BMW SERVICES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STRATEGIC REPORT

Principal activities

In previous years BMW Services Limited ("the company") was engaged in providing services to other BMW group undertakings in the UK and certain former BMW Group undertakings in the UK. These services have come to an end and the only activity remaining within this company relate to funds on deposit. Accordingly the directors have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Financial instruments and risks

The company has a financial receivable with BMW International Investment BV.

Credit risk

The credit risk faced by the company is considered low because the material receivable balance is with a related party. At the balance sheet date there are no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk faced by the company is considered low because the material receivable balance is with a related party. At the balance sheet date there are no significant concentrations of interest rate risk. The maximum exposure is represented by the carrying amount of interest receivable in the balance sheet.

Liquidity risk

The liquidity risk faced by the company is considered low because the material receivable balance is with a related party. At the balance sheet date there are no significant concentrations of liquidity risk. The maximum exposure is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

Foreign Currency risk

The company does not have any foreign currency payables or receivables; therefore management does not consider the company to have any foreign currency risk.

On behalf of the Board:

J Clements Director

8th April 2019

Summit ONE Summit Avenue Farnborough Hampshire GU14 0FB England

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present the Annual Report of BMW Services Limited together with the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

DIRECTORS

The names of the present directors of the company are listed below:

N Wharton

J Clements

Financial

The profit and loss account for the year is shown on page 6. The company derived income from placing available funds on term deposits with BMW International Investments BV.

Dividends

The directors recommend that no dividend should be paid for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: £nil).

Political and charitable donations

The company made no political donations or charitable donations in either period.

Closure of information to auditor

The directors, in so far as they are each aware, who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board:

J Clements Director

8th April 2019

Summit ONE Summit Avenue Farnborough Hampshire / GU14 0FB England

STATEMENT OF ANNUAL RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BMW SERVICES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BMW Services Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Profit and Loss account and Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

The impact of uncertainties due to the UK exiting the European Union on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of Brexit are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, such as recoverability of assets and related disclosures. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to the unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

Emphasis of Matter - non going concern basis of preparation

We draw attention to the disclosure made in note 1.2 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements are now not prepared on the going concern basis for the reason set out in that note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Matthew Buckingham (Senior Statutory auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
One Snowhill
Snowhill Queensway
Birmingham
B4 6GH

Marglen

9 April 2019

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £000	2017 £000
Administrative expenses		(0)	(0)
Operating loss	2	(0)	(0)
Net interest receivable and similar income	3	107	55
Profit before taxation		107	55
Tax on ordinary activities	4	(20)	(11)
Profit for financial year being total comprehensive income for the year		87	44

All of the above results relate to continuing operations.

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The company has no other comprehensive income other than the result for the above financial years.

The notes on page 9 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £000	2017 £000
Fixed Assets Intangible assets	5	-	
Current Assets		-	-
Debtors	6	34,428	34,338
Creditors – amounts falling due		34,428	34,338
within one year	7	(38)	(35)
Net current assets		34,390	34,303
Total assets less current liabilities		34,390	34,303
Net assets		34,290	34,303
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	7,000	7,000
Share premium		63,000	63,000
Profit and loss account		(35,610)	(35,697)
Total shareholders' funds		34,390	34,303

The notes on page 9 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 8th April 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Clements Director

8th April 2019

Registered Company Number 3950870

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Called up Share capital £000	Share Premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2017	7,000	63,000	(35,741)	34,259
Total comprehensive income for the period				
Profit for the year	-	-	44	44
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	44	44
Balance at 31 December 2017	7,000	63,000	(35,697)	34,303
Balance at 1 January 2018	7,000	63,000	(35,697)	34,303
Total comprehensive income for the period				
Profit for the year	-	•	87	87
Total comprehensive income for the period			87	87
Balance at 31 December 2018	7,000	63,000	(35,610)	34,390

Details of share capital are disclosed in note 8. Share premium represents the additional capital received over the nominal value of new shares subscribed. Retained earnings represent the total accumulated net gains and losses at the balance sheet date.

The notes on page 9 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Accounting policies

BMW Services Ltd (the "company") is a company incorporated, domiciled and registered in England. The registered number is 3950870 and the registered address is Summit ONE, Summit Avenue, Farnborough, Hampshire GU14 0FB.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking, Bayerische Mortoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft, which is incorporated in Germany includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Bayerische Mortoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Petuelring 130, D-80788 Munich, Germany.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The directors have reviewed the accounting policies and do not believe there are any estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year which affect these financial statements.

The company has adopted the following IFRSs in these financial statements:

- IFRS 15: Revenue from Contract with Customers.
- IFRS 9: Financial Instruments.

There are no changes to significant accounting policies as a result of these new standards.

1.1 Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis and presented in pounds sterling, rounded to the nearest thousand.

1.2 Going concern

In 2015 the directors took the decision to cease trading once successfully fulfilling operating lease obligations on properties. It is the Directors intention to realise the assets of the company and settle its liabilities, and then perform an orderly wind down of the company. As a result of this decision, the directors have prepared the financial statements on a basis other than going concern in the current year.

1.3 Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other creditors, and trade and other debtors.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.4 Goodwill

Goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.5 Expenses

Operating lease payments

Payments (excluding costs for services and insurance) made under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the profit and loss account as an integral part of the total lease expense.

Interest receivable

Other interest receivable and similar income include interest receivable on funds invested. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

1.6 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

2. Auditors remuneration

Auditor remuneration of £500 (2017: £500) is borne by another group company.

3. Net interest receivable and similar income

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Net interest from related parties	107	55
Net interest receivable	107	55

4. Taxation

Recognised in the profit and loss account

UK corporation tax

,	2018 £000	2017 £000
Current tax on income for the year	20	11
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	-
Total current tax being tax on profit on ordinary activities	20	11
4. Reconciliation of total tax rate		
	2018 £000	2017 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	107	55
Current tax at 19% (2017: 19.25%)	20	11
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
Total tax charge	20	11

There was a reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017. A further reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

5. Intangible fixed assets		
		Goodwill £000
Cost		
At 31 December 2018 and 2017		23,273
Amortisation		
At 31 December 2018 and 2017		(23,273)
Net book value at:		
31 December 2018 and 2017		-
6. Debtors		
	2018 £000	2017 £000
Amounts due from group undertakings	34,428	34,338
Total tax charge	34,428	34,338
Of the amount due from group undertakings, £34,000k relates to funds on depo International Investment BV, and is repayable on demand.	sit with BMW	/
7. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year		
	2018 £000	2017 £000
Tax payable	(38)	(35)

8. Share Capital

Ordinary Shares of £1 each

	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Z 000 001 (201Z Z 000 001) : 1 1 1 C H : 1	7.000	7.000
7,000,001 (2017: 7,000,001) issued and fully paid	7,000	7,000

9. Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BMW (UK) Holdings Limited which is incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company is Bayerische Motoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft, which is incorporated in Germany.

The group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by the ultimate parent company.

The address where Bayerische Motoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft's accounts can be obtained is Petuelring 130, D-80809 Munich, Germany. No other group accounts include the results of the company.