

Company Registration No. 3965242

Argent (King's Cross) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

FRIDAY



SPE

18/03/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

#138



Report and financial statements 2014

Contents	Page
Directors' report	1
Strategic report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Cash flow statement	7
Notes to the accounts	8



Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

Principal activities and business review

The company's principal activity is the asset and development management of King's Cross Central in N1C, London

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and to the date of this report, except as shown, were as follows

R M Evans

M I Freeman

P G Freeman

A Gibbs

A J Giddings (resigned 31 December 2015)

D Grosc

P F Hazell
J A R Heather
P N Modelin

(resigned 31 December 2014) (resigned 31 March 2015)

R N Madelin R A J Meier (resigned 31 March 2015) (resigned 31 December 2015) (resigned 31 March 2015)

D J G Partridge

A J S Prower

(resigned 31 December 2015)

C M Taylor

J H E Thompson

J G M Wates

(appointed 1 May 2015)

Information to auditor

Each of the directors at the date of the approval of this report confirms that

- so far as he/she is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is imaware, and
- as a director he/she has taken all steps that ought to have been taken in order to make himself/herself aware of any
 relevant audit information, and has established that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of S418 of the Companies Act 2006

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue to trade for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, as detailed in note 9 to the financial statements, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP has expressed its willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution for reappointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

R M Evans Director

March 2016



Strategic report

On 27 March 2008 the company entered into an Asset Management Agreement ("AMA") with King's Cross Central General Partner Limited ("KCCGPL") in KCCGPL's capacity as general partner of the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership. The company also entered into an agreement with Argent Estates Limited (novated to Argent (Property Development) Services LLP ("ASLLP") and subsequently replaced by a new Services Agreement with ASLLP) to procure the resources to perform its obligations under its AMA with the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership

During 2014, the company continued to fulfil its duties under the AMA with KCCGPL through its agreement with ASLLP. The directors predict the company continuing this activity for the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The result for the year is shown on page 5, during the year, the company made a loss before tax of £1,071,864 (2013 profit of £3,928,255) No dividends were paid or declared during the year and none are proposed (2013 £nil)

Key events

The company continued to provide asset management services to KCCGPL. A number of milestones were achieved during the year, which resulted in Performance Fees and Milestone Payments becoming due of £24,991,736 (2013 £5,781,964), which has substantially increased the revenue received year-on-year. The company made a loss in the current year due to this being the first period in which surplus performance fees were payable under the AKX Management Agreement.

KPIs

The following KPIs are used by management to monitor the company

	2014	2013	
	£	£	Movement
Furnover	36,652,851	19,772,894	
Operating (loss)/profit before tax	(1,070,281)	3,928,255	
Shareholders' funds	129,817	934,787	
Milestone Payments	1,979,418	5,781,964	
Performance Fees	23,012,318	-	

Financial risk management

The directors have considered the impact of adverse changes in the market on the financial risks of market, currency, interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. It has been determined that any adverse changes in the market to the parameters that determine the effects of these financial risks will have a minimal impact on the financial performance and position of the company. The Directors continue to monitor the economic market for fluctuations which drive company decisions and policy.

Risk identification and management

The directors consider the principal risks relating to the company's activities are planning and political, construction, letting, and financial The company's risk profile is renewed regularly by the Board and, where appropriate, action is taken to mitigate such risks

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions or charitable donations during the year (2013 £nil)



Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Argent (King's Cross) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Argent (King's Cross) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes 1 to 12. The financial reporting tramework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies, we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Helen George (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

HULLA GEOR

18March 2016



Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Furnover Cost of sales		36,652,851 (37,704,104)	19,772,894 (15,821,596)
Gross (loss)/profit Administrative expenses	2	(1,051,253) (19,028)	, ,
Operating (loss)/profit Interest payable	3	(1,070,281) (1,583)	3,928,255
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(1,071,864) 230,344	3,928,255 (303,469)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation	6	(841,520)	3,624,786

All amounts derive from continuing operations

The group has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the current and preceding year

There is no difference between the results as stated and those on a historical cost basis



Balance sheet at 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Current assets			
Debtors	4	25,998,348	10,169,204
Cash at bank		20,108,467	2,540,906
		46,106,815	12,710,110
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	5		(11,775,323)
Net current assets		93,267	934,787
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	100	100
Profit and loss account	6	93,167	934,687
Shareholders' funds		93,267	934,787

The notes on page 8 - 11 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements (company number 3965242) were approved by the Board of Directors on \Re March 2016 and were signed on its behalf by

R M Evans Director



Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Cash flow from operating activity			
Operating profit		(1,070,281)	3,928,255
Movement on debtors	4	(15,317,555)	(7,750,572)
Movement on creditors	5	34,515,079	5,329,682
Net cash inflow from operating activities		18,127,243	1,507,365
Cash flow from financing activities			
Interest received		4,248	-
Interest paid		(5,831)	
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,583)	-
Taxation		(558,099)	(26,615)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		17,567,562	1,480,750
Opening cash		2,540,906	1,060,156
Closing cash		20,108,467	2,540,906



Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable. United Kingdom accounting standards. The principal accounting policies adopted are described below. These have all been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and under the historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as described in note 9

Turnover

Turnover represents management fees receivable recognised by the company in respect of services supplied, net of VAT Turnover relates entirely to operations in the United Kingdom

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is not discounted

2. Audit fees and staff

The fees for the audit of the company of £6,365 are included in administrative expenses (2013 £6,180)

The company did not employ any staff during the year (2013 none). None of the directors received any remuneration or other emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2013 nil).

3. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of tax charge/(credit) for the year

	2014 £	2013 £
Current tax UK corporation tax at 21 49% (2013 23 25%) on (loss)/profit in the year	(230,344)	303,469
Tax (credit)/charge on profit on ordinary activities	(230,344)	303,469



Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	2014 £	2013 £
(Loss)/profit on operating activities before tax	(1,071,864)	3,928,255
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 21 49% (2013 23 25%) Utilisation of losses not previously recognised	(230,344)	913,319 (609,850
Current tax charge	(230,344)	303,469
4 Debtors: due within one year		
	2014 £	2013 £
Trade debtors Other debtors Corporation tax	1,244,383 8,901,287 511,589	399,643 - -
Due from King's Cross Central I imited Partnership Due from Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership VAT	-	9,769,561 - -
Accrued income	15,341,089	<u> </u>
	25,998,348	10,169,204
5 Creditors, amounts falling due within one year		
	2014 £	2013 £
Due to Argent (Property Development) Services LLP		9,322,375
Due to Argent King's Cross GP Limited Due to Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership	1,134,269 26,734,244	1,093,861
VAT Other Creditors	6,509,899	977,484 2,624
Accruals Corporation tax	11,635,136	102,125 276,854
	46,013,548	11,775,323



Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

6 Reserves

		Called up share capital 2014 £	Profit and loss account 2014	Total 2014 £
	At 1 January I oss for the year	100	934,687 (841,520)	934,787 (841,520)
	At 31 December	100	93,167	93,167
7.	Called up share capital			
	Andhamad		2014 £	2013 £
	Authorised 2,000 ordinary shares of £1 each		2,000	2,000
	Called up 100 ordinary shares of £1 each		100	100

8 Related party transactions

Argent (King's Cross) Limited is a 100% owned subsidiary of Argent King's Cross GP Limited

Argent King's Cross GP Limited and Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership are majority owned by the BT Pension Scheme

At the year end, Argent (King's Cross) Limited owed Argent King's Cross GP Limited £1,134,269 (2013 £1,093,861)

At the year end, Argent (King's Cross) Limited owed Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership £26,734,244 (2013 £nil)

During the year, management fees of £36,652,851 (2013 £16,313,039) accrued from the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership A balance of £nil was outstanding at 31 December 2014 (2013 £9,769,561)

9. Going concern

The company's activities are set out in the directors' report on page 1. The company has considerable financial resources available from its ultimate parent and its directors believe that it is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. Argent King's Cross GP Limited has provided a letter to confirm that the loan will not be recalled if it affects the financial stability of the company.

The directors have reasonable expectations that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the company's annual report and financial statements.



Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

10. Reconciliation to net cash flow movement to net debt

			2014 £	2013 £
	Cash movement during year Opening cash position		17,567,561 2,540,906	1,480,750 1,060,156
	Closing net debt		20,108,467	2,540,906
11.	Analysis of net cash		 	
		i January 2014 £	Cash flow	31 December 2014 £
	Net cash	2,540,906	17,567,561	20,108,467

12. Immediate and ultimate parent companies

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Argent King's Cross GP Limited, the immediate parent undertaking, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent and controlling party of the company is the BT Pension Scheme

The largest and smallest company in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by the BT Pension Scheme incorporated in Great Britain

The consolidated financial statements of the B Γ Pension Scheme are available from Lloyds Chambers, 1 Portsoken Street, London E1 8HZ



Company Registration No. LP12725

Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

THESE PARTNERSHIP
ACCOUNTS FORM
PART OF THE ACCOUNTS
OF COMPANY
No. 39 65242



Report and financial statements 2014

Contents	Page
General Partner's report	1
Strategic report	Error ¹ Bookmark not defined
Statement of General Partner's responsibilities	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Cash flow statement	7
Notes to the accounts	8



General Partner's report

Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") is a limited partnership established on 23 January 2008 and registered in the United Kingdom

The General Partner presents its annual report and the audited financial statements of the Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, as detailed in note 10 to the financial statements.

Principal activity and objectives

The principal activity of the Partnership is to invest and provide funding to the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership ("KCCLP")

The objective of the Partnership is to maximise its return in the KCCLP through long-term holding of the investment

Business review

The Partnership has continued to invest in KCCLP for the ongoing development at King's Cross

The increased profit is due to this being the first period in which the Partnership has become entitled to performance fees under its management agreement with Argent King's Cross Limited ("AKXL") and The General Partner

Ownership

Throughout the year the Partnership was owned in the proportions shown in the Limited Partners' capital accounts (note 7)

Statement as to disclosure of information to the auditor

The General Partner which was in office on the date of approval of these financial statements has confirmed, as far as it is aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. The General Partner has confirmed that it has taken all the steps that it ought to have taken in order to make itself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor

Auditor

Delotte LLP has indicated its willingness to continue in office

By order of the board

R M Evans

for and on behalf of

Argent King's Cross GP Limited

(General Partner)

(X) March 2016



Strategic report

The Partnership holds an investment in KCCLP

In addition, the Partnership is entitled to surplus fees which are earned through AKXL's Asset Management Agreement with King's Cross Central LP in accordance with the management agreement between The Partnership, The General Partner and Argent (King's Cross) Limited

The Partnership has continued to invest in KCCLP for the ongoing development at King's Cross. The directors predict the company continuing this activity for the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The result for the year is shown on page 5, during the year, the company made a profit of £46,549,619 (2013 £762,078) No dividends were paid or declared during the year and none are proposed (2013 £nil)

The increased profit in the year is due to this being the first period in which the Partnership has become entitled to performance fees under the AKX management agreement

KPIs

The tollowing KPIs are used by management to monitor the company

	2014	2013
	£	£
Turnover	46,556,237	•
Net assets attributable to Partners	158,113,508	171,663,890

Financial risk management

The directors have considered the impact of adverse changes in the market on the financial risks of market, currency, interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. It has been determined that any adverse changes in the market to the parameters that determine the effects of these financial risks will have a minimal impact on the financial performance and position of the company. The Directors continue to monitor the economic market for fluctuations which drive company decisions and policy.

Risk identification and management

The directors consider the principal risks relating to the company's activities are planning and political, construction, letting, and financial The company's risk profile is renewed regularly by the Board and, where appropriate, action is taken to mitigate such risks

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions or charitable donations during the year (2013 £nil)



Statement of General Partner's responsibilities

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the General Partner's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Under the Partnership (Accounts) Regulations 2008, the General Partner is required to prepare an annual report and financial statements under Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as if the Partnership was a company formed and registered under the Companies Act Under that law the General Partner has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and Applicable Law)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business

The General Partner is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enables it to ensure that its financial statements comply with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. The General Partner has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Partnership and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the Partners of Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership

We have audited the financial statements of Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the members of the Partnership, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to qualifying partnerships. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members of the Partnership as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the general partner and auditor

As explained more fully in the General Partner's Responsibilities Statement, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Partnership's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the general partner, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies, we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then
 ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of members' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

telen George

Helen George (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

18 March 2016



Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover Administrative expenses		46,556,237 (6,578)	930
Profit on ordinary activities	2	46,549,659	930
Interest receivable and similar income Bank charges	3	(40)	761,148
Net profit attributable to partners	7	46,549,619	762,078

All amounts derive from continuing operations

The Partnership had no recognised gains or losses other than as shown above

There is no difference between the results as stated and those on a historical cost basis



Balance sheet at 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets Investment	4	129,535,619	169,703,081
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	5	28,584,249	1,966,688
		28,584,254	1,966,989
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	6	(6,365)	(6,180)
Net current assets		28,577,889	1,960,809
Net assets attributable to Partners		158,113,508	171,663,890
Loans and other amounts due to Partners			
Capital accounts	7	9,000	9,000
Loan accounts	7	158,104,508	171,654,890
		158,113,508	171,663,890

The financial statements of Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership (Limited Partnership number LP12725) were approved by the Board of Directors on i March 2016

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

R M Evans

for and on behalf of

Argent King's Cross GP Limited



Cash flow statement for the year to 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Cash flow from operating activity Operating profit		46,549,659	930
Movement on debtors Movement on creditors	5 6	(26,617,561) 185	(1,965,688) (1,523,272)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities		19,932,283	(3,488,030)
Cash flow from capital expenditure and financial investment			
Additional financial investments		-	(761,148)
Repayments of financial investments		40,167,462	14,091,326
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment		40,167,462	13,330,178
Cash flow from financing activities Interest received		-	761,148
Interest paid Repayment of Partner Advances		(40) (60,100,001)	(10,603,196)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(60,100,041)	(9,842,048)
(Decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(296)	100
Opening cash		301	201
Closing cash		5	301



Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and under the historical cost convention. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as described in note 10.

The Partnership is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts as afforded by \$400 of the Companies Act 2006, since the Partnership's ultimate parent, the BT Pension Scheme, a company registered in England and Wales, has prepared consolidated accounts which include the Partnership and its subsidiary undertakings. These financial statements therefore present information about the Partnership as an individual undertaking and not about its Group

Investments

Investments are held at cost less provision for impairment

Finance costs

The costs relating to the obtaining of loan finance are amortised through the profit and loss account at a constant yearly rate. The loan is included in the balance sheet at the amount received from the lender less the unamortised costs.

Taxation

No provision is made in the financial statements for the liabilities of Partners for income or capital gains taxes since such liabilities are the responsibility of the individual Partners

2 Operating profit

		2014	2013
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration – audit of the Partnership's accounts	6,365	6,180
3	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Interest receivable on Preferred Advance	-	761 148
			=



Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

4 Investment

	Masterplanning costs £	King's Cross investment £	King's Cross Advances £	Total £
Cost at 1 January 2014 Additions	34,824,121	55,336,498	79,542,462	169,703,081
Repayments		-	(40,167,462)	(40,167,462)
	34,824,121	55,336,498	39,375,000	129,535,619

The master planning costs represent costs involved in obtaining planning permission at King's Cross and the right to purchase a 50% share in the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership under the Revised Master Planning Agreement (4 April 2008)

The King's Cross investment represents the purchase of 50% of the units in the King's Cross Central Property Trust and the associated 50% investment in the King's Cross Central General Partner Limited

During the prior year, Preferred Advances which carried an interest rate of 7% were fully repaid. The remaining King's Cross Advance of £39,375,000 is interest-free

5. Debtors

		2014	2013
		£	£
	Due from Argent (King's Cross) Limited	26,734,244	-
	Due from Argent King's Cross GP Limited	1,849,005	1,965,688
	Other debtors	1,000	1,000
		28,584,249	1,966,688
		-	
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Accruals	6,365	6,180
		6,365	6,180
			

Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

7. Loans and other amounts due to Partners

Total £	000'6	171 654 890	46 549 619 (60,100,001)	158,104 508	46,549,619	(46,549,619)	•	158,113,508
AGKX Limited	38	380,000	, ,	380,000		• [•	380,038
RMEKX Limited	38	380,000		380,000	1)	,	•	380,038
AJSPKX Limited	38	380,000	• •	380,000			'	380,038
GJTKX Limited	01	000 001	'	000 001		1	'	100 010
STKX Limited	10	100,000	i (100,000	• 1	.	1	100,010
AJGKX Limited	38	380,000	' '	380,000	i t	.	•	380 038
DJGPKX Limited	76	760,000	' '	760,000		'	•	760 076
RNMKX Limited	76	760,000	, ' !	760,000	• •	1	•	760,076
PGFKX Limited	130	1,300,000	-	1,300,000		'	1	1,300,130
VIIFKX Lunited	70	700,000	' '	700,000	1 1	•	1	700,070
Argent Investments LLP	76	760,000	' '	760 000	•		1	750,075
Argent Group PLC	•	•	' '	•	1 1		•	
Argent King's Cross GP Limited	1,000	(3,471)		(3,471)	1 1	'	•	(2,471)
Britel Fund Trustees Limited	7,400	165,658,361	46,549,619 (60,100,001)	152,107,979	46,549,619	(46,549,619)	•	152,115,379
	Capital accounts At 1 January and 31 December 2014	Loan accounts At 1 January 2014	Transfer from current accounts Repaid during the year	At 31 December 2014	Current accounts At 1 January 2014 Net result for the year	Transferred to loan accounts		At 31 December 2014



Notes to the accounts (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2014

8. Related parties

Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership has a 50% interest (at 31 December 2014 and 2013) in the King's Cross Central Limited Partnership

Argent King's Cross Limited Partnership, Argent King's Cross GP Limited and Argent (King's Cross) Limited are majority owned by the BT Pension Scheme

The Partnership is owed £1,849,005 from Argent King's Cross GP Limited, the full balance is currently outstanding (2013 £1,965,688)

The Partnership is owed £26,734,244 from Argent (King's Cross) Limited (2013 £ nil)

9 Ultimate holding entity

The ultimate parent and controlling party of the company is the BT Pension Scheme

The largest company in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by the BT Pension Scheme incorporated in Great Britain. The immediate parent and parent company of the smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by Britel Fund Nominees Limited, the immediate parent undertaking, incorporated in Great Britain.

The consolidated financial statements of the BT Pension Scheme are available from Lloyds Chambers, 1 Portsoken Street, London E1 8HZ

10 Going concern

The Partnership's activities are set out in the General Partner's report on page 1. The Partnership has considerable financial resources to call upon from its ultimate parent. As a consequence, the General Partner believes that it is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

The General Partner has reasonable expectations that the partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Partnership continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Partnership's report and financial statements.

11. Reconciliation in net cash flow movement to net cash

			2014 £	2013 £
	Cash movement during year Opening cash		(296) 301	100 201
	Closing net cash		5	301
12.	Analysis of net cash			
		1 January 2014	Cash flow	31 December 2014

13. Partners and staff

Net cash

None of the Partners during the year received any remuneration or other emoluments in respect of their services to the Partnership (2013 nil). The Partnership did not employ any staff during the year or preceding period

£

301

£

(296)

£

5