

**KUALO LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023**

**Kualo Limited**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

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**Kualo Limited  
Accountant's Report  
For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

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**Report to the directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts of Kualo Limited For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

To assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, I have prepared for your approval the accounts of Kualo Limited which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes, from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at  
<http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html>.

This report is made to the directors of Kualo Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Kualo Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the directors of Kualo Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at  
[http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA\\_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf](http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf). To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Kualo Limited and its directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Kualo Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of Kualo Limited. You consider that Kualo Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Kualo Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Signed

-----  
Robert Fiford FCCA

29/02/2024

djca Limited  
ACCA  
154-160 Fleet Street  
London  
EC4A 2DQ

**Kualo Limited**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As At 31 May 2023**

Registered number: 04004280

		<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Intangible Assets	<b>4</b>		81,809		112,578
Tangible Assets	<b>5</b>		152,379		140,727
			<u>234,188</u>		<u>253,305</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Debtors	<b>6</b>	109,679		103,376	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>73,629</u>		<u>60,900</u>	
		183,308		164,276	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>7</b>	<u>(573,745 )</u>		<u>(468,796 )</u>	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			<u>(390,437 )</u>		<u>(304,520 )</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			<u>(156,249 )</u>		<u>(51,215 )</u>
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>	<b>8</b>		<u>(105,828 )</u>		<u>(68,656 )</u>
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>					
Deferred Taxation			<u>(44,192 )</u>		<u>(45,054 )</u>
<b>NET LIABILITIES</b>			<u>(306,269 )</u>		<u>(164,925 )</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>9</b>		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			<u>(306,369 )</u>		<u>(165,025 )</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			<u>(306,269)</u>		<u>(164,925)</u>

**Kualo Limited**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As At 31 May 2023**

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For the year ending 31 May 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

-----  
Mr D Luke

Director

28/02/2024

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**Kualo Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

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**1. General Information**

Kualo Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04004280 . The registered office is 20-22 Wenlock Road, London, N1 7GU.

**2. Accounting Policies**

**2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

**2.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill**

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business in 2007 and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of twenty years years.

**2.4. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible**

IPv4 addresses have been recognised in the accounts at fair value using the revaluation model through profit and loss. Deferred tax has been provided on the revaluation. The revaluation will be carried in equity as non distributable reserves. Fair value is determined by reference to an active market.

Website development costs have been recognised in the accounts at cost and depreciated over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

**2.5. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	30% reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	20% reducing balance
Computer Equipment	25% reducing balance

**2.6. Foreign Currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

**Kualo Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

**2.7. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**3. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 3 (2022: 3)

**4. Intangible Assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Development Costs</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>				
As at 1 June 2022	8,000	96,397	15,600	119,997
Revaluations	-	(27,249 )	-	(27,249 )
As at 31 May 2023	<u>8,000</u>	<u>69,148</u>	<u>15,600</u>	<u>92,748</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>				
As at 1 June 2022	6,000	-	1,419	7,419
Provided during the period	400	-	3,120	3,520
As at 31 May 2023	<u>6,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,539</u>	<u>10,939</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>				
As at 31 May 2023	<u>1,600</u>	<u>69,148</u>	<u>11,061</u>	<u>81,809</u>
As at 1 June 2022	<u>2,000</u>	<u>96,397</u>	<u>14,181</u>	<u>112,578</u>

**Kualo Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

**5. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Plant &amp; Machinery</b>	<b>Fixtures &amp; Fittings</b>	<b>Computer Equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
As at 1 June 2022	47,391	6,270	430,358	484,019
Additions	-	262	55,658	55,920
As at 31 May 2023	47,391	6,532	486,016	539,939
<b>Depreciation</b>				
As at 1 June 2022	47,223	2,377	293,692	343,292
Provided during the period	50	792	43,426	44,268
As at 31 May 2023	47,273	3,169	337,118	387,560
<b>Net Book Value</b>				
As at 31 May 2023	118	3,363	148,898	152,379
As at 1 June 2022	168	3,893	136,666	140,727

**6. Debtors**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	77,332	69,006
Prepayments and accrued income	22,075	14,956
Other debtors	1,839	10,477
Corporation tax recoverable assets	8,433	8,257
Directors' loan accounts	-	680
	109,679	103,376

**7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	33,681	21,612
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	10,000
Other taxes and social security	2,951	3,121
VAT	50,213	41,381
Other creditors	102,270	62,731
Accruals and deferred income	367,692	329,319
Directors' loan accounts	6,938	632
	573,745	468,796

**8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans	68,403	30,000
Accruals and deferred income	37,425	38,656
	105,828	68,656



**Kualo Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 May 2023**

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**9. Share Capital**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

**10. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees**

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	<b>As at 1 June 2022</b>	<b>Amounts advanced</b>	<b>Amounts repaid</b>	<b>Amounts written off</b>	<b>As at 31 May 2023</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Mr Jo Stonehouse	680	680	-	-	-

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.