Registration number: 04015551

# **Inovolt Limited**

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

MMO Limited Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

# **Contents**

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Accountants' Report	<u>2</u>
Balance Sheet	$\underline{3}$ to $\underline{4}$
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	5 to 11

# **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr G A Hodges

Mrs C J Hodges Mr B J Hodges

**Registered office** 15 The Tanneries

Brockhampton Lane

Havant Hants PO9 1JB

**Accountants** MMO Limited

Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

# Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Inovolt Limited for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Inovolt Limited for the year ended 30 April 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 11 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Inovolt Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Inovolt Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Inovolt Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Inovolt Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Inovolt Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Inovolt Limited. You consider that Inovolt Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Inovolt Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

MMO Limited
Wellesley House
204 London Road
Waterlooville
Hampshire

PO7 7AN

23 January 2024

# (Registration number: 04015551) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	402,302	97,865
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	5,500	6,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	612,082	421,885
Cash at bank and in hand		591,855	30,689
		1,209,437	458,574
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(836,671)	(206,387)
Net current assets		372,766	252,187
Total assets less current liabilities		775,068	350,052
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(204,586)	(31,439)
Provisions for liabilities		(46,115)	(6,080)
Net assets		524,367	312,533
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		524,267	312,433
Shareholders' funds		524,367	312,533

For the financial year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 04015551) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2023

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 22 January 2024 and signed on its behalf by:			
Mr G A Hodges			
Director			

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 15 The Tanneries Brockhampton Lane Havant Hants PO9 1JB

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 22 January 2024.

### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

## **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

All figures are presented in British Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company, and are rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold property improvements Plant and Machinery

Furniture, fittings and equipment

Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

5 years - Straight line

15% - Reducing balance

25% - Reducing balance

25% - Reducing balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 16 (2022 - 16).

## 4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2022	58,488	215,290	-	273,778
Additions	1,252	13,822	398,457	413,531
At 30 April 2023	59,740	229,112	398,457	687,309
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2022	3,145	172,768	-	175,913
Charge for the year	11,948	12,631	84,515	109,094
At 30 April 2023	15,093	185,399	84,515	285,007
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2023	44,647	43,713	313,942	402,302
At 30 April 2022	55,343	42,522		97,865

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £Nil (2022 - £Nil) in respect of long leasehold land and buildings and £44,648 (2022 - £55,343) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

5 Stocks			
		2023	2022
		£	£
Work in progress		3,500	4,200
Other inventories		2,000	1,800
		5,500	6,000
6 Debtors			
		2023	2022
Current	Note	£	£
Trade debtors		481,729	288,749
Amounts owed by related parties		90,351	95,025
Prepayments		27,110	27,554
Other debtors		12,892	10,557
		612,082	421,885

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	•			
			2023	2022
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	91,002	9,765
Trade creditors		_	300,279	84,794
Taxation and social security			253,659	79,488
Accruals and deferred income			4,601	5,900
Other creditors			187,130	26,440
			836,671	206,387
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than	n one year			
		Note	2023 £	2022 £
Due after one year			204.587	21.420
Loans and borrowings		9	204,586	31,439
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2023		2022	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
=				
9 Loans and borrowings				
			2023	2022
Non-current loans and borrowings			£	£
Bank borrowings			21,464	31,439
Zum voltowings			21,707	21,727

Hire purchase contracts

183,122

204,586

31,439

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

	2023 £	2022
		£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	9,975	9,765
Hire purchase contracts	81,027	
	91,002	9,765

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.