COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 4068791

Grainger (Hadston) Limited Financial statements 30 September 2008

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Financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2008

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Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors

Andrew R Cunningham

Rupert J Dickinson

Nick On

Company secretary

Michael P Windle

Registered office

Citygate

St James' Boulevard Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 4JE

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors 89 Sandyford Road Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE1 8HW

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc Barclays House 71 Grey Street Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE99 1JP

Solicitors

Dickinson Dees St Ann's Wharf 112 Quayside

Newcastle Upon Tyne

NE99 1SB

The directors' report

Year ended 30 September 2008

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2008.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was property development and trading.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Andrew R Cunningham Rupert J Dickinson Andrew Scrivener Michael P Windle

Nick On was appointed as a director on 23 January 2009. Andrew Scrivener resigned as a director on 19 December 2008. Michael P Windle resigned as a director on 22 January 2009.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors' report (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2008

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the directors

Michael P Windle Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 3 April 2009

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Grainger (Hadston) Limited

Year ended 30 September 2008

We have audited the financial statements of Grainger (Hadston) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2008, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Grainger (Hadston) Limited (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2008

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Pricentehoselopes LIP

Newcastle Upon Tyne

3 April 2009

Profit and loss account

Year ended 30 September 2008

Turnover	Note 2	2008 £ 500,638	2007 £ 1,218,463
Cost of sales		(31,563)	(405,645)
Gross profit		469,075	812,818
Administrative expenses		(236,197)	(551,449)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		232,878	261,369
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(67,535)	(78,411)
Profit for the financial year		165,343	182,958
Balance brought forward		860,597	677,639
Balance carried forward		1,025,940	860,597

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit of £165,343 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 30 September 2008 (2007 - profit of £182,958).

Balance sheet

30 September 2008

		200	8	2007
	Note	£	£	£
Current assets				
Stocks	5	2,577,699		2,365,326
Debtors	6	1,290		427,448
Cash at bank				628
		2,578,989		2,793,402
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,553,048)		(1,932,804)
Net current assets			1,025,941	860,598
Total assets less current liabilities			1,025,941	860,598
Capital and reserves				=
Called-up equity share capital	9		1	1
Profit and loss account			1,025,940	860,597
Shareholders' funds	10		1,025,941	860,598

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 3 April 2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

Andrew R Cunningham

Director

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2008

1. Accounting policies Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, which have been applied consistently throughout the year.

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Grainger plc and the cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Grainger plc. Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from preparing a cash flow statement.

Turnover

Turnover comprises gross rentals, gross sale proceeds of trading properties and land, and sundry other income, exclusive of VAT. Sales of properties are only accounted for when the cash proceeds are received in full or the company has entered into a legally binding contract.

Stocks

Trading properties are shown in the financial statements at the lower of cost to the company and net realisable value. Cost to the company includes legal and surveying charges incurred during the acquisition plus improvement costs. Net realisable value is the net sale proceeds which the company expects on sale of a property with vacant possession.

Repairs are expensed in the profit and loss account as incurred. Improvement costs are capitalised.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK as defined in the directors' report.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2008

3. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Auditor's fees	400 '	400
	_	-

Audit fees are borne by another Group company.

There are no persons holding service contracts with the company. None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year, or in the previous year.

Taxation on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

2008 £	2007 £
~	-
67,535	78,411
67,535	78,411
	£ 67,535

There is no unprovided deferred tax liability or unrecognised deferred tax asset in these financial statements.

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 29% (2007 - 30%).

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	232,878	261,369
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	67,535	78,411
Total current tax (note 4(a))	67,535	78,411

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

A number of changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the 2008 Budget Statement and were enacted in the 2008 Finance Act. All changes that had been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date are included in these financial statements where applicable. There are no other factors that are expected to significantly affect the taxation charge in future years.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2008

5.	Stocks
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2008	2007
£	£
2,573,199	2,360,826
4,500	4,500
2,577,699	2,365,326
	£ 2,573,199 4,500

The replacement value of stock is £3,746,000 (2007: £3,350,000) based on market value at 30 September 2008.

6. Debtors

	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,290	10,661
Other debtors	-	416,787
	1,290	427,448

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade creditors	3,869	2,838
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,532,335	1,909,966
Other creditors	16,844	20,000
	1,553,048	1,932,804

The amount owed to group undertakings is unsecured, is repayable on demand, and does not bear interest.

8. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard No 8 and has not disclosed transactions with companies that are part of the Grainger plc group.

9. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

400 0 11 1 1 1 1 1 1			2008 £	2007 £
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each			100 —	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2008

10. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2008	2007
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	165,343	182,958
Opening shareholders' funds	860,598	677,640
Closing shareholders' funds	1,025,941	860.598

11. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The directors regard Grainger plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent undertaking and the ultimate controlling party, being the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Grainger plc consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, Grainger plc, Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

Northumberland and Durham Property Trust Limited is the immediate controlling party and parent company by virtue of its 100% shareholding in the company.