - (c) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement whether by rotation or otherwise,
 - (d) re-appointing the retiring Auditors (unless they were last appointed otherwise than by the Company in General Meeting), and
 - (e) fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- The Chairman of the Directors, failing whom the Deputy Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting If there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be Chairman of the meeting,
- No business other than the appointment of a Chairman shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting

proceeds to business. Five members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes

- If within five minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval as the Chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to such other day and such time and place as may have been specified for the purpose in the notice convening the meeting or (if not so specified) as the Chairman of the meeting may determine and in the latter case not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting. At the adjourned meeting any two members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- The Chairman of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present may with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more sine die, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting.
- Save as hereinbefore expressly provided, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting
- If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the Chairman of the meeting the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special or Extraordinary Resolution no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon
- At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by either.
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting, or
 - (b) not less than three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, or
 - (c) a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting, or

- (d) a member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares to the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.
- Onless a poll is required a declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of a poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll
- In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote
- 58. A poll demanded on the choice of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these presents to any class of shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person shall have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every £1 in nominal amount of the shares of which he is the holder
- In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members in respect of the shares.
- Where in England or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their

absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person on behalf of such member to vote in person or by proxy at any General Meeting or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

- 62. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of shares held by him to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company if any call or other sum presently payable by him to the Company in respect of such shares remains unpaid or if he or any person appearing to be interested in such shares has been duly served with a notice under Section 212 of The Act and is in default in supplying to the Company the information thereby required
- No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- A proxy need not be a member of the Company
- An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in the usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may approve and
 - (a) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or by his attorney, and
 - (b) In the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or duly authorised officer of the corporation.

The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following Article, falling which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

An instrument appointing a proxy must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Transfer Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a

poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. The instrument shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.

- 68. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll but shall not confer any further right to speak at the meeting, except with the permission of the chairman of the meeting
- A vote cast by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Transfer Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES

Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS

- 71. Subject as hereinafter provided the Directors shall not be less than two in number. The first Directors shall be appointed in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution from time to time vary the minimum number and/or maximum number of Directors.
- 72. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings
- The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only

- to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.
- Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman whether or not such office is held in an executive capacity), or who serves on any committee of the Directors, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine
- The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company
- The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director or ex-Director and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums
- A Director may be party to or in any way interested in any contract or arrangement or transaction to which the Company is a party or in which the Company is any way interested and he may hold any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any other company in which the Company is in any way interested and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the Company, or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and in any such case as aforesaid (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him thereunder or in consequence thereof.
- 78. (a) The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
 - (b) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company
 - (c) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he ceases from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state

otherwise, in which event the determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company

79. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such term and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 80. Any provision of the Statutes which, subject to the provisions of these presents, would have the effect of rendering any person ineligible for appointment as a Director or liable to vacate office as a Director on account of his having reached any specified age or of requiring special notice or any other special formality in connection with the appointment of any Director over a specified age, shall not apply to the Company
- The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely
 - (a) If he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director, or
 - (b) If he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer, or
 - (c) If he shall have a receiving order made against him or shall compound with his creditors generally, or
 - (d) If in England or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs
- 82. At each Annual General Meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation
- The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to obtain the number required) any Director who is due to retire at the meeting by reason of age or who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who become or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

- The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill the office by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the returning Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except where.
 - (a) at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such vacated office or a Resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost, or
 - (b) such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected, or
 - (c) the default is due to the moving of a resolution in contravention of the next following Article, or
 - (d) such Director has attained any retiring age applicable to him as Director.

The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break.

- A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it, and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void
- No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than seven nor more than forty-two days (inclusive of the date on which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been lodged at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected
- The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office (notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement) and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office and any person so appointed shall be treated for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire by rotation as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last

- elected a Director In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled as a casual vacancy
- 88. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. Without prejudice thereto the Directors shall have power at any time so to do, but so that the total number of Directors shall not thereby exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these Articles. Any person so appointed by the Directors shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 89. (a) Any Director may at any time by writing under his hand and deposited at the Office, or delivered at a meeting of the Directors, appoint any person (including another Director) to be alternate Director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Directors, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved
 - (b) The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which if he were a Director would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director
 - An alternate Director shall (except when absent from the United Kingdom) (c) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all functions of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director, his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom or) temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Directors the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member An alternate Director shall not (save as aforesaid) have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Articles
 - (d) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if

he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- Subject to the provisions of these Articles the Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retroactive
- The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretion for the time being exercisable by the Directors.
- Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 93 (a) Save as herein provided, a Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any material interest otherwise than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of or otherwise in or through the Company A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at the meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.
 - (b) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes a Director shall (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicted below) be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolution concerning any of the following matters, namely:
 - (i) The giving of any security or indemnity to him in respect of money lent or obligations incurred by him for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
 - (ii) The giving of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security
 - (iii) Any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for

- subscription or purchase in which offer he is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof
- (iv) Any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, provided that he (together with persons connected with him within the meaning of Section 346 of the Act) is not the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent or more of the issued shares of any class of such company (or of any third company through which his interest is derived) or of the voting rights available to a member of the relevant company (any such interest being deemed for the purposes of this Article to be a material interest in all circumstances).
- (v) Any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement benefits scheme under which he may benefit and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes or of any Employees' Share Scheme
- (c) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under paragraph (b)(iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment
- (d) If any question shall arise at any time as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the entitlement of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interests of such Director has not been fairly disclosed
- (e) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article
- The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling up such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing

to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors

- Of the Directors may elect from their number a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall have been appointed or if at any meeting of the Directors no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
 - (b) If at any time there is more than one Deputy Chairman, the right in the absence of the Chairman to preside at a meeting of the Directors or of the Company shall be determined as between the Deputy Chairmen present (if more than one) by seniority in length of appointment or otherwise as resolved by the Directors.
- 96. A Resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more of the Directors
- The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretion to committees consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee but so that (a) the number of co-opted members shall be less than one-half of the total number of members of the committee and (b) no resolution of the committee shall be effective unless a majority of the members of the committee present at the meeting are Directors.
- The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed mutatis mutandis by the provisions of these Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.
- All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of any such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duty appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote

BORROWING POWERS

100. Subject as hereinafter provided and to the provisions of the Statutes the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 101. The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in forming and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these presents required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these presents, to the provisions of the Statutes and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by Special Resolution of the Company, but no regulation so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article
- The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to subdelegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby
- The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Director under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to subdelegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion vested in him,
- 104. The Directors may from time to time elect a President of the Company and may determine the period for which he shall hold office. Such President may be either

honorary or paid such remuneration as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit, and need not be a Director but shall, if not a Director, be entitled to receive notice of and attend and speak, but not to vote, at all meetings of the Board of Directors

- 105. Subject to and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, the Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, may cause to be kept in any territory a branch register or members resident in such territory, and the Directors may make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register
- All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine

SECRETARY

107. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries

THE SEAL

- 108 (a) The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and any Securities Seal and neither shall be used without the authority of the Directors in that behalf
 - (b) Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.
 - (c) The Securities Seal shall be used only for sealing securities issued by the Company and documents creating or evidencing securities so issued. Any such securities or documents sealed with the Securities Seal shall not require to be signed
- 109. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

110. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors, and any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts, and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

RESERVES

The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have peen divided. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profits. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the Directors shall comply with the provisions of the Statutes.

DIVIDENDS

- 112 The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and to respect of such periods as they think fit
- Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid For

- the purposes of this Article no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share
- No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution under the provisions of the Statutes
- Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profit and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- No dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company
- 118. (a) The Directors may retain any dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists
 - (b) The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same
- The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the shareholder (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company
- The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof and any dividend unclaimed after a period of twelve years from the date of declaration of such dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.
- 121. The Company may upon the recommendation of the Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company) and the Directors shall give effect to such Resolution Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value

- so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.
- 122. Any dividend or other monies payable in cash on or in respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person and such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby
- 123 If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other monies payable or distributable on or in respect of the share.
- Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

125 The Directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including Share Premium Account, Capital Redemption Reserve or other undistributable reserve) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the holders of Ordinary Shares on the Register at the close of business on the date of the Resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided) in proportion to their then holdings of Ordinary Shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Ordinary Shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class, not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares in the proportion aforesaid The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions

whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned

ACCOUNTS

- Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to inspection by the officers of the Company Subject as aforesaid no member of the Company or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Statute or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Directors.
- 127. A copy of every balance sheet and profit and loss account which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or attached or annexed thereto) shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents Provided that this Article shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one of joint holders or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office

If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be listed on The Stock Exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of The Stock Exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice

AUDITORS

- Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified
- An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES

- 130 Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company as his address for the service of notice, or by delivering it to such address addressed as aforesaid Any notice may also be served in Electronic Form, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 In the case of a member registered on a branch register any such notice or document may be posted either in the United Kingdom or in the territory in which such branch register is maintained. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours (or, where secondclass mail is employed, forty-eight hours) after the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted The Company may supply documents, notices and information to the members via a web-site in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.
- Any notice given to that one of the joint holders of a share whose name stands first in the Register of Members in respect of the share shall be sufficient notice to all joint holders in their capacity as such. For such purpose a joint holder having no registered address the United Kingdom and not having supplied an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices shall be disregarded.
- 132 A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the member but for his death or bankruptcy would have been entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt or in liquidation, and whether or not the Company have notice of his death or bankruptcy or liquidation, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or first-named joint holder
- 133 A member who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) has not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices from the Company
- 134 If at any time, by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the United Kingdom, the Company is unable effectively to convene a General

Meeting by notices sent through the post, a General Meeting may be convened by a notice advertised on the same date in at least two leading daily newspapers with appropriate circulation and such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members entitled thereto at noon on the day when the advertisement appears. In any such case the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if at least seven days prior to the meeting the posting of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom again becomes practicable

Nothing in any of the preceding five Articles shall affect any requirement of the Statutes that any particular offer, notice or other document be served in any particular manner

WINDING UP

136. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation be voluntary, under supervision, or by the court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Extraordinary Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kind, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Liquidator with the like authority think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability

INDEMNITY

Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by law, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

Company Number 04093919

Minutes of the Second Annual General Meeting of

WENSLEYDALE RAILWAY PLC

WE CERTIFY THIS TO BE A TRUE at 2.50pm On 13th October 2003

COPY OF THE ORIGINAL

at Bedale Hall, Bedale

DENISON TILL

DATED THIS 13 DAY OF CHE

Special Resolutions

#481GSP7N#

0460 15/10/03

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company the following resolutions were passed on a show of hands as special resolutions of the Company:

2 1 to consider, and if thought fit pass, the following resolutions as special resolutions.

Resolution 1

"THAT the 50,000 existing partly paid ordinary shares of £1 each in the capital of the Company currently registered in the names of Mr Keith Cameron, Mr Scott Handley, Mr Nicholas Bullock, Mrs Ruth Annison, Mr Clive Roberts, Mr Colin Brown, Mr Andrew Maude, Mr Mark Flather and Mr Alan Graham (as trustee for the Wensleydale Railway Association) be converted forthwith into "A" Ordinary Shares £1 each having the rights and being subject to the limitations attached thereto by the revisions proposed to the Articles of Association of the Company by this Special Resolution:

That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by the deletion of the existing Article 3 and the substitution therefore of the following new Article 3

3. The authorised share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these Articles is £10,000,000 divided into 9,950,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each and 50,000 "A" Ordinary Shares of £1 each (together referred to in this Article as the "Shares") The rights attaching to the respective classes of Shares shall be as follows

3.1 Voting

The Ordinary Shares and the "A" Ordinary Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects as to voting save that on a poll vote the holders of the "A" Ordinary Shares shall only be entitled to one vote for every four "A" Ordinary Shares held

3.2 Income

The profits which the Company determines to distribute in respect of any financial year shall be paid between the holders of the Ordinary Shares and "A" Ordinary Shares in the ratio of 4.1 respectively in respect of each Share held

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3.3 Capital

- 3 3.1 On a return of assets on liquidation or otherwise, the assets of the Company remaining after payment of its debts and liabilities and available for distribution to holders of shares shall be distributed:-
 - (A) first, in paying to the holders of the Shares the amounts respectively paid up or credited as paid up thereon; and
 - (B) as to the balance between the holders of the Ordinary Shares and "A" Ordinary Shares in the ratio of 4:1 respectively in respect of each Share held
- 3.3.2 On a Sale, the total consideration received in respect of the Shares shall be allocated between the sellers of such Shares to the extent necessary to ensure that the aggregate sale proceeds are apportioned in the priority provided in Articles 3 3.1
- 3.3 3 For the purposes of Articles 3.3.2 "Sale" means the sale or transfer of any Shares (whether or not as part of a single transaction) of Shares constituting at least ninety per cent of the issued equity share capital of the Company

3.4 Conversion

The holders of the "A" Ordinary Shares may at any time pay up in full the balance of any monies owing on any "A" Ordinary Shares held by them whereupon they shall be entitled upon serving notice on the Company to have such number of fully paid "A" Ordinary Shares as may be held by them converted into an equal number of Ordinary Shares and the following provisions shall have effect.

- 3.4.1 The conversion shall be effected by notice in writing given to the Company signed by the holder of the "A" Ordinary Shares and the conversion shall take effect immediately upon the date of delivery of such notice to the Company unless such notice states that conversion is to be effective when any conditions specified in the notice have been fulfilled in which case conversion shall take effect when such conditions have been fulfilled.
- 3 4 2 Forthwith after conversion takes effect the holders of the Ordinary Shares resulting from the conversion shall send to the Company the certificates in respect of their respective holding of "A" Ordinary Shares and the Company shall issue to such holders respectively certificates for the Ordinary Shares resulting from the conversion,
- 3 4.3 The Ordinary Shares resulting from the conversion shall rank from the date of conversion pari passu in all respects with the remaining ordinary shares in the capital of the Company "

Resolution 2

That clause 6 of the Memorandum of Association be amended to reflect the above changes of capital

Company Secretary