

Registered number
04010358

AirRep (Germany) Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2017

AirRep (Germany) Limited**Registered number:** 04010358**Balance Sheet****as at 31 December 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Debtors	2	42,364	42,164
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(2,202)	(2,002)
Net current assets		40,162	40,162
Net assets		40,162	40,162
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		40,100	40,100
Profit and loss account		62	62
Shareholder's funds		40,162	40,162

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C L Martin

Director

Approved by the board on 28 September 2018

AirRep (Germany) Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Debtors

2017	2016
£	£

Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest

42,364

42,164

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2017

2016

£

£

Trade creditors

1,200

-

Other creditors

1,002

2,002

2,202

2,002

4 Controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of Murcia Holdings Limited and considers C L Martin and C M Martin to be its controlling party.

5 Other information

AirRep (Germany) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The Cottage

2 Castlefield Road

Reigate

Surrey

RH2 0SH

6 First year adoption

The transition to FRS 102 Section 1A occurred on 1 January 2016 with the end of the comparative period being 31 December 2016. There have been no changes to accounting policies nor to any balances in the financial statements.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.