

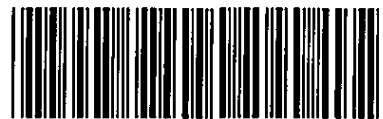
Monteray Limited

**Directors' report and financial
statements**

Registered number 4054291

For the year ended 31 December 2006

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activities and business review

Monteray Limited provides facilities management services to BT for approximately 7000 buildings in the UK under an initial five year contract which was extended by three years from 1st April 2006 to 31st March 2009. The work is sub-contracted to five companies, four of which are owned by the shareholders of Monteray Limited.

In addition to the work detailed in the contract the company also bids for various minor works and projects on the estate. The turnover in relation to the core service as defined in the contract during 2006 was £90 million (2005 £86 million). The increase in core turnover is due to estate fluctuations and contractual adjustments from the renewal of the contract including inflation. The variable turnover during 2006 was £37 million (2005 £32 million). The increase is due to both Monteray's success in winning tenders for minor works and BT's estate strategy.

The net margin percentage in 2006 of 4.75% (2005 4.26%) was affected by the changes to the contract on extension.

Due to the contractual arrangements there are no significant changes to debtors' days in 2006 of 10 (2005 11) or creditors days in 2006 of 11 (2005 11).

The principal risks and uncertainties for Monteray are

1. The existing contract expires in March 2009 and the future of the company is dependant on negotiating a new deal. The management is actively discussing the future of the contract with BT.
2. The variable works stream is not guaranteed or exclusive and each year the company must actively source opportunities and build relationships with budget holders within the closed BT market if the turnover is to be maintained. Any reduction in variable works is passed on to the sub-contractor.
3. BT continues to change the nature and occupancy of its estate to reduce its property costs which in turn reduces Monteray's revenue.
4. Monterey mitigates its Health & Safety Risks by virtue of the fact it fully complies with all relevant legislation and Approved Codes of Practices.

Profits and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year ended 31 December 2006 was £4,327,146 (2005 £3,518,000).

During the year, a dividend of £4,500,000 (2005 £5,300,000) has been paid.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who served during the year were

RJ Masters	
SP Gibbs	(appointed 27 April 2006)
JC Platt	(appointed 27 April 2006)
P Jones	(appointed 21 December 2006)
G Peattie	(appointed 21 December 2006)
M Fellowes	(resigned 27 April 2006)
DS Hurcomb	(resigned 28 April 2006)
TD Kenny	(resigned 21 December 2006)
RH Harris	(resigned 21 December 2006)

Directors' report *(continued)*

Directors and directors' interests *(continued)*

The directors who held office at the end of the financial year and their families, other than those whose interests are disclosed in the financial statements of the ultimate holding company, had the following interests in, and options to subscribe for, ordinary shares of 50p each in Carillion plc

Number of shares	At 31 December 2006		At 1 January 2006 (or later date of appointment)		Share option movements in year (or since appointment)		
	Shares	Share options	Shares	Share options	granted	exercised	lapsed
JC Platt	3,246	-	-	-	-	-	-
G Peattie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P Jones	-	840	-	-	840	-	-
SP Gibbs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

At 31 December 2006 no director had any beneficial interest in the share or loan capital of any subsidiary of Carillion plc

No director was materially interested during the year in any contract which was significant in relation to the business of the company

Payments to suppliers

The company negotiates payments terms with its suppliers when it enters into binding purchase contracts. The company seeks to abide by these terms when it is satisfied that the supplier has provided goods or services in accordance with the agreed terms and conditions.

The company does not have a standard code which deals specifically with the payment of suppliers.

Trade creditor days at 31 December 2006 were 11 days (2005 11 days)

Employees

Communication and consultation within working teams takes place, as appropriate, as part of the normal pattern of every operation.

The establishment and maintenance of safe working practices at all work places is of greatest importance to the company and special training in health and safety is provided for all employees.

The company is an active and enthusiastic supporter of training and development for all employees.

Equal opportunities

Monteray Limited is an equal opportunities employer.

It is the policy of the company to give the fullest consideration to the employment needs of all prospective and existing employees. To that end, no job applicant or employee receives less favourable treatment than another on grounds of colour, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, sex, religion or disability where the work content is commensurate with the individual's particular disability.

Special attention is given to interviewing, selection, recruitment and training to ensure that there is effective implementation of company policy. Promotion is based upon ability, merit and performance taking into account the future needs of the company. Where necessary, training is carried out to assist employees to develop potential.

All aspects of employment are regularly reviewed by management to ensure this policy is achieved.

Directors' report *(continued)*

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditor

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985 a resolution to re-appoint KPMG Audit Plc as auditor of the company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board on 7 March 2007 and signed on its behalf by



G Peattie
Director

Birch Street
Wolverhampton
WV1 4HY

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG Audit Plc
2 Cornwall Street
Birmingham
B3 2DL

Independent auditors' report to the members of Monteray Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Monteray Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, cash flow statement and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Monteray Limited (*continued*)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements



KPMG Audit Plc
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

7 March 2007

Profit and loss account
for the year ended 31 December 2006

	<i>Note</i>	2006 £000	2005 £000
Turnover	<i>1</i>	127,060	118,505
Cost of sales		(118,337)	(109,979)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross profit		8,723	8,526
Administrative expenses		(2,681)	(3,480)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating profit		6,042	5,046
Net interest receivable	<i>2</i>	61	63
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	<i>3</i>	6,103	5,109
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<i>6</i>	(1,776)	(1,591)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Profit for the financial year		4,327	3,518
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the current year and the profit for the previous year

Balance sheet
at 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000	2005 £000
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	8		17	17
Current assets				
Debtors	9	14,036	13,819	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,122	1,904	
		<u>16,188</u>	<u>15,723</u>	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(14,773)	(14,165)	
Net current assets			<u>1,385</u>	<u>1,558</u>
Net assets			<u>1,402</u>	<u>1,575</u>
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	12	-	-	-
Profit and loss account	14	1,402	1,575	
Equity shareholders' funds	13	<u>1,402</u>	<u>1,575</u>	

These financial statements were approved by the Board of directors on 7 March 2007 and were signed on its behalf by



G Peattie
Director

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 2006

	<i>Note</i>	2006 £000	2005 £000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<i>16</i>	6,301	5,638
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	<i>16</i>	61	63
Taxation paid		(1,632)	(1,517)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	<i>16</i>	(12)	(6)
Equity dividends paid		(4,500)	(5,300)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		218	(1,122)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		218	(1,122)
Net funds at the start of the period – cash		1,904	3,026
Net funds at the end of the year – cash		2,122	1,904

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards

Turnover

Turnover represents the net amount receivable, excluding value added tax for the provision of services supplied to customers during the year. All turnover arises within the UK.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is based on historic cost less the estimated residual value and the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. The estimated economic lives of the plant and machinery held is between 3 and 10 years.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for each year and takes into account deferred taxation, calculated in accordance with the requirements of FRS19 "Deferred tax". Deferred tax assets or liabilities, which arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation, are calculated on a non-discounted full provision basis.

Leased assets

Operating lease rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments over the life of the related lease.

Pensions

The company participates in a Carillion group-wide pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives with the company.

The company also participates in a group wide defined contribution scheme. Contributions to this scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

2 Net interest receivable

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Bank interest receivable	61	63

Notes (continued)

3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2006 £000	2005 £000
<i>Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging</i>		
Depreciation	12	12
Auditors' remuneration - audit	11	12
Rentals under operating leases		
Hire of vehicles	34	38
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4 Directors' remuneration

The directors neither received nor waived any remuneration during the year

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, analysed by category, was as follows

	Number of employees	
	2006	2005
Administration	25	24
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows

	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	1,152	1,155
Social security costs	129	132
Other pension costs (see note 15)	62	65
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u>1,343</u>	<u>1,352</u>

Notes (continued)

6 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of taxation charge in the year

The taxation charge is based on the profit for the year as follows

	2006 £000	2005 £000
<i>UK corporation tax</i>		
Current tax on income for the year	1,840	1,600
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(64)	(8)
Total current tax	<u>1,776</u>	<u>1,592</u>
<i>Deferred tax (see note 11)</i>		
Origination/reversal of timing differences	-	(1)
Total deferred tax	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<u><u>1,776</u></u>	<u><u>1,591</u></u>

(b) Reconciliation of current taxation charge

The UK standard rate of corporation tax for the year is 30% (2005 30%) The actual tax rate differs to the standard rate for the reasons set out below

	2006 £000	2005 £000
<i>Current tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	6,103	5,109
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK standard rate of corporation tax of 30% (2005 30%)	<u>1,831</u>	<u>1,533</u>
<i>Effects of</i>		
Permanently disallowable expenses	9	67
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(64)	(8)
Current tax charge for the year (note 6(a))	<u><u>1,776</u></u>	<u><u>1,592</u></u>

7 Dividends paid

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Interim dividend paid at £22,500 per share (2005 £26,500 per share)	<u><u>4,500</u></u>	<u><u>5,300</u></u>

Notes (continued)

8 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant, machinery and vehicles £000
<i>Cost</i>	
At beginning of year	53
Additions	12
	<hr/>
At end of year	65
	<hr/>
<i>Depreciation</i>	
At beginning of year	36
Provided during the year	12
	<hr/>
At end of year	48
	<hr/>
<i>Net book value</i>	
At 31 December 2006	17
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2005	17
	<hr/>

9 Debtors

	2006 £000	2005 £000
<i>Amounts falling due within one year</i>		
Trade debtors	4,229	4,063
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1	-
Amounts owed by related parties (see note 17)	1	1
Other debtors	61	36
Deferred taxation (see note 11)	5	5
Prepayments and accrued income	9,739	9,714
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	14,036	13,819
	<hr/>	<hr/>

10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Trade creditors	709	696
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,870	1,357
Amounts owed to related parties (see note 17)	1,630	2,036
Corporation tax	994	850
Other taxation and social security	278	219
Other creditors	44	12
Accruals	9,248	8,995
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	14,773	14,165
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Notes (continued)

11 Deferred taxation

The deferred tax asset comprises

	Deferred tax £000
At the beginning and end of the year	5

Deferred tax arises due to depreciation in excess of capital allowances

12 Share capital

	2006 £	2005 £
<i>Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
200 shares of £1 each	200	200

13 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Profit for the financial year	4,327	3,518
Dividends paid	(4,500)	(5,300)
Net reduction in shareholders' funds	(174)	(1,782)
Equity shareholders' funds at beginning of year	1,575	3,357
Equity shareholders' funds at end of year	1,402	1,575

14 Reconciliation of movement on reserves

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Profit for the financial year	4,327	3,518
Dividends paid	(4,500)	(5,300)
Profit and loss reserve at start of year	1,575	3,357
Profit and loss reserve at end of year	1,402	1,575

Notes (continued)

15 Pension contributions

The pension schemes to which the company contributes are of both the defined benefit and defined contribution types and are for the benefit of all relevant employees of Carillion plc and its UK subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures ("the group")

The company is a member of the Carillion staff scheme which is a funded defined benefit scheme. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the schemes assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement benefits', the scheme has been accounted for, in these financial statements, as if the schemes were defined contribution schemes.

At 31 December 2006 the staff scheme had a deficit of £26.5 million (2005 £27.2 million)

The last full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 December 2005 and was updated for FRS 17 purposes to 31 December 2006. The market value of the scheme's assets at the date of valuation were £485 million respectively, which represented approximately 90% of the benefits that had been accrued to members at that date on an ongoing basis, after allowing for increased in salaries.

The company contributions to the defined benefit scheme for the year, totalled £56,675 (2005 £55,249). It has been agreed that an employer contribution rate of 20.1% of pensionable pay will apply in future years.

The pension charge of the defined contribution scheme was £4,740 (2005 £9,728). There were no contributions outstanding at 31 December 2006 (2005 £Nil).

16 Analysis of cash flows

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		
Operating profit	6,042	5,046
Depreciation	12	12
	<u>6,054</u>	<u>5,058</u>
Increase in debtors	(217)	(3,337)
Increase in creditors	464	3,917
	<u>6,301</u>	<u>5,638</u>
Net cash inflow from operating activities		
	<u>6,301</u>	<u>5,638</u>
Returns on investment and servicing of finance		
Net interest received	61	63
	<u>61</u>	<u>63</u>
Capital expenditure		
Payment to acquire tangible fixed assets	12	6
	<u>12</u>	<u>6</u>

Notes (continued)

17 Related party disclosures

The company is controlled by Carillion Services Limited, its immediate parent company

At 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 the material balances outstanding and transaction totals with related parties, other than dividends, were as follows. Debtor and creditor balances include amounts included in prepayments and accruals

	2006			
	Debtors	Creditors	Included in cost of sales	Included in turnover
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Related party				
Carillion Services Limited	1	5,268	48,177	7
Reliance Integrated Services Limited	1	3,061	29,088	3
Haden Building Management Limited	-	2,854	25,772	2
	2005			
	Debtors	Creditors	Included in cost of sales	Included in turnover
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Related party				
Carillion Services Limited	-	5,244	44,740	43
Reliance Integrated Services Limited	-	3,586	27,067	41
Haden Building Management Limited	1	2,323	24,058	26

The share capital of the company is held 51% by Carillion Services Limited and 24.5% each by members of the Haden and Reliance groups

18 Ultimate holding company

The company's ultimate controlling company is Carillion plc which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales

Copies of the group financial statements of Carillion plc are available from 24 Birch Street, Wolverhampton, WV1 4HY