Grainger (Hadston) Limited Financial statements 30 September 2015

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Financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2015

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Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors

Nick P On

Nicholas M F Jopling Helen C Gordon Vanessa K Simms

Company secretary

Adam McGhin

Registered office

Citygate

St James' Boulevard Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 4JE

Auditor

KPMG LLP Quayside House 110 Quayside

Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 3DX

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc Barclays House 5 St Ann's Street

Quayside

Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 2BH

Solicitors

Bond Dickinson LLP St Ann's Wharf 112 Quayside

Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 3DX

Directors' report

Year ended 30 September 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2015.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was property development and trading. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2014: £nil).

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year, and changes since the year end, were as follows:

Andrew R Cunningham Nick P On Nicholas M F Jopling Mark Greenwood

Helen C Gordon was appointed as a director on 31 December 2015. Vanessa K Simms was appointed as a director on 11 February 2016. Andrew R Cunningham resigned as a director on 31 December 2015. Mark Greenwood resigned as a director on 22 December 2015.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2015

Auditor

KPMG LLP were appointed as auditor during the year, and are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small company provisions

The directors' report has been prepared taking advantage of the small companies' exemption under section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the board

Adam McGhin Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 18 March 2016

Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger (Hadston) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Grainger (Hadston) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2015 set out on pages 6 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger (Hadston) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Wartus

Nick Plumb (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Quayside House
110 Quayside
Newcastle Upon Tyne
NE1 3DX

22 March 2016

Profit and loss account

Year ended 30 September 2015

Turnover	Note 2	2015 £ 136	2014 £ 2,688,237
Cost of sales		1,473	(1,659,839)
Gross profit		1,609	1,028,398
Administrative expenses		_	(235,248)
Operating profit	3	1,609	793,150
Interest receivable	4	24,970	516
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		26,579	793,666
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	. 5	(5,449)	(174,607)
Profit for the financial year	11	21,130	619,059

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit of £21,130 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 30 September 2015 (2014 - profit of £619,059).

Balance sheet

30 September 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Current assets			
Stocks	6	642,797	640,330
Debtors	7	_	1,981,299
Cash at bank		2,038,697	34,727
		2,681,494	2,656,356
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	` 8	(7,210)	(3,202)
Net current assets		2,674,284	2,653,154
Total assets less current liabilities		2,674,284	2,653,154
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	10	750,001	750,001
Profit and loss account	11	1,924,283	1,903,153
Shareholders' funds	12	2,674,284	2,653,154

These accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 18 March 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Nick P On Director

Company Registration Number: 04068791

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2015

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, which have been applied consistently throughout the year.

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Grainger plc and the cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Grainger plc. Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of FRS 1 from preparing a cash flow statement.

Turnover

Turnover comprises gross rentals, gross sale proceeds of trading properties and land, and sundry other income, exclusive of VAT. Sales of properties are only accounted for when the cash proceeds are received in full or the company has entered into a legally binding contract. Gross rentals are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term on an accruals basis. Sundry other income is recognised when it becomes receivable.

Stocks

Development properties and development land are shown in the financial statements at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes legal and surveying charges incurred during the acquisition plus improvement costs. Net realisable value is calculated based on whether the land or property is to be sold in its current condition or whether it will be subject to further development. Where the land or property is to be further developed, net realisable value is based on the future expected value. Where the land or property is to be sold in its current condition, net realisable value is based on current market value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK as defined in the directors' report.

3. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

Operating profit is stated after charging:	2015 £	2014 £
Auditor's remuneration		
 audit of these financial statements 	_	_

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2015

3. Operating profit/(loss) (continued)

Audit fees are statutory audit fees only and are borne by another Group company.

There are no persons holding service contracts with the company. None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year, or in the previous year, in respect of their services to the company.

4. Interest receivable

	Bank interest receivable	2015 £ 24,970	2014 £ 516
5.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Current tax:	-	_
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 20.50% (2014 - 22%)	5,449	174,607
	Total current tax	5,449	174,607

There is no unprovided deferred tax liability or unrecognised deferred tax asset in these financial statements.

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2014: same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.50% (2014 - 22%).

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	26,579	793,666
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	5,449	174,607
Total current tax (note 5(a))	5,449	174,607

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

No provisions have been made for tax that would become payable if the company's properties were sold at their year end replacement values. The total unprovided deferred tax in respect of this is £21,441 (2014: £71,934).

There are no other factors that are expected to significantly affect the taxation charge in future years.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2015

6. Stocks

	2015	2014
	£	£
Development land	642,797	640,330

The replacement value of stock is £750,000 (2014: £1,000,000) based on market value at 30 September 2015.

The directors have reviewed the expected net sales valuations of the development. They have concluded that the net realisable value exceeds the book cost of the land and therefore no provision against carrying value of stock is required (2014: £nil) in the current year.

7. Debtors

		2015	2014
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	£ _	1,981,299
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2015	2014
	Trade creditors	£ 3,200	£ 3,202
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,010	
		7,210	3,202

The amount owed to group undertakings is unsecured, is repayable on demand, and does not bear interest.

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 8 and has not disclosed transactions with companies that are wholly owned members of the Grainger plc group.

10. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2015		4
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	750,001 ———	750,001	750,001	750,001
11.	Profit and loss account				
				2015	2014
				£	£
	Balance brought forward			1,903,153	1,284,094
	Profit for the financial year			21,130	619,059
	Balance carried forward			1,924,283	1,903,153

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2015

12. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	21,130	619,059
Opening shareholders' funds	2,653,154	2,034,095
Closing shareholders' funds	2,674,284	2,653,154

13. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The directors regard Grainger plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent undertaking and the ultimate controlling party, being the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Grainger plc consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, Grainger plc, Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

Northumberland & Durham Property Trust Limited is the immediate controlling party and parent company by virtue of its 100% shareholding in the company.