

# 3i Asia Pacific plc

Annual report and accounts for the year to 31 March 2013

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No 4016484

### Directors' report

The Directors submit their report with the financial statements for the year to 31 March 2013

### **Business review**

### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of 3i Asia Pacific plc (the "Company") is to act as investment adviser to 3i Investments plc for Asia. The investment advice is provided to 3i Investments plc in its role as investment manager to 3i Group plc and as fund manager for 3i Asia Pacific Technology LP.

The Company has its Head Office in London (Great Britain) The representative office in Beijing (China) closed in August 2010 and the representative offices in Shanghai and Hong Kong closed in 2008 The Company has not traded during the year

#### **Development**

On 2 February 2013, the directors took the decision to begin proceedings to liquidate the company. As the directors intend to liquidate the company, they have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is a subsidiary of 3i Group plc. The Group sets objectives, policies and processes for managing and monitoring risk as set out in the Directors' report in the 3i Group plc annual report.

The financial risks are discussed in further detail in note 10

#### Results and dividends

Total comprehensive loss for the year was £367k (2012 profit £265k) The Directors do not recommend a dividend for the year (2012 £nil)

#### **Directors**

J C Murphy

A J Haywood

### Directors' report

### Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and have elected to prepare them in accordance with those International Financial Reporting Standards which have been adopted by the European Union

Under Company Law the Directors must not approve financial statements unless they are satisfied that they present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company for that period. In preparing financial statements the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and then apply them consistently,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs is
  insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events
  and conditions on the Company's financial position and financial performance,
- state that the Company has complied with IFRSs, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable

The Directors have a responsibility for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Going concern

As explained in note A of the accounting policies as set out on page 9 to the financial statements, the directors do not believe the going concern basis to be appropriate and these financial statements have not been prepared on that basis

### Policy for paying creditors

It is the policy of the 3i group of companies to pay suppliers in accordance with the terms and conditions of the relevant markets in which it operates. Expenses are paid on a timely basis in the ordinary course of business. At the year end, trade creditors represented nil days purchases (2012 nil days)

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## Directors' report

### Audit information

Pursuant to section 418(2) of the Companies Act 2006, each of the Directors confirms that (a) so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware, and (b) they have taken all steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of such information

### **Auditors**

In accordance with section 489 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors of the Company will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By Order of the Board

Jonathan Murphy

For and on behalf of 31 plc

Secretaries

Date 6 9 13

Registered Office 16 Palace Street London SW1E 5JD

### Independent auditor's report to the members of 3i Asia Pacific plc

We have audited the financial statements of 3i Asia Pacific plc for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity, accounting policies A to I and the related notes 1 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. The financial statements have been prepared on a break-up basis as disclosed in note A to the accounts.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement as set out on pages 1-3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report and accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Independent auditor's report to the members of 3i Asia Pacific plc

# Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006 in our opinion

- the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

· we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

James Stuart (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Court - Young UP

10/9/13

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

Date

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# Statement of comprehensive income

for the year to 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Revenue	1	-	122
Operating expenses		18	22
Operating profit		18	144
Exchange movements		(385)	121
(Loss)/profit before tax		(367)	265
Income taxes	4	-	-
(Loss)/profit for the year		(367)	265
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(367)	265

# Statement of changes in equity

	Issued capital £'000	Share Premium £'000	Translation reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
Total equity at 31 March 2011	140	360	(71)	569	998
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign	-	-	-	265	265
operations	-	•	(150)	<u>-</u>	(150)
Total equity at 31 March 2012	140	360	(221)	834	1,113
Loss for the year	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	-	(367)	(367)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(278)	-	(278)
Total equity at 31 March 2013	140	360	(499)	467	468

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# Statement of financial position

as at 31 March 2013

		2013	2012
	Notes	£.000	£'000
Assets			
Current assets			
Other receivables	5	464	976
Cash and cash equivalents		185	175
Total assets		649	1,151
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Other payables	6	181	38
Total liabilities		181	38
Net assets		468	1,113
Equity			
Issued capital	7	140	140
Share premium		360	360
Translation reserve		(499)	(221)
Retained earnings		467	834
Total equity		468	1,113

The financial statements have been approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors

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# Statement of cash flows

for the year to 31 March 2013

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(367)	265
Adjustments for		
Exchange movements	385	(121)
Cash flow from operating activities	18	144
Income tax paid	-	(24)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	519	(112)
Decrease in payables	(539)	(32)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2)	(24)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(2)	(24)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	175	200
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations	12	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	185	175

### Accounting policies

A Going concern On 2 February 2013, the directors took the decision to begin proceedings to liquidate the company. As the directors intend to liquidate the company, they have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. There is no material effect on the financial statements as a result of this.

**B** Statement of compliance These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards and their interpretations issued or adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board for use in the European Union ("IFRS")

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and in compliance with the Companies Act 2006

The IASB has issued the following standards and interpretations to be applied to financial statements with periods commencing on or after the following dates

		Effective for period beginning on or after
IFRS 7	Amendment to offsetting financial assets and liabilities	1 January 2013
IFRS 9	Financial instruments – classification and measurement	1 January 2015
IFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements	1 January 2014
IFRS 11	Joint arrangements	1 January 2014
IFRS 12	Disclosure of interest in other entities	1 January 2014
IFRS 13	Fair value measurement	1 January 2013
IAS 19	Amendment to employee benefits	1 January 2013
IAS 27	Amendment to separate financial statements	1 January 2014
IAS 28	Amendment to Investments in associates and joint ventures	1 January 2014
IAS 32	Amendment to offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	1 January 2014

The Directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these standards, interpretations and amendments will have a material impact on the financial statements in the period of intitial application and has therefore decided not to adopt these amendments early

**C** Basis of preparation The financial statements are presented in Sterling, the functional currency of the Company, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£'000) except where otherwise indicated

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates

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### **Accounting policies**

C Basis of preparation (continued) The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The most significant techniques for estimation are described in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements

D Foreign currency transactions Transactions in currencies that are different from the functional currency of the Company are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to euros at the exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to euros using exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

**E Cash and cash equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term deposits as defined above.

F Income taxes Income taxes represent the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the year. This may differ from the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit ("temporary differences"), and is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date

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### Accounting policies

**G Financial Instruments** Financial instruments are made up of accounts receivable, accounts payable and cash and cash equivalents. The Directors consider that the fair value of accounts receivables and accounts payable approximate their carrying value. There are no other financial instruments.

**H Revenue recognition** Revenue comprises advisory fees and investment related fees and is recognised on an accruals basis

I Share-based payments In accordance with the transitional provisions of IFRS 1, the requirements of IFRS 2 have been applied to all grants of equity instruments after 7 November 2002, that were not vested at 1 January 2005

The Company enters into arrangements that are equity-settled share-based payments with certain employees (including Directors). These are measured at fair value at the date of grant, which is then recognised in profit and loss on a straight line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. Fair value is measured by use of an appropriate model. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any vesting conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares. The charge is adjusted at each statement of financial position date to reflect the actual number of forfeitures, cancellations and leavers during the period. The movement in cumulative changes since the previous statement of financial position is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding entry in equity.

### 31 Asia Pacıfic plc

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### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Revenue

	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Advisory fees	-	122
	-	122

### 2 Operating profit

Auditors' remuneration fee of £5,400 (2012  $\pm$ 5,400) in respect of the UK head office was borne by 3i plc, a fellow subsidiary

The average number of employees during the year was nil (2012 nil)

### 3 Share-based payments

The total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in respect of share-based payments £nil (2012 £nil)

### **Share options**

Options granted under the 3i Group Discretionary Share Plan are normally exercisable between the third and tenth anniversaries of the date of grant to the extent a performance condition has been met over a performance period of three years from the date of grant. Details of the performance conditions to which unvested options are subject are set out in the Directors` remuneration report of the ultimate parent company, 3i Group plc

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows

	2013	2013	2012	2012
		Weighted		Weighted
		average		average
	Number of	exercise	Number of	exercise
	share	price	share	price
	options	(pence)	options	(pence)
Outstanding at start of the year	-	-	9,641	516
Lapsed	-	-	(9,641)	516
Outstanding at end of the year	•	-		-
Exercisable at the end of the year	•	•	•	-

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 3 Share-based payments (continued)

No options are included within the total number of share options (2012 40k) that have not been recognised in accordance with IFRS 2 as the options were granted on or before 7 November 2002

No options were exercised during the year (2012 nil) There were no options outstanding at the end of the year (2012 nil) The cost of share options is spread over the vesting period of three to five years. No options were granted during the year to March 2013 or March 2012.

#### 4 Income Taxes

	2013	2012
	£.000	£'000
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax	-	13
Less relief for foreign tax	-	(13)
	-	

#### Reconciliation of income tax expense in the statement of comprehensive income

The tax for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK, currently 24% (2012 26%), and the differences are explained below

	2013 £'000	2012	
		£'000	
Profit before tax	(367)	265	
Profit before tax multiplied by rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%)	(88)	69	
Effects of			
Utilisation of tax losses (surrendered)/claimed as group relief for nil consideration	88	(56)	
Foreign tax credits available for double tax relief	-	(13)	
Total income taxes in the statement of comprehensive income	-	-	

#### **Deferred tax**

At 31 March 2013 the Company had deductible temporary differences of £nil (2012 £nil) relating to capital allowances and other timing differences and excess unutilised foreign tax credits of £nil (2012 £98,000) It is considered uncertain that there will be sufficient taxable profits in the future against which these deferred tax assets can be offset and therefore no assets have been recognised

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### Notes to the financial statements

5 Other receivables	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	464	976
	464	976
6 Other payables	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Tax payable	-	25
Other payables	12	13
Amounts owed to group undertakings	169	-
	181	38

### 7 Share capital

	Number of shares	Amount £'000
Authorised ordinary shares of £1 each At 31 March 2012 and 31 March 2013	500,000	500
Called up, allotted and fully paid ordinary shares of £1 each At 31 March 2012 and 31 March 2013	140,000	140

### 8 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is 3i Holdings plc

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is 3i Group plc which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales Copies of its group financial statements, which include the Company, are available from 16 Palace Street, London SW1E 5JD

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### Notes to the financial statements

### 9 Related parties

During the year the Company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. There are no other key management personnel. Each of these categories of related parties and their impact on the financial statements is detailed below.

### **Fellow subsidiaries**

Advisory arrangements

Total fees for advisory services, including the amount of accrued fees due at the end of the period, are detailed below

	2013	2012
	£,000	£,000
Advisory fees charged for the year	-	122
Borrowing arrangements		
The Company has outstanding balances with its fellow subsidiaries		
	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Amount payable at end of the year	(169)	•
Amount receivable at end of the year	4	3

### **Parent company**

Borrowing arrangements

The Company has an outstanding receivable balance with its parent company

	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Amount receivable at end of the year	460	461

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### Notes to the financial statements

#### 10 Financial risk management

The Company is a subsidiary of 3i Group plc. The Group sets objectives, policies and processes for managing and monitoring risk as set out in the Directors' report in the 3i Group plc annual report. This note provides further information on the specific risks faced by the Company

The capital structure of the Company consists of equity and intercompany loans which are due on demand. There is sufficent capital in the Company to cover liabilities and the Company is free to transfer capital to the parent company subject to maintaining sufficient reserves to meet statutory obligations. No significant constraints have been identified in the past and the Company has been able to distribute profits in a tax-efficient manner.

#### Financial risks

The Directors do not believe that there is significant credit risk as amounts owed by the Company's debtors are due from other Group companies and are repayable on demand

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is managed at the Group level as discussed in the Directors' report in the 3i Group plc annual report

The Company's liabilities are due on demand and there is no difference between the carrying value of the liability and the contractual undiscounted cashflows due thereon

#### Market risk

The Directors do not believe that there is significant market risk as the Company does not hold fixed or floating rate loans or liabilities (other than intercompany loans), or investments which are exposed to market fluctuations

Currency risk is managed at the Group level by matching foreign currency assets with foreign currency liabilities. The exposure to the Sterling, Chinese Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollar, US Dollar and other sundry currencies combined is shown in following table.

### Notes to the financial statements

10 Financial risk man	agement (conti	nued)				
	2013	2013	2013 Hong	2013	2013	2013
At 31 March 2013	Sterling	Chinese Renminbi	Kong Dollar	US Dollar	Other	Total
711 07 Wardin 2010	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets	495	43	-	95	16	649
Liabilities	12,961	(12)	(14)	(13,405)	289	(181)
Net assets	13,456	31	(14)	(13,310)	305	468
Assuming a 10% moveme	ent in exchange	rates against s	terling	·		
Impact on exchange move	ements in the					
Financial statements	-	3	(1)	(1,344)		(1,342)
	2012	2012	2012 Hong	2012	2012	2012
At 31 March 2012	Sterling	Chinese Renminbi	Kong Dollar	US Dollar	Other	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets	13,455	98	(13)	(12,664)	275	1,151
Liabilities	-	(13)	-	-	(25)	(38)
Net assets	13,455	85	(13)	(12,664)	250	1,113
Assuming a 10% movement	ent in exchange	rates against s	terling			
Impact on exchange move	ements in the					
Financial statements	-	9	(1)	(1,279)	-	(1,271)

The figures presented as at 31 March 2012 have been updated to reflect a change in the sensitivity assumption from 5% to 10%, which provides a more appropriate assessment of the sensitivity given the market fluctuations in the year