Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

for

IP2IPO Limited



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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

DIRECTORS:

D G Baynes G Smith C E Glasson A Leach

SECRETARY:

IP2IPO Services Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE:

2nd Floor, 3 Pancras Square Kings Cross, London,

England N1C4AG

REGISTERED NUMBER:

04072979 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The principal activity of IP2IPO Limited ("the Company") during the period was commercialisation of intellectual property via its relationships with UK universities, other research institutions and our broader sourcing network. The Company continues to create spin-out companies and to provide development services to such spin-out companies.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year are set out on page 11. The Company's profit for the period was £357,477k (year ended 31 December 2020: £217,637k). The directors do not propose a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (year ended 31 December 2020: £nil).

MARKET ENVIRONMENT

While COVID-19 remained a major feature of 2021, equity markets continued their recovery in the year before coming under pressure again in 2022 due to geo-political uncertainties, heightened by the events in Ukraine, the ongoing pandemic-related economic issues as well as supply chain issues and inflationary pressures. Many IP Group-founded companies have played a key role in the response to the pandemic, including Oxford Nanopore which provided tools for an unprecedented global effort to sequence and monitor the virus. Science as a driver for innovation is now widely understood and accepted and there is widespread recognition that scientific solutions are needed to address the major challenges facing the world. Record levels of capital have been committed to venture capital and growth focused funds in recent years with much yet to be deployed.

There remains, of course, significant short-term uncertainty with rising inflation and interest rates as well as geopolitical concems, greatly exacerbated by Russia's recent invasion of Ukraine, which is causing volatility in equity markets globally including a rotation out of growth companies. Increased protectionism and nationalism around funding, owning, and developing 'innovations of strategic importance' also remains a theme and there is evidence of increased competition for investment opportunities and talent. Having acted to ensure that the Group has a strong level of liquidity, IP Group remains well placed to support its portfolio companies through this period of uncertainty and is confident that appetite for growth companies will return.

STRATEGY

The Company's business plan is to continue to create and develop spin-out companies via its relationships with UK universities, other research institutions and our broader sourcing network.

The Company provides financial and operation support to its Limited Partnerships IP2IPO Portfolio LP and IP Venture Fund II LP to enable the continued growth of their portfolio of equity and debt investments. The Company intends to continue providing such support in line with the relevant Limited Partnership Agreements.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors of IP Group plc manage the group's operations on a consolidated basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that analysis using KPIs for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company. The development, performance and position of IP Group plc, which includes the Company, is discussed in IP Group plc's 2021 annual report and financial statements which do not form part of this report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks.

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are considered to relate to the protection of intellectual pro perty and market risk in respect of its equity investments held directly or indirectly via limited liability partnership investments. The principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks and uncertainties of the larger group and are not managed separately. Further discussion of these risks and uncertainties, in the context of the group as a whole, is provided on pages 52 to 63 of IP Group plc's 2021 annual report and financial statements which does not form part of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's primary exposure to financial instruments is in relation to the holding of equity and debt instruments in spin-out companies, cash and trade debtors.

The directors manage the risks inherent in the holding of equity and debt instruments through the establishment, at a Group-wide level, of investment appraisal processes and asset monitoring procedures which are subject to overall review by the Board. The Group has also established corporate finance and communications teams dedicated to supporting portfolio companies with fundraising activities and investor relations.

Furthermore, the Company maintains adequate liquid capital such that it is not reliant on external providers of liquidity to support its operations.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The directors believe the Company will continue to trade for the foreseeable future.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Statement by the Directors in performance of their duties in accordance with s172(1) Companies Act 2006

The directors of IP2IPO Limited (the "Company") consider, both individually and together as a Board, that they have acted in the way that they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the company for the benefit of its members as a whole. This statement sets out how the Board has had regard to the matters set out in s172(1) Companies Act 2006 when performing its duties under s172 Companies Act 2006 ("s172") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The directors determined that the Company is required to produce a s172 statement for 2021 as it exceeds the thresholds for a small company and is part of an ineligible group (as defined in The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 (SI 2018/860)) as its parent company, IP Group plc, has shares admitted to trading on the Main Market of London Stock Exchange.

Identifying key stakeholders

The Company's stakeholders are people, communities, and entities with an interest in the Company's purpose, strategy and business and who are or may be impacted by the Board's decisions. The Board is responsible for creating sustainable value for the Company's sole shareholder and in order to ensure the Company's long-term success, it is critical that the Board engages with and considers the interests of the Company's wider stakeholders when making decisions.

During 2021, the Company undertook a complete analysis of its stakeholders, to ensure that those stakeholders whom it had pre viously identified remained accurately characterised and relevant in 2021. Following such analysis, the Board determined that the Company's key stakeholders are IP Group plc (as its sole shareholder) together with the following stakeholders (which are also the stakeholders of IP Group plc):

- Employees
- Portfolio companies
- Co-investors
- Universities and other research partners
- The environment and wider community
- The European Investment Bank and the European Investment Fund
- Regulators
- Brokers and advisors (including industry analysts)
- Governance bodies including proxy advisors
- Suppliers of professional services
- Third-party fund managers
- Media

The Board is aware that when considering potential decisions, there may be other stakeholders not included in the key stakeholder list above whose interests may be relevant and the Company will engage with and consider such stakeholders' views in its deliberations as necessary.

Engagement with those stakeholders that the Company shares with IP Group plc, are carried out by IP Group plc on behalf of its wider group ("Group"). Details of these engagements with stakeholders, examples of stakeholder engagement in action and how stakeholder views are reported to the IP Group plc Board and influence its agenda are set out in the annual report of IP Group plc to 31 December 2021 which can be found at https://www.ipgroupplc.com/investor-relations/reports-and-presentations.

Consideration of long-term consequences in decision-making

The long-term strategy of IP Group plc and the wider Group is to develop and support intellectual property-based businesses that will have a positive impact on the environment and society into robust businesses, from concept to maturity, with the aim of delivering attractive financial returns for the group. The Company adopted the strategy of IP Group plc for 2021 without amendment.

The Group considers environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors at both group level and across its portfolio and investment approach. Further details can be found in the annual report of IP Group plc to 31 December 2021.

The Company also plays a role as a 'responsible steward' to its portfolio companies. This includes setting expectations of high levels of corporate governance, taking up director positions on the boards of the Company's focus companies to ensure robust corporate governance processes are in place, facilitating introductions to external advisors and sharing any best practice or helpful tips on new legislation.

Culture

The Company's is increasingly focussing capital, resources, and expertise on clear thematic areas, focusing on companies whose products and services will meaningfully contribute to a cleaner, healthier, tech-enriched future. The Company prides itself on its high standards of business conduct and expects that its portfolio companies, co-investors and suppliers hold the same high standards when conducting their respective businesses.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Training

All of the directors of the Company are also directors of IP Group plc. During 2021, the Board of IP Group plc received training on the \$172 requirements, and all directors have therefore received training on their director duties.

Board's decision-making

The Board considers \$172 factors in all of its decisions and once a decision has been made, the decision is documented in the Board minutes and the Board feeds back to the relevant stakeholders as appropriate as part of its continued meaningful stakeholder engagement process. Where appropriate and being mindful of legislative obligations, together with confidentiality, the Board (via IP Group plc) seeks feedback from stakeholders prior to a decision being implemented. The Board then documents its decision-making process for its principal decisions in its \$172 statement.

The Board meets once per quarter to formally adopt the strategy of IP Group plc and will hold additional meetings as required to debate and agree any principal decisions.

Principal Decisions

Detailed in the case study below is an overview of the relevant stakeholder interests which were considered by the Board when it took the decisions to dispose of certain assets.

Disposal of certain assets

The Board debated the disposal or partial disposal of certain investments in portfolio companies, including certain strategic assets for which the Board of IP Group plc or the Group's Executive Committee, has direct oversight. In relation to decisions regarding disposals, the Board considered the following factors to be relevant:

- IP Group plc as sole shareholder, the shareholders of IP Group plc and consideration of long-term effects of the decision and link with Group's strategy: Alongside the specific stakeholder interests, the Directors considered any long-term effects of the disposal and how this linked to the Group's strategy. One consideration was how these assets fit in with the Group's ESG policy and ethical framework whilst noting that a key part of the Group's strategy is to return financial value from its investee companies to shareholders and a disposal would meet this aim.

The Directors considered how a short-term decision to sell an asset and achieve a financial return linked into the longer-term strategy to create long-term value for its shareholders. In certain circumstances, the Directors concluded that a partial disposal was the most appropriate action, achieving a financial return and strengthening the Group's cash position whilst allowing the Group to retain a significant shareholding (by size and value) in the company to further grow in value over the longer term.

- Portfolio companies: As any disposal decision relates to a sale of the Group's shares in another company, the interests of the underlying company are highly relevant and need to be considered. The Directors considered in each case whether the disposal of the investment could be beneficial to the company, for example by allowing new investors to be introduced to the portfolio company, or wheth er it may have a possible negative effect, perhaps due to the perception in the market of the Group selling its shares. Engagement with the portfolio company would most typically take place by a direct communication prior to the decision taking place.
- Co-investors: The Directors also considered the interests of any co-investors invested in the relevant portfolio company. Depending on the portfolio company in question, a disposal may be beneficial for co-investors, for example, giving them the opportunity to increase their own shareholdings in the company or alternatively co-investors may be concerned about the wider perception as a result of the Group's sale of shares.
- Employees: When considering disposals, the Directors considered the impact on its employees generally and in particular any employees who may be working with the asset being discussed or acting as a director of such company. In addition, the impact on any other internal teams providing services to portfolio companies (such as IP Capital) were considered. To understand the views of employees, where appropriate, the directors sought feedback via IP Connect or otherwise liaised directly with specific employees.

Consideration of any conflicts

When making decisions, the directors were aware of the duty to act fairly between members of the company. This was relevant in particular where a shareholder of the Group was also a shareholder in the portfoliocompany or otherwise had an interest in the disposal. Any Director who had or may have a conflict declared this conflict, and if necessary, was excluded from the decision-making process.

Feedback:

Once the Board had agreed to dispose of certain of its shares in an asset, direct feedback was delivered to the portfolio company, employees, and any co-investors.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Capital Allocation and Dividend Policy

The Board seeks to ensure that the Company has sufficient capital to optimally pursue its long-term strategic aims. Please refer to the annual report of IP Group plc to 31 December 2021 for further details of the Group's long-term strategic aims and capital allocation. The Company does not currently pay a dividend.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Chris Glasson (Sep 29, 2022 17:59 GMT+1)
C E Glasson - Director

Date: Sep 29, 2022

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Directors' report should be read in conjunction with the Strategic report on page 2 (which is incorporated in this Directors' report by reference), which together, include information about the Company's business, its financial performance during the year, and developments in the future.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2021.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report.

D G Baynes

G Smith

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

A J Aubrey - resigned 9 November 2021 M C N Townend - resigned 8 November 2021 C E Glasson - appointed 8 November 2021 A Leach - appointed 8 November 2021

POLITICAL DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE

During 2021 the Company made no political donations (2020: £nil) and charitable donations of £57,650 (2020: £20,961).

PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

It is the Company's current policy to establish payment terms with suppliers when agreeing terms of supply, to ensure that su ppliers are made aware of the terms of payment, and to adhere to those terms. The Company's average creditor payment period at 31 December 2021 was 16 days (2020: 35 days).

GOING CONCERN

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £315,891,354 as at 31 December 2021, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on the company's ultimate parent company, IP Group plc not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the group, which at 31 December 2021 amounted to £565,399,649. IP Group plc has indicated that it does not intend to seek repayment of these amounts for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditor KPMG LLP is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Chris Glasson (Sep 29, 2022 17:59 GMT+1)

C E Glasson - Director

Date: Sep 29, 2022

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of IP2IPO Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of IP2IPO Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then en ded;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006,

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the partners' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors as to the Company's policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Reading the Board and Audit & Risk Committee minutes;
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because revenue is generated from few sources and transactions are easily verifiable to external sources or agreements with little or no requirement for estimation from management.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included journals posted to revenue and cash.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by a uditing standards) and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of IP2IPO Limited

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: health and safety, data protection laws, anti-bribery, employment law and certain aspects of Company's legislation recognising the nature of the Company's activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not
 visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the finan cial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of IP2IPO Limited

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it ex ists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Martin (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

Date: 29 September 2022

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
TURNOVER	3	745	907
Administrative expenses		(20,469)	(22,730)
		(19,724)	(21,823)
Change in fair value of investments	13	366,432	215,212
OPERATING PROFIT		346,708	193,389
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	5	12,265	306
		358,973	193,695
Gain on release of loan obligation Interest receivable and similar income	5 6	322	23,858 658
		359,295	218,211
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(34)	(58)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	8	359,261	218,153
Tax on profit	10	(1,784)	(516)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		357,477	217,637
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME F THE YEAR	OR	<u>357,477</u>	217,637

IP2IPO Limited (Registered number: 04072979)

Balance Sheet 31 December 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	11		64		24
Tangible assets	12		155		714
Investments	13		1,097,547		789,358
			1,097,766		790,096
CYLD DENIE A CCETTO					
CURRENT ASSETS	1.4	2.012		1.072	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	3,012		1,972	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than or	14	95,496		75,944	
year Denocite	15	201,000		118,500	
Deposits Cash at bank	13	41,304		66,932	
Cash at bank	•	41,504		00,932	
		340,812		263,348	•
CREDITORS.				,	•
Amounts falling due within one year	16	656,703		634,477	
					
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(315,891)		(371,129)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				•	
LIABILITIES			781,875		418,967
					•
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(863)		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	20		(5,362)		(2,956)
NUMBER A COMMO			### (ED		416.011
NET ASSETS			<u>775,650</u>		416,011
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		40		40
	21		3,960		3,960
Share premium Retained earnings			771,650		412,011
Ketanica carnings					712,011
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>775,650</u>		416,011
The financial statements were approved by the T	loard of Di	Sep	29, 2022	and were signed	on its hehalf by
The financial statements were approved by the E	ouaru ur Dr	icciois on!		and were signed	on its ochan by.

Chris Glasson (Sep 29, 2022 17:59 GMT+1)

C E Glasson - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Share premium £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2020	40	192,491	3,960	196,491
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Share-based payment charge Balance at 31 December 2020	40	217,637 1,883 412,011	3,960	217,637 1,883 416,011
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Share-based payment charge	<u>-</u>	357,477 2,162	<u>-</u>	357,477 2,162
Balance at 31 December 2021	40	771,650	3,960	775,650

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

IP2IPO Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures: a Cash Flow Statement and related notes; disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries; disclosures in respect of capital management; the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company. The Company has also applied the exemption from the requirements of IFRS 7. Financial Instruments: Disclosures, the equivalent disclosures are included in the IP Group plc consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, as the directors are satisfied that the Group and parent Company have the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. In making this assessment, the directors have considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions, including future projections of profitability, cash flows and capital resources.

Changes in accounting policies

(i) New standards, interpretations and amendments effective from 1 January 2021

There are no amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 that have had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(ii) New standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective

No new standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective are expected to have a material effect on the Group's future financial statements.

Going concern

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £315,891,354 as at 31 December 2021, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on the company's ultimate parent company, IP Group plc not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the group, which at 31 December 2021 amounted to £565,399,649. IP Group plc has indicated that it does not intend to seek repayment of these amounts for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Portfolio return and revenue

Change in fair value

Change in fair value of equity and debt investments represents revaluation gains and losses on the Company's portfolio of investments. Gains on disposal of equity investments represent the difference between the fair value of consideration received and the carrying value at the start of the accounting period on the disposal of equity investments. Change in fair value of Limited Partnership investments represents revaluation gains and losses on the Company's investments in Limited Partnership funds. Changes in fair values of assets do not constitute revenue.

Revenue from services and other income

All revenue from services is generated primarily from within the United Kingdom and is stated exclusive of value added tax, with further revenue generated in the Group's Australian and US operations. Revenue is recognised when the Company satisfies its performance obligations, in line with IFRS 15. Revenue from services and other income comprises:

Advisory fees

Fees earned from the provision of business support services including IP Assist and IP Exec services and fees for IP Group representation on portfolio company boards are recognised as the related services are provided. Corporate finance advisory fees are generally earned as a fixed percentage of total funds raised and recognised at the time the related transaction is successfully concluded. In some instances, these fees are settled via the issue of equity in the company receiving the corporate finance services at the same price per share as equity issued as part the financing round to which the advisory fees apply.

Financial assets

In respect of regular way purchases or sales, the Company uses trade date accounting to recognise or derecognise financial assets. The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the categories listed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired.

(i) At fair value through profit or loss

Held for trading and financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit and loss. This category includes equity investments, debt investments and investments in limited partnerships. Investments in associated undertakings, which are held by the Company with a view to the ultimate realisation of capital gains, are also categorised as at fair value through profit or loss. This measurement basis is consistent with the fact that the Company's performance in respect of investments in equity investments, limited partnerships and associated undertakings is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with an established investment strategy.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and any gains or losses arising from subsequent changes in fair value are presented in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income in the period which they arise.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company classifies financial assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the related fair value measurements. The level in the fair value hierarchy, within which a financial asset is classified, is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that

is significant to that asset's fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as prices from market transactions.
- Level 3 One or more inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Equity investments

Fair value is the underlying principle and is defined as "the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date" (IPEV guidelines, December 2018).

Where the equity structure of a portfolio company involves different class rights in a sale or liquidity event, the Partnership takes these different rights into account when forming a view on the value of its investment.

Valuation techniques used

The fair value of unlisted securities is established using appropriate valuation techniques in line with IPEV guidelines and including IPEV's special guidance issued in March 2020 in response to Covid-19. The selection of appropriate valuation techniques is considered on an individual basis in light of the nature, facts and circumstances of the investment and in the expected view of market participants. The Partnership selects valuation techniques which make maximum use of market-based inputs. Techniques are applied consistently from period to period, except where a change would result in better estimates of fair value. Multiple valuation techniques may be used so that the results of one technique may be used as a cross check/corroboration of an alternative technique.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Valuation techniques used include:

- o Quoted investments: the fair values of quoted investments are based on bid prices in an active market at the reporting date.
- o Milestone approach: an assessment is made as to whether there is an indication of change in fair value based on a consideration of the relevant milestones typically agreed at the time of making the investment decision.
- o Last funding round (per IPEV a form of price of recent investment) involving significant funds from third parties not involved in previous rounds, or where funding was not prorate to previous rounds, is considered by the designated members to provide indicator of fair value
- o Scenario analysis: a forward-looking method that considers one or more possible future scenarios. These methods include simplified scenario analysis and relative value scenario analysis, which tie to the fully diluted ("post-money") equity value, as well as full scenario analysis vie the use of the probability-weighted expected return method (PWERM).
- o Current value method: the estimation and allocation of the equity value to the various equity interests in a business as though the business were to be sold on the Measurement Date.
- o Discounted cash flows: deriving the value of a business by calculating the present value of expected future cash flows.
- o Multiples: the application of an appropriate multiple to a performance measure (such as earnings or revenue) of the Investee Company in order to derive a value for the business.

The fair value indicated by a recent transaction is used to calibrate inputs used with valuation techniques including those noted above. At each measurement date, an assessment is made as to whether changes or events subsequent to the relevant transaction would imply a change in the investment's fair value. The Price of a Recent Investment is not considered a standalone valuation technique (see further considerations below). Where the current fair value of an investment is unchanged from the price of a recent financing, the Partnership refers to the valuation basis as 'Recent Financing'.

Price of recent investment as an input in assessing fair value

The Partnership considers that fair value estimates which are based primarily on observable market data will be of greater reliability than those based on assumptions. Given the nature of the Partnership's investments in seed, start-up and early-stage companies, where there are often no current and no short-term future earnings or positive cash flows, it can be difficult to gauge the probability and financial impact of the success or failure of development or research activities and to make reliable cash flow forecasts. Consequently, in many cases the most appropriate approach to fair value is a valuation technique which is based on market data such as the price of a recent investment, and market participant assumptions as to potential outcomes.

Calibrating such scenarios or milestones may result in a fair value equal to price of recent investment for a limited period of time. Often qualitative milestones provide a directional indication of the movement of fair value.

In applying a calibrated scenario or milestone approach to determine fair value consideration is given to performance against milestones that were set at the time of the original investment decision, as well as taking into consideration the key market drivers of the investee company and the overall economic environment. Factors that the Partnership considers include, inter alia, technical measures such as product development phases and patent approvals, financial measures such as cash burn rate and profitability expectations, and market and sales measures such as testing phases, product launches and market introduction.

Limited Partnerships and Limited Liability Partnerships

Valuations in respect of Limited and Limited Liability Funds are based on IP Group's share of the Net Asset Value of the fund as per the audited financial statements prepared by the fund manager. The key judgments in the preparation of these accounts relate to the valuation of unquoted investments. Investments in these Limited and Limited Liability Partnerships are recognised at fair value through profit and loss in accordance with FRS 101.

Debt investments

Debt investments are generally unquoted debt instruments which are convertible to equity at a future point in time. Such instruments are considered to be hybrid instruments containing a fixed rate debt host contract with an embedded equity derivative. The Partnership designates the entire hybrid contract at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition and, accordingly, the embedded derivative is not separated from the host contract and accounted for separately. The price at which the debt investment was made may be a reliable indicator of fair value at that date depending on facts and circumstances. Any subsequent remeasurement will be recognised as changes in fair value in the statement of comprehensive income.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deposits

Deposits comprise longer-term deposits held with financial institutions with an original maturity of greater than three months and, in line with IAS 7 are not included within Cash and cash equivalents. Cash flows related to amounts held on deposit are presented within Investing activities in the Consolidated statement of cash flows.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment: Over 3 to 5 years Computer equipment: Over 3 to 5 years

Taxation

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Full provision is made for deferred tax on all temporary differences resulting from the carrying value of an asset or liability and its tax base. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or deferred tax liability settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the deferred tax asset will be recovered in the future.

Employee benefits

(i) Pension obligations

The Company operates a company defined contribution pension scheme for which all employees are eligible. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in independently administered funds. The Company currently makes contributions on behalf of employees to this scheme or to employee personal pension schemes on an individual basis. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due.

(ii) Share-based payments

The Company engages in equity-settled share-based payment transactions in respect of services receivable from employees, by granting employees conditional awards of ordinary shares subject to certain vesting conditions.

Conditional awards of shares are made pursuant to the Company's Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") awards and/or the Group's Annual Incentive Scheme ("AIS"). The fair value of the shares is estimated at the date of grant, taking into account the terms and conditions of the award, including market-based performance conditions.

The fair value at the date of grant is recognised as an expense over the period that the employee provides services, generally the period between the start of the performance period and the vesting date of the shares. The corresponding credit is recognised in retained earnings within total equity. The fair value of services is calculated using the market value on the date of award and is adjusted for expected and actual levels of vesting. Where conditional awards of shares lapse the expense recognised to date is credited to the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they lapse.

Where the terms for an equity-settled award are modified, and the modification increases the total fair value of the share-based payment, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee at the date of modification, the incremental fair value is amortised over the vesting period.

Related party transactions

In accordance with IAS 24 "Related Parties Disclosures", the Company discloses details of material transactions between the reporting entity and related parties. However, transactions between the Company and other Group companies have not been disclosed in accordance with the exemption in IAS 24 paragraph 16.

3. TURNOVER

The total turnover of the Company for the period has been derived from the provision of business support and advisory services wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	9,079	8,168
Social security costs	1,392	1,220
Share based payment charge	2,161	1,884
Other pension costs	565	555
Other pension costs	. 303	
	13,197	11,827
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2021	2020
·		
Management and administration	60	58
Remuneration in respect of directors: Salary & annual bonus Pensions *	2021 £'000 2,652 118	2020 £'000 2,460 116
		•
	2,770	2,576
* Pensions includes payments made to defined contribution schemes on behalf of the dir if applicable.	ectors or the value of a	cash equivalent,
EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
LACE HOWELFIELD	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Gain on release of loan obligation		23,858
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	12,265	306
	12,265	<u>24,164</u>
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
INTEREST RECEIVABLE MAD SIMBLAR INCOME	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Deposit account interest	322	658
•		
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2025	2022
	2021	2020
The section form Path Water	£'000	£'000
Interest on lease liabilities	34	58

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	The profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):	2021	2020 . £'000
	Hira of plant and machinery	£'000 9	£'000 8
	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - operating lease asset	711	672
	Depreciation - owned assets	697	209
	Other operating leases	42	-
	Computer software amortization	16	7
	Foreign exchange differences	453	(119)
9.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company's financial statements	33	30
10.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of tax expense		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Current tax:		
	Tax	(621)	(2,440)
	Deferred tax	2,405	<u>2,956</u>
	Total tax expense in statement of comprehensive income	<u>1,784</u>	516

Factors affecting the tax expense

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Profit before income tax	<u>359,261</u>	<u>218,153</u>
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	68,260	41,449
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1	40
Income not taxable for tax purposes	(69,216)	(45,430)
Unrealized Gains	5,280	8,992
Deferred tax not recognized	(1,730)	(2,804)
Permanent difference on share-based payments in the year	(499)	756
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(13)	(2,487)
Fixed asset difference	121	•
Chargeable gains/(losses)	(420)	-
		
Tax expense	1,784	516

There is a potential deferred tax asset at 31 December 2021 of £2,934k (2020: £56k) in respect of short-term timing differences of 11,736k (2020: £2,979k), losses of £25,429k (2020: £13,819k) capital losses of £101,718k (2020: £47,086k) and fixed asset timing differences of £10k (2020: £32k). This asset has not been recognised in the financial statements due to current uncertainties surrounding the reversal of the underlying timing differences. The deferred tax asset would be recovered if there were future taxable profits from which the reversal of the underlying timing differences could be deducted.

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11.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	software £'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	86
Additions	57
At 31 December 2021	143
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2021	62
Amortisation for year	
At 31 December 2021	

Net book value At 31 December 2021		64
At 31 December 2020		24

12.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Totals £'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2021	1,221	401	1,622
Additions	108	31	139
Disposals	<u>(1,221)</u>	<u>(309</u>)	(1,530)
At 31 December 2021	108	<u>123</u>	
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2021	618	290	908
Charge for year	609	89	. 698
Eliminated on disposal	(1,221)	<u>(309</u>)	(1,530)
At 31 December 2021	6	<u>70</u>	<u>76</u>
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	<u> 102</u>	53	<u> 155</u>
At 31 December 2020	603	111	714

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

13. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings	Limited participation interests	Equity investments in quoted spin-out companies
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost or valuation	221	202 550	25 524
At 1 January 2021	331	282,558	37,534
Additions	-	30,508	(77,394)
Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships	-	(29,474)	(77,324)
Change in fair value during the year	-	94,091	275,776
Fee settled in equity		-	´ -
Transfer from other group entities	-	-	
Transaction-based reclassifications			
during the year	-		359,023
At 31 December 2021	331	377,683	594,939
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	331	377,683	<u>594,939</u>
At 31 December 2020	331	282,558	37,534
	Equity investments in unquoted spin out companies	Unquoted debt investments in spin -out companies	Totals £'000
Cost or valuation	investments in unquoted spin out	debt investments in spin -out	Totals £'000
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2021	investments in unquoted spin out companies	debt investments in spin -out companies	
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2021 Additions	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000	£'000
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477)
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058)	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474)
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058)	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058) - (6,013) 14	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432 14
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity Transfer from other group entities	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058)	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058) - (6,013) 14	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432 14
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity Transfer from other group entities Transaction-based reclassifications	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058) - (6,013) 14 3,500	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25) - 2,578 -	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432 14
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity Transfer from other group entities Transaction-based reclassifications during the year	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058) - (6,013) 14 3,500 (353,419)	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25) - 2,578 (5,604)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432 14 3,500
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Repayment of loans from Limited Partnerships Change in fair value during the year Fees settled in equity Transfer from other group entities Transaction-based reclassifications during the year At 31 December 2021	investments in unquoted spin out companies £'000 465,877 18,686 (4,058) - (6,013) 14 3,500 (353,419)	debt investments in spin -out companies £'000 3,058 - (25) - 2,578 (5,604)	£'000 789,358 49,194 (81,477) (29,474) 366,432 14 3,500

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

13. INVESTMENTS - continued

Significant equity investments

At 31 December 2021, the Company has investments where it holds 20% or more of the issued share capital in the following companies:

		Proportion of nominal value held
Name of undertaking Accelercomm Limited	Registered address Ground Floor Epsilon House Enterprise Road, Chilworth, Southampton, England, SO16 7NS	32.8%
Ordinary A Shares Ordinary Shares	Southern Francisco Control	30.9% 35.4%
Alesi Surgical Limited Ordinary Shares	Cardiff Medicentre, Heath Park, Cardiff, CF14 4UJ	32% 57%
A Ordinary Shares		100%
Preferred B Shares Preferred C Shares	•	28.1% 42%
Preferred Ordinary Shares		40.3%
Amaethon Limited	Popeshead Court Offices, Peter Lane, York, YO1 8SU, United Kingdom	27.6%
A Ordinary Shares	0guo	52.9%
B Shares	<u> </u>	27.6%
Aperio Pharma Limited	3 Pancras Square, London, England, N1C 4AG	46.1%
Ordinary Shares		46.1%
A 11 T 10 I	of Court of 10, at 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 william	20.50/
Arkivum Limited Ordinary Shares	85 Great Portland Street, London, England, W1 W 7LT	30.5% 35.1%
A Ordinary Shares		25.7%
Art of Xen Limited	NHS Liaison Unit, 4th Floor, Mckenzie House, 30-36 Newport Road, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF24 0DE	99.8%
A Preference Shares	,	100%
B Preference Shares	•	100%
Deferred Shares		100%
Asterion Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	66.8%
Ordinary Shares		66.8%
AudioScenic Limited	Suite A, Epsilon House Enterprise Road, Southampton Science Park, Southampton, England, SO167NS	33.2%
A Ordinary Shares		33.1%
Ordinary Shares		38.5%
Azuri Technologies Limited	St John's Innovation Centre, Cowley Road, Cambridge, CB4 0WS	30.0%
Ordinary shares		26.2%
A Preference Shares		16.4%
Boxarr Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	45.43%
Ordinary shares	<u> </u>	45.43%
Bramble Energy Limited	6 Satellite Business Village, Fleming Way, Crawley, United Kingdom, RH10 9NE	24.9%
Ordinary Shares	-	21.6%
A Ordinary Shares	- Marian - Carlos - C	30.9%

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

INVESTMENTS - continued C-Capture Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	36
Ordinary shares Series A Preference Shares - Non voting Series A Preference Shares		36. 100. 37.
Chromosol Limited	27 Churchgate Street, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, United Kingdom, IP33 1RG	. 34
Ordinary Shares		34
Creavo Medical Technologies Limited	Cel House Westwood Way, Westwood Business Park, Coventry, England, CV4 8HS	28
A Shares Ordinary Shares		70 28
Crysalin Limited	The White Building, 1-4 Cumberland Place, Southampton, United Kingdom, SO15 2NP	25.
Ordinary Shares		30
Defenition Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	49
B Ordinary Shares Ordinary Shares		100 48
Diffblue Limited	Ramsey House, 10 St. Ebbes Street, Oxford, England, OX1	42
Series A Shares Non-Voting Preference Shares		73 100
Edgetic Limited	FINDLAY JAMES (INSOLVENCY PRACTITIONERS) LTD, Saxon House Saxon Way, Cheltenham, GL52 6QX	49
Ordinary Shares B Ordinary Shares		55 100
Emdot Limited	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, United Kingdom, EC4N 8AF	26.
Ordinary shares		26.2
FaultCurrent Limited A Shares	2 Sovereign Quay, Havannah Street, Cardiff, CF10 5SF	32 30
Ordinary Shares		32
First Light Fusion Limited	Unit 10 Mead Road, Yarnton, Kidlington, Oxfordshire, England, OX5 1QU	28.
Ordinary Shares		29
Fluid Pharma Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	40
B Ordinary Shares Ordinary Shares		87 39
Ibex Innovations Limited	Explorer 2 - Netpark Thomas Wright Way, Sedgefield, Stockton-On-Tees, United Kingdom, TS21 3FF	38
Ordinary Shares		38
Intrinsic Semiconductor Technologies Limit	Dial House, 75 Temple Street, Brill, Buckinghamshire, England, HP18 9SU	43
A Ordinary Shares	- ·	43
Ionix Advanced Technologies Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	20.
Ordinary Shares 3 Ordinary Shares		20. 79.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

INVESTMENTS - continued Istesso Limited A Shares Ordinary shares	3 Pancras Square, Kings Cross, United Kingdom, EC4N 8AF	27.9 % 75.58% 42.7%
Magnomatics Limited	Park House, Bernard Road, Sheffield, United Kingdom, S2	29.90%
Ordinary Shares A Shares C Ordinary Shares - Issue price 2 B Shares	5BQ	15.34% 39.07% 70.00% 100.00%
Microbiotica Limited	Chesterford Research Park, Little Chesterford, Cambridge, England, CB10 1XL	26.9%
Seed Shares		39.8%
Mixergy Limited Ordinary Shares A Ordinary Shares	30 Upper High Street, Thame, Oxfordshire, OX9 3EZ	26.9% 27.4% <u>22.0</u> %
NGenics Global Limited	The Catalyst Baird Lane, Heslington, York, North Yorkshire,	20.7%
Ordinary Shares		20.7%
OxCCU Tech Limited	C/O James Cowper Kreston 2 Chawley Park, Cumnor Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire, England, OX2 9GG	27.8%
Ordinary Shares		27.8%
Oxehealth Limited	Magdalen Centre North, Oxford Science Park, Oxford, United Kingdom, OX4 4GA	21.4%
Ordinary Shares		21.4%
OxSyBio Limited Preference shares Ordinary Shares A Shares	3 Field Court, London, WC1R 5EF	34.5% 28.0% 36.7% 70.0%
Perlemax Limited	318 Broad Lane, Kroto Innovation Centre, Sheffield, South Yorkshire, England, S3 7HQ	34.5%
Ordinary Shares		<u>34.5</u> %
Ph Therapeutics Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	60.00%
Ordinary Shares		60.00%
RFC Power Limited	Windsor House, Cornwall Road, Harrogate, England, HG1 2PW	32.4%
Ordinary Shares		34.1%
Spinetic Energy Limited	The Old Post Office, 41-43 Market Place, Chippenham, Wiltshire, England, SN15 3HR	29.6%
Ordinary Shares		<u>29.6</u> %
Surrey Nanosystems Limited	Unit B East Side Business Park, Beach Rd, Newhaven BN9 0FB	21.1%
A Ordinary Shares Ordinary Shares		32.2% 17.4%
Ubiquigent Limited	Dundee University Incubator Dundee Technopole, James Lindsay Place, Dundee, DD1 5JJ	26.3%
Ordinary Shares		26.3%
Uniphy Limited Ordinary Shares	Nexus, Discovery Way, Leeds, United Kingdom, LS2 3AA	39.0% 39.1%

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

13.	INVESTMENTS - continued		
	Zeetta Networks Limited	First Floor Templeback, 10 Temple Back, Bristol, United	21.8%
		Kingdom, BS1 6FL	
	Preference Shares		25.4%

Note 1: All holdings are via ordinary shares unless separate classes are specified in the table.

All companies above are incorporated in the United Kingdom. The significant influence noted above has been determined in line with IAS 28 and Schedule 4 of The Large and Medium-Sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008

14.	PERMONO		
14.	DEBTORS	2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	334	345
	Operating lease asset	1,131	653
	Other debtors	891	35
	Receivable on sale of debt and equity investments	306	10
	Prepayments and accrued income	<u>350</u>	52
		3,012	1,97
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>95,496</u>	<u>75,94</u>
	Aggregate amounts	98,508	77,91
15.	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS		
		2021	2020
	D 1	£'000	£'00'
	Deposits	<u>201,000</u>	118,500
			
	Deposits comprise longer-term deposits held with financial institutions with an original m	aturity of greater th	nan three mo
16.	Deposits comprise longer-term deposits held with financial institutions with an original macreditors: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
16.		2021	2020
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2021 £'000	2020 £'00
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18)	2021 £'000 336	2020 £'000
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors	2021 £'000 336 203	2020 £'00 65: 43'
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450	2020 £'00 65 43 630,50
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346	2020 £'000 653 43 630,504
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346 487	2020 £'00 65 43 630,50 51
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346	2020 £'00 65 43' 630,504
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors Long Term Incentive Carry Scheme	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346 487 1,353	2020 £'000 653 433 630,504 519 41
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors Long Term Incentive Carry Scheme Accruals and deferred income	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346 487 1,353 3,528	2020 £'000 653 433 630,504 519 41
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors Long Term Incentive Carry Scheme	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346 487 1,353 3,528	2020 £'006 655 437 630,504 519 43 2,318
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Leases (see note 18) Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors Long Term Incentive Carry Scheme Accruals and deferred income	2021 £'000 336 203 650,450 346 487 1,353 3,528	2020 £'000 653 433 630,504 519 41

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

18. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS

				2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Current: Leases (see note 19)			<u>336</u>	658
	Non-current: Leases (see note 19)			<u>863</u>	- -
	Terms and debt repayment schedule				
	Leases	1 year or less £'000336	1-2 years £'000 <u>480</u>	2-5 years £'000 383	Totals £'000 <u>1,199</u>
19.	LEASING				
	Lease liabilities				
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:				
				2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Net obligations repayable: Within one year			336	658
	Between one and five years			<u>863</u>	
				<u>1,199</u>	<u>658</u>
20.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Deferred tax			5,362	<u>2,956</u>
					Deferred tax £'000
	Balance at 1 January 2021 Charge to Statement of Comprehensive Incomeduring y	/ear			2,956 2,406
	Balance at 31 December 2021				5,362

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

21. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allottea, issue	a ana tully pala:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2021	2020
		value:	£'000	£'000
40,100	Ordinary	Ordinary shares of £1 each	40	40

The Company has one class of ordinary shares with a par value of £1 ("Ordinary Shares") which carry equal voting rights, equal rights to income and distributions of assets on liquidation, or otherwise, and no right to fixed income.

22. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Pursuant to the terms of their Limited Partnership agreements, the Company has committed to invest the following amounts into Limited Partnerships as at 31 December 2021:

Partnership	Year of commencement of partnership	Original commitment £'m	Invested to date £'m	Remaining commitment £'m
IP Venture Fund II L.P.	2013	10.0	9.4	0.6
		10.0	9.4	0.6
As at 31 December 2020:				

Partnership	Year of commencement of partnership	Original commitment £'m	Invested to date £'m	Remaining commitment £'m
IP Venture Fund II L.P.	2013	10.0	8.8	1.2
		10.0	8.8	1.2

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

23. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Directors who held office at 31 December 2021 had beneficial shareholdings in the following spin-out companies as at 31 December 2021:

December	2021:				
Director	Company name	Number of shares heid at 01-Jan 2021	Number of shares acquired/(disposed of) in the period	Number of shares held at 31-Dec-21	%
Greg Smith	Alesi Surgical Limited	2	-	2	<0.1%
	Crysalin Limited	149	-	149	<0.1%
	Deepverge plc 1,2,4	725	-	725	<0.1%
	Ditto AI Limited	144,246	-	144,246	<0.1%
	Diurnal Group plc	15,000		15,000	< 0.1%
•	EmDot Limited	4	•	4 .	0.23%
	Istesso Limited	313,425	-	313,425	0.28%
	Itaconix plc	4,500	-	4,500	<0.1%
	Perachem Holdings plc 1	4,830	-4,830	16.66	0.00%
	Mirriad Advertising plc	16,667		16,667	<0.1%
	Oxbotica Limited	8	•	8	<0.1%
	Oxford Nanopore Technologies plc 5	1,600	25,408-	27,008	<0.1%
	Surrey Nanosystems Limited	88	23,400-	27,008	<0.1%
	Tissue Regenix Group plc	50,000	<u>.</u>	50,000	<0.1%
	Xeros Technology plc 3	13		13	<0.1%
David					
Baynes	Alesi Surgical Limited	4	-	4	<0.1%
	Arkivum Limited	377	-	377	<0.1%
	Creavo Medical Technologies				
	Limited	46	-	46	<0.1%
	Diurnal Group plc	73,000	-	73,000	<0.1%
	Mirriad Advertising plc	16,667	-	16,667	<0.1%
	Oxford Nanopore Technologies				
	plc 5	174	2,610	2,784	<0.1%
	Ultraleap Holdings Limited	2,600	-	2,600	<0.1%
	Zeetta Networks Limited	424		424	0.11%
Chris					
Glasson	8Power Limited	400	-	400	<0.1%
	Audioscenic Limited	967	-	967	<0.1%
	Creavo Medical Technologies	105	-	105	<0.1%
	Istesso Limited	9,009	•	9,009	<0.1%
	Mirriad Advertising plc	8,064	-	8,064	<0.1%
	Oxbotica Limited	34	-	34	<0.1%
	Oxehealth Limited	328	-	328	<0.1%
	Topivert Limited - B2 Preferred Shares	3,000		3,000	<0.1%
	Ultraleap Holdings Limited	,	•	1,585	<0.1%
	Oldateap Holdings Limited	1,585		1,365	
Angela	Amaethon Limited - Ordinary	2		2	-0.10/
Leach	Shares	1 204	-	1 204	<0.1%
	Amaethon Limited - B Shares Amaethon Limited - A Ordinary	1,394	-	1,394	<0.1%
	Shares	12	-	12	<0.1%
	Alesi Surigcal Limited	2	-	2	<0.1%
	Boxarr Limited	102	•	102	<0.1%
	Bramble Energy Limited Creavo Medical Technologies	8.		8	<0.1%
	Limited	23	-	23	<0.1%
	Crysalin Limited	149	_	149	<0.1%
	Deep Matter Group plc	68,101	-	68,101	<0.1%
	Deepverge plc 1,2,4	1,557	•	1,557	<0.1%
	Ditto AI Limited	180,308	-	180,308	<0.1%
	Diurnal Group plc	11,500	-	11,500	<0.1%
	Emdot Limited	, 4	-	4	0.23%
		•		·	

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

First Light Fusion Limited	27	-	27	<0.1%
Ieso Digital Health Limited - B2				
Preferred Shares	-	29	29	<0.1%
Istesso Limited - A Shares	322,923	-	322,923	0.29%
Itaconix plc	4,500	-	4,500	<0.1%
Mixergy Limited	•	206	206	0.03%
Mirriad Advertising plc	16,667	-	16,667	<0.1%
Oxbotica Limited	3	-	3	<0.1%
Oxford Nanopore Technologies				
plc 5	1,795	36,085	37,880	<0.1%
Surrey Nanosystems Limited	78	-	78	<0.1%
Tissue Regenix Group plc	146,791	-	146,791	<0.1%
Ultraleap Holdings Limited	500	-	500	<0.1%
Xeros Technology Group plc	16	-	16	<0.1%

Ex-Director, listed from 1st January 2021 - 8th November 2021

	or, usted from 1st Januar y 2021 - 6	Number of	Number of shares acquired/		
Director	Company name	shares held at 01-Jan2020	(disposed of) in the period	Number of shares held at 8-Nov-21	%.
Alan					
Aubrey	Accelercomm Limited	638	-	638	0.12%
	Alesi Surgical Limited	18	-	18	<0.1%
	Amaethon Limited - A Shares	104	•	104	3.12%
	Amaethon Limited - B Shares	11,966	•	11,966	1.04%
	Amaethon Limited - Ordinary	21		0.1	0.200
	shares	21	-	21	0.32%
	Boxarr Limited	1,732	-	1,732	0.24%
	Crysalin Limited	1,447	-	1,447	0.14%
	Deep Matter Group plc	1,425,000	-	1,425,000	0.15%
	Deepverge plc 1,2,4	51,927	-	51,927	0.42%
	Ditto AI Limited - Ordinary		000 504 070	1 001 706 006	12 (20)
	Shares	1,097,912,028	823,794,068	1,921,706,096	13.62%
	Ditto AI Limited - B Shares	98,876,568	-	98,876,568	0.70%
	Diurnal Group plc	15,000	-	15,000	<0.1%
	EmDot Limited	15	-	15	0.87%
	Istesso Limited	1,185,150	-	1,185,150	1.05%
	Itaconix plc	88,890	-	88,890	<0.1%
	Karus Therapeutics Limited	223	-	223	<0.1%
	Microbiotica Limited	10,000	-	10,000	<0.1%
•	Mirriad Advertising plc	33,333	•	33,333	<0.1%
	Oxbotica Limited	29	•	29	<0.1%
	Oxford Advanced Surfaces				
	Limited	1	-	1	<0.1%
	Oxford Nanopore Technologies				
	plc 5	92,725	1,390,875	1,483,600	0.18%
	Perachem Holdings plc 1	108,350	-108,350	-	0%
	Salunda Limited	53,639	-	53,639	<0.1%
	Surrey Nanosystems Limited	453	•	453	0.22%
	Tissue Regenix Group plc	12,174,859	-	12,174,859	0.17%
	Xeros Technology Group plc Zeetta Networks Limited	228 424	-	228 424	<0.1% 0.11%
Mike					
Townend	Amaethon Limited - A Shares	104		104	3.12%
	Amaethon Limited - B Shares	11,966	•	11,966	1.04%
	Amaethon Limited - Ordinary				
	shares	21	-	21	0.32%
	Applied Graphene Materials plc Creavo Medical Technologies	22,619	-	22,619	<0.1%
	Limited	117	-	117	<0.1%
	Crysalin Limited	1,286	-	1,286	0.13%
	Deep Matter Group plc	932,944	-	932,944	0.10%
	Deepverge plc 1,2,4	66,549	-	66,549	0.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

or pecember 2021				
Ditto AI Limited	613,048	-	613,048	<0.1%
Diurnal Group plc	15,000	-	15,000	<0.1%
EmDot Limited	14	-	14	0.81%
Istesso Limited	1,185,150	-	1,185,150	1.05%
Itaconix plc	64,940	-	64,940	<0.1%
Mirriad Advertising plc	25,000	-	25,000	<0.1%
Oxbotica Limited	26	-	26	<0.1%
Oxford Advanced Surfaces				
Limited	1	•	1	<0.1%
Oxford Nanopore Technologies				
plc 5	28,651	435,349	464,000	<0.1%
Perachem Holdings plc 1	113,222	-113,222	-	0.00%
Surrey Nanosystems Limited	404	· -	404	0.19%
Tissue Regenix Group plc	11,550,862	-	11,550,862	0.14%
Ultraleap Holdings Limited	1,224	•	1,224	<0.1%
Xeros Technology Group plc	355	-	355	<0.1%

Page 30 continued...

¹ No longer a portfolio company at the balance sheet date.
2 Deepverge plc acquired Modern Water plc. Shares were issued 10:1, Modern Water plc: Deepverge plc. opening position restated post acquisition of Modern Water plc.

3 Xeros Technology Group plc opening position restated following 100:1 share consolidation.

⁴ Disclosed number reflects position at the point that the company ceased to be an IP Group holding.
5 Oxford Nanopore Technologies plc underwent a 1:20 share split and reorganisation pre-IPO in September 2021

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Deferred Bonus Share Plan ("DBSP") awards

Awards made to employees under the Group's AIS above a certain threshold include 50% deferred into IP Group equity through the grant of nil-cost options under the Group's DBSP. The number of nil-cost options granted under the Group's DBSP is determined by the share price at the vesting date. The DBSP options are subject to further time-based vesting over two years (typically 50% after year one and 50% after year two).

As the 2021 AIS financial performance targets were met and as the number of DBSP options to be granted in order to defer such elements of the AIS payments as are required under our remuneration policy are based on a percentage of employees' salary, the share-based payments line includes the associated share-based payments expense incurred in 2021.

Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") awards

Awards under the LTIP take the form of conditional awards of ordinary shares of 2p each in the Group which vest over the prescribed performance period to the extent that performance conditions have been met. The Remuneration Committee imposes objective conditions on the vesting of awards and these take into consideration the guidance of the Group's institutional investors from time to time. Further information on the Group's LTIP is set out in the Directors' Remuneration Report in the IP Group plc 2021 Annual Report.

The 2021 LTIP awards were made on 6 May 2021. The awards will ordinarily vest on 31 March 2024, to the extent that the performance conditions have been met. The awards are based on the performance of the Group's Hard NAV and Total Shareholder Return ("TSR"). Both performance measures are combined into a matrix format to most appropriately measure performance relative to the business, as shown in the Directors' Remuneration Report within the Group's 2020 Annual Report and Accounts. The 2021 LTIP matrix is designed such that up to 100% of the award will vest in full in the event of both Hard NAV increasing by 15% per year on a cumulative basis, from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023, and TSR increasing by 15% per year on a cumulative basis from the date of award to 31 March 2023, using an industry-standard average price period at the beginning and end of the performance period. Further, the matrix is designed such that 30% of the award shall vest if the cumulative increase is 8% per annum for both measures over their respective performance periods ("threshold performance"). A straight-line sliding scale is applied for performance between the distinct points on the matrix of vesting targets.

The 2020 LTIP awards were made on 19 June 2020. The awards will ordinarily vest on 31 March 2023, to the extent that the performance conditions have been met. The awards are based on the performance of the Group's Hard NAV and Total Shareholder Return ("TSR"). Both performance measures are combined into a matrix format to most appropriately measure performance relative to the business, as shown in the Directors' Remuneration Report within the Group's 2020 Annual Report and Accounts. The 2020 LTIP matrix is designed such that up to 100% of the award will vest in full in the event of both Hard NAV increasing by 15% per year on a cumulative basis, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022, and TSR increasing by 15% per year on a cumulative basis from the date of award to 31 March 2023, using an industry-standard average price period at the beginning and end of the performance period. Further, the matrix is designed such that 30% of the award shall vest if the cumulative increase is 8% per annum for both measures over their respective performance periods ("threshold performance"). A straight-line sliding scale is applied for performance between the distinct points on the matrix of vesting targets.

The 2019 LTIP awards were made on 26 April 2019 and 51.1% of the 2019 LTIP award based on actual performances against targets vested on 31 March 2022.

The 2018 LTIP awards did not meet the threshold performance target and lapsed on 31 March 2021.

25. IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking was IP Group plc, a public limited company registered in England and Wales. The smallest and largest group into which these accounts are consolidated is IP Group plc. Copies of the ultimate parent company's financial statements may be obtained from the secretary of IP Group plc, 3 Pancras Square, King Cross, London, N1C 4AG.

26. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 5 April 2022, portfolio company First Light Fusion Limited, announced it had achieved nuclear fusion. The UK Atomic Energy Authority (UKAEA) has independently validated the result. The Directors believe that achieving this world-first will at least result in an initial doubling of the value of the Company, with recent comparatives and third-party valuation work suggesting a doubling to quadrupling may be achieved at the next funding round.

Since the year end, the value of the investment in quoted and private equity portfolio has been impacted by declining public market sentiments, which has seen the reduction in the portfolio value as at 28th September 2022. The impact of this is a reduction in the portfolio value of £351.1 m.