LR (Economy) Hotels Limited

Report and Accounts

30 September 2005

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LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Company Information

Directors

I M Livingstone C King

Secretary

R N Luck

Auditors

UHY Hacker Young 168 Church Road Hove East Sussex BN3 2DL

Registered office

St Alphage House 2 Fore Street London EC2Y 5DH

Registered number

4013637

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005.

Principal activities and review of the business

The company's principal activity during the year was property investment.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the year was as follows:

Mr I M Livingstone Mr C King (appointed 17 December 2004)

The directors had no interest in the ordinary shares of the company at any time during the year.

Post balance sheet event

On 1 December 2005 the company sold all its investment properties for £70,250,000.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint UHY Hacker Young as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the board on 7 June 2006.

Me

R N Luck Secretary

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Auditors' Report

Independent auditors' report to the shareholder of LR (Economy) Hotels Limited

We have audited the accounts of LR (Economy) Hotels Ltd for the year ended 30 September 2005 which comprise pages 5 to 13. These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified to include the revaluation of fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

UHY Hacker Young

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

168 Church Road

Hove

East Sussex

BN3 2DL

7 June 2006

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	2	6,552,121	6,944,089
Administrative expenses		(230,347)	(263,414)
Operating profit	3	6,321,774	6,680,675
Exceptional items: profit on the disposal of tangible fixed assets	4	4,751,819	-
		11,073,593	6,680,675
Interest receivable Interest payable	5	74,573 (10,495,233)	21,882 (5,673,586)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		652,933	1,028,971
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	_
Profit for the financial year		652,933	1,028,971
Retained profit for the financial year	14	652,933	1,028,971

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 September 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Profit for the financial year	14	652,933	1,028,971
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	13	15,300,000	-
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year		15,952,933	1,028,971

Note of historical cost profits and losses for the year ended 30 September 2005

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	652,933	1,028,971
Realisation of prior year revaluation deficits of investment properties	(2,314,515)	-
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,661,582)	1,028,971

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2005

!	Notes		2005 £		2004 £
Fixed assets			_		_
Tangible assets	7		70,250,000		87,950,000
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	6,585,804 1,203,057 7,788,861		33,619 3,192 36,811	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(3,572,383)		(6,972,482)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			4,216,478		(6,935,671)
Total assets less current liabilities			74,466,478		81,014,329
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(54,559,583)		(77,060,367)
			19,906,895		3,953,962
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	12 13 14		1 18,992,236 914,658		1 1,377,721 2,576,240
Shareholder's funds: Equity		1	19,906,895		3,953,962
	15		19,906,895		3,953,962

Mr C King

Approved by the board on 7 June 2006

LR (Economy) Hotels Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 September 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		L	ž.
Operating profit (Increase)/decrease in debtors Decrease in creditors		6,321,774 (6,552,185) (2,399,691)	6,680,675 996,945 (1,568,107)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(2,630,102)	6,109,513
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(2,630,102)	6,109,513
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	16	(9,855,918)	(5,571,230)
Capital expenditure	16	37,751,819 25,265,799	538,283
Financing	16	(24,065,934)	(949,072)
Increase/(decrease) in cash		1,199,865	(410,789)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	debt		
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period Decrease in debt financing		1,199,865 23,501,192	(410,789) 868,598
Change in net debt	17	24,701,057	457,809
Net debt at 1 October		(78,137,583)	(78,595,392)
Net debt at 30 September		(53,436,526)	(78,137,583)

1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. A summary of the more important accounting policies which have been consistently applied are given below:

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified to include the revaluation of fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Finance costs

Finance costs are amortised over the period of the loans in accordance with FRS4.

Depreciation

Compliance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19 (SSAP 19) "Accounting for Investment Properties" requires departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 relating to depreciation and an explanation for the departure is given below.

Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP 19, investment properties are revalued annually and the surplus or deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties. The Companies Act 1985 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with SSAP 19 and the director considers that to depreciate would not give a true and fair view.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless, by the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Turnover

Turnover comprises rental income net of value added tax.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity, wholly undertaken in the UK.

3	Operating profit	2005	2004
	This is stated after charging:	£	I.
	Auditors' remuneration	1,750	1,650

4	Exceptional items	2005 £	2005 £
	Profit on disposal of land and buildings	4,751,819	_
5	Interest payable	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loan Swap break costs	5,255,491 4,675,000	5,593,112
	Amortisation of loan fees	564,742 10,495,233	80,474 5,673,586

6 Taxation

No taxation is considered payable on the year's profit due to the availability of tax losses for group relief.

7 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £
Valuation At 1 October 2004 Surplus on revaluation Disposals	87,950,000 15,300,000 (33,000,000)
At 30 September 2005 At cost	70,250,000 51,257,764

The investment properties were valued by the directors on an open market value basis at 30 September 2005.

8	Debtors	2005 £	2004 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	6,071,888	•
	Other debtors	381,031	33,619
	Prepayments and accrued income	132,885	
		6,585,804	33,619

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 11) Trade creditors	80,000	1,080,408 8,812
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	1,113,827 30 2,378,526	4,743,971 19,017 1,120,274
	Accident and actioned moone	3,572,383	6,972,482
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 11) Finance costs	55,056,000 (496,417) 54,559,583	77,568,132 (507,765) 77,060,367

The bank loan is secured by charges over the company's assets and is repayable from surplus rents with a final repayment date of 15 January 2012. Interest rate swaps have been entered into which effectively fix the interest at a rate of 6.9% per annum.

11 Loans			2005 £	2004 £
Analysis of maturity of debt: Within one year or on demand Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years			80,000 420,000 1,552,500 53,083,500 55,136,000	1,080,408 1,140,676 3,996,364 72,431,092 78,648,540
12 Share capital			2005 £	2004 £
Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each			10,000	10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	2005 No	2004 No	2005 £	2004 £
13 Revaluation reserve	,	, ·	2005 £	2004 £
At 1 October Arising on revaluation during the year Realised on disposals during the year			1,377,721 15,300,000 2,314,515	1,377,721 - -
At 30 September 2005		-	18,992,236	1,377,721

14 Profit and loss account			2005 £	2004 £
At 1 October			2,576,240	1,547,269
Retained profit			652,933	1,028,971
Transfer from revaluation reservation	ve		(2,314,515)	-
At 30 September 2005		-	914,658	2,576,240
15 Reconciliation of movement in shareholder's funds			2005 £	2004 £
At 1 October			3,953,962	2,924,991
Profit for the financial year			652,933	1,028,971
Other recognised gains and los	ses		15,300,000	-
At 30 September 2005		-	19,906,895	3,953,962
16 Gross cash flows			2005	2004
			£	£
Returns on investments and s	servicing of fin	ance	74.570	04.000
Interest received			74,573	21,882
Interest paid		-	(9,930,491)	(5,593,112)
		-	(9,855,918)	(5,571,230)
Capital expenditure Receipts from sales of tangible	fixed assets	_	37,751,819	
Financing				
Loan repayments			(23,512,540)	(928,603)
Financing costs			(553,394)	(20,469)
· ·		_	(24,065,934)	(949,072)
17 Analysis of changes in net de		<u>.</u>		
	At 1 Oct 2004	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	At 30 Sep 2005
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	3,192 [1,199,865		1,203,057
Debt due within 1 year	(1,080,408)	1,000,408		(80,000)
Debt due after 1 year	(77,568,132)	22,512,132		(55,056,000)
Unamortised loan fees	507,765	553,394 24,065,934	(564,742)	496,417
Total	(78,137,583)	25,265,799	(564,742)	(53,436,526)

18 Post balance sheet event

On 1 December 2005 the company sold all its investment properties for £70,250,000.

19 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 that transactions do not need to be disclosed with companies 90% or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group.

20 Parent undertaking

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of London & Regional Hotel Holdings Ltd, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent undertaking is Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate controlling parties are I M Livingstone and R J Livingstone throught their joint ownership of Loopsign Ltd.