

Registered number
03991176

Smart Editions Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2021

Smart Editions Limited**Registered number:** 03991176**Balance Sheet****as at 31 May 2021**

	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Current assets			
Debtors	3	13,380	523,302
Cash at bank and in hand		191,616	58,593
		<u>204,996</u>	<u>581,895</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(219,753)	(212,786)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		<u>(14,757)</u>	<u>369,109</u>
Net (liabilities)/assets		<u>(14,757)</u>	<u>369,109</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(14,759)	369,107
Shareholders' funds		<u>(14,757)</u>	<u>369,109</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Versos Directors Limited

Director

Approved by the board on 28 February 2022

Smart Editions Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 May 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Going Concern

The company is dependent on the continued financial support of the shareholders to enable it to continue operating and to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The shareholders have confirmed that they will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future to enable the company to continue normal activities until it is in a financial position to support itself.

For this reason, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in producing the financial statements. Should this financial support not be available, the going concern basis would be inappropriate and adjustments would have to be made to revise the value of assets to their net realisable amount and to provide for any further liabilities which may arise.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Employees	2021	2020
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	-	-

3 Debtors	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	13,380	521,578
Other debtors	-	1,724
	<u>13,380</u>	<u>523,302</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Other creditors	<u>219,753</u>	<u>212,786</u>

5 Other information

Smart Editions Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Office 3, Ground Floor
3 Chandos Street
London
United Kingdom
W1G 9JU

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.