

DECOR TILES & FLOORS LIMITED

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 November 2022

Company registration number 03951364

DECOR TILES & FLOORS LIMITED

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DECOR TILES & FLOORS LIMITED**Statement of financial position****30 November 2022**

	Note	<u>30/11/22</u>		<u>30/09/21</u>	
		<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	-		-	
Tangible assets	6	-		43,628	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
			-		43,628
Current assets					
Stocks		-		754,199	
Debtors	8	1,100		183,092	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		568,866	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		1,100		1,506,157	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	-		(563,971)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			1,100		942,186
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets less current liabilities			1,100		985,814
Provisions for liabilities			-		(7,997)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			1,100		977,817
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,100		1,100
Profit and loss account			-		976,717
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds			1,100		977,817
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 30 November 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial

Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 August 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M E Colley

Director

Company registration number: 03951364

DECOR TILES & FLOORS LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 November 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is BC Ceramics, Bloors Lane, Rainham, Kent.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company ceased to trade during this period when its trading activities were transferred to its parent company. Due to this, these accounts have not been prepared on the going concern basis. The departure from the going concern basis has not resulted in any changes to the underlying transactions or balances.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 25% on cost and 10% on cost
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 12 (2021: 15).

5. Intangible assets

	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Cost		
At 1 October 2021	425,000	425,000
Disposals	(425,000)	(425,000)
At 30 November 2022	-	-
Amortisation		
At 1 October 2021	425,000	425,000
Disposals	(425,000)	(425,000)
At 30 November 2022	-	-
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2022	-	-
At 30 November 2021	-	-

6. Tangible assets

	<u>Freehold property</u>	<u>Plant and machinery</u>	<u>Fixtures, fittings and equipment</u>	<u>Motor vehicles</u>	<u>Computer equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Cost						
At 1 October 2021	53,984	156,528	9,421	36,459	20,905	277,297
Additions	-	-	-	22,000	-	22,000
Disposals	(53,984)	(156,528)	(9,421)	(58,459)	(20,905)	(299,297)
At 30 November 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation						
At 1 October 2021	52,446	120,404	9,421	33,164	18,234	233,669
Charge for the year	1,538	18,760	-	5,206	2,671	28,175
Disposals	(53,984)	(139,164)	(9,421)	(38,370)	(20,905)	(261,844)
At 30 November 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount						
At 30 November 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 30 November 2021	1,538	36,124	-	3,295	2,671	43,628

7. Investments

	<u>Other investments other than loans</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Cost		
At 1 October 2021	30,000	30,000
Disposals	(30,000)	(30,000)
At 30 November 2022	-	-
Impairment		
At 1 October 2021	30,000	30,000
Disposals	(30,000)	(30,000)
At 30 November 2022	-	-
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2022	-	-
At 30 November 2021	-	-

8. Debtors

	<u>30/11/22</u>	<u>30/09/21</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Trade debtors	-	133,593
Other debtors	1,100	49,499
	1,100	183,092

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<u>30/11/22</u>	<u>30/09/21</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Trade creditors	-	385,109
Corporation tax	-	52,662
Social security and other taxes	-	89,620
Other creditors	-	36,580
	-	563,971

10. Controlling party

At the year end the company was ultimately under the control of Ceramic Tile Holdings Limited . Their registered office is BC Ceramics, Bloors Lane, Rainham, Kent, ME8 7EG

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.