Registration number: 03976245

The Trade Centre (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

J W Smith & Co Ltd Chartered Accountants Oberon House Ferries Street Hull HU9 IRL

Contents

Balance Sheet	$\underline{1}$ to $\underline{2}$
Notes to the Financial Statements	$\underline{3}$ to $\underline{7}$

(Registration number: 03976245) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	740,897	746,885
Other financial assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	11,296	9,414
		752,193	756,299
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	32,890	40,402
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	13,248	15,346
Cash at bank and in hand		114,944	195,262
		161,082	251,010
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(33,376)	(69,985)
Net current assets		127,706	181,025
Total assets less current liabilities		879,899	937,324
Provisions for liabilities		(2,576)	(3,713)
Net assets		877,323	933,611
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Profit and loss account		877,303	933,591
Total equity		877,323	933,611

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

(Registration number: 03976245) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

Approved and authorised b	by the Board on 3 May 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr N P Dale	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 2

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Firdale House Kilnwick Lane Lockington Driffield East Yorkshire YO25 9SY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 3 May 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate
20% on Cost
25% on Cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2017 - 3).

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2018	727,345	25,050	21,550	773,945
At 31 December 2018	727,345	25,050	21,550	773,945
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2018	-	21,673	5,387	27,060
Charge for the year		600	5,388	5,988
At 31 December 2018	<u> </u>	22,273	10,775	33,048
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2018	727,345	2,777	10,775	740,897
At 31 December 2017	727,345	3,377	16,163	746,885

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £727,345 (2017 - £727,345) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

5 Other financial assets (current and non-current)

		Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss £	Total ₤
Non-current financial assets			
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2018		9,414	9,414
Fair value adjustments		(987)	(987)
Additions	_	2,869	2,869
At 31 December 2018	_	11,296	11,296
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	=	11,296	11,296
6 Stocks			
		2018	2017
Other inventories		£ 32,890	£ 40,402
Other inventories	=	32,070	10,102
7 Debtors			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Trade debtors		337	337
Prepayments		2,975	2,790
Other debtors	_	9,936	12,219
	=	13,248	15,346
0 C W			
8 Creditors			
	NT - 4 -	2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	9	443	196
Trade creditors		25,276	44,648
Taxation and social security		-	15,080
Accruals and deferred income		2,050	1,725
Other creditors	_	5,607	8,336
		33,376	69,985

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

9 Loans and borrowings

	2018 £	2017 ₤
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	443	196

Page 7

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.