A & AK Butterworth Limited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2007



Company No. 4027838

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

J A Woodward H J Clarke R J Butterworth

Company secretary

H J Clarke

Registered office

Unit B Wier Lane Worcester Worcestershire WR2 4AY

Auditor

Horwath Clark Whitehill (Yorkshire) LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Pelican House 10 Currer Street Bradford BD1 5BA

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 54 High Street Worcester WR1 2QQ

Solicitors

Schofield Sweeney Church Bank House Church Bank Bradford BD1 4DY

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2007

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2007

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of processor and merchant of hides, skins, and wool

The company's balance sheet as detailed on page 6 shows a satisfactory position, shareholders' funds amounting to £724,165

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

J A Woodward H J Clarke

R J Butterworth

The interest of J A Woodward, a director of the parent company, in the parent company is shown in that company's financial statements

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Horwath Clark Whitehill (Yorkshire) LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

Signed by order of the directors

H J Clarke

Company Secretary

25 January 2008

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Year ended 31 March 2007

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

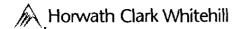
prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information



Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of A & AK Butterworth Limited

We have audited the financial statements of A & AK Butterworth Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 on pages 5 to 13, which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 7 to 8

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL (YORKSHIRE) LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Bradford 25 January 2008

Profit and Loss Account

Year ended 31 March 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Turnover		3,761,269	3,265,644
Cost of sales		2,866,047	2,198,967
Gross profit		895,222	1,066,677
Administrative expenses		778,594	819,112
Operating profit	2	116,628	247,565
Interest receivable		27	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		116,655	247,565
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	28,172	71,110
Profit for the financial year		88,483	176,455

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

31 March 2007

Note	2007 £	2006 £
5	24,081	34,399
	245,000	79,928
6	636,601	847,489
	19,914	200
	901,515	927,617
8	201,431	326,334
	700,084	601,283
	724,165	635,682
11	1.000	1,000
12	723,165	634,682
13	724,165	635,682
	5 6 8 11 12	5 24,081 5 245,000 6 636,601 19,914 901,515 8 201,431 700,084 724,165 11 1,000 12 723,165

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 25 January 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

J.A.Woodward

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

2% straight line

Leasehold Property Plant & Machinery -

20-25% reducing balance

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

Accounting policies (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2007 £	2006 £
Depreciation of owned fixed assets Auditor's fees	26,973 5,000	29,697 5,000
Net profit on foreign currency translation	(271)	

3. Directors' emoluments

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were

	£	£
Aggregate emoluments Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	63,885 3,760	70,609 4,575
	67,645	75,184

2007

2006

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

3. Directors' emoluments (continued)

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows

		2007 N o	2006 No
	Money purchase schemes	1	_1
4.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Current tax		
	In respect of the year		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 30% (2006 - 30%)	30,614	74,260
	Total current tax	30,614	74,260
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 7) Capital allowances	(2,442)	(3,150)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	28,172	71,110

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006 - 30%)

	2007 £	2006 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	116,655	247,565
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Tax chargeable at lower rates	34,997 2,493 (6,876)	74,270 3,201 (3,211)
Total current tax (note 4(a))	30,614	74,260

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

5. Tangible fixed assets

		Leasehold Property £	Plant & Machinery £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2006 Additions	8,549 —	158,638 16,655	17,715 —	184,902 16,655
	At 31 March 2007	8,549	175,293	17,715	201,557
	Depreciation At 1 April 2006 Charge for the year At 31 March 2007	898 171	136,318 22,374	13,287 4,428	150,503 26,973
	ACST March 2007	1,069	158,692	17,715	177,476
	Net book value At 31 March 2007	7,480	16,601	_	24,081
	At 31 March 2006	7,651	22,320	4,428	34,399
6.	Debtors				
				2007 £	2006 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings VAT recoverable Other debtors			204 544,173 8,201 67,269	294 765,474 67,409
	Deferred taxation (note 7)			16,754 636,601	14,312 847,489
7.	Deferred taxation				
	The deferred tax included in the Balance s	sheet is as follow	v s	2007 £	2006 £
	Included in debtors (note 6)			16,754	14,312
	The movement in the deferred taxation ac	count during the	year was		
				2007 £	2006 £
	Balance brought forward Profit and loss account movement arising	during the year		14,312 2,442	11,162 3,150
	Balance carried forward			16,754	14,312

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

7. Deferred taxation (continued)

The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2007 £	2006 £
Excess of depreciation over taxation allowances	16,754	14,312
	16,754	14,312

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2007 £	2006 £
Overdrafts	_	46,492
Trade creditors	126,385	83,770
Corporation tax	30,614	73,662
PAYE and social security	7,970	5,373
VAT	_	23,398
Other creditors	4,947	31,371
Accruals and deferred income	31,515	62,268
	201,431	326,334
		

9. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2007 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Land &	O4l		
	Items £	Land & Buildings £	Other Items £
_	44 547		7,976
25,000	11,547	25,000	7,970
25,000	11,547	25,000	7,976
	ulldings £ - 25,000	uildings Items £ £ 11,547 25,000 -	### Description of the control of th

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

10. Related party transactions

During the year J A Woodward was also a director and shareholder of Bradford Hide Company Limited, the company's ultimate parent undertaking. The company purchased goods from Bradford Hide Company Limited with a value of £1,204,026 (2006 £732,622) and made sales to Bradford Hide Company Limited of £1,317,603 (2006 £963,267). A management fee of £16,000 (2006 £16,000) was also charged to A & A K Butterworth Limited from Bradford Hide Company Limited. The balance due from Bradford Hide Company Limited at 31 March 2007 was £451,984 (2006 £686,712).

A & A K Butterworth Limited also trade with McConomy & Co Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Bradford Hide Company Limited The company sold goods to McConomy & Co Limited with a value of £327,487 (2006 £331,523) The company bought goods from McConomy & Co Limited with a value of £25 (2006 £268) The balance due from McConomy & Co Limited at 31 March 2007 was £5,253 (2006 £5,671)

A & A K Butterworth Limited also trade with Dee Baylis Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Bradford Hide Company Limited. The company purchased goods from Dee Baylis Limited with a value of £22,531 (2006 £16,971) and made sales to Dee Baylis Limited of £1,918,030 (2006 £1,970,854). The balance outstanding due from Dee Baylis Limited at 31 March 2007 was £86,936 (2006 £73,092).

11. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

				2007 £	2006 £
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2007 No	c	2006 No	£
		NO	£	NO	Z.
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
12.	Profit and loss account				
				2007 £	2006 £
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year			634,682 88,483	458,227 176,455
	Balance carned forward			723,165	634,682
13.	Reconciliation of movements in shareho	lders' funds			
				2007 £	2006 £
	Profit for the financial year			88,483 635,682	176,455 459,227
	Opening shareholders' funds				
	Closing shareholders' funds			724,165	635,682

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2007

14. Ultimate parent company

The directors consider the immediate parent undertaking of this company is its parent company Bradford Hide Company Limited by virtue of its 75% ownership

The ultimate controlling related party is J A Woodward as a result of his majority share holding in Bradford Hide Company Limited

The largest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Bradford Hide Company Limited which is registered in England and Wales

The consolidated accounts of that group are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ