

The Insolvency Act 1986  
Liquidator's Statement of Receipts  
Payments

# S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

For official

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To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

3950863

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) Powertrain Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

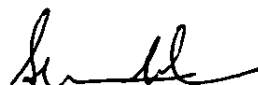
I/We(b)

S A Pearson  
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
7 More London Riverside London  
SE1 2RT

R N Lewis  
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
31 Great George Street Bristol  
Avon BS1 5QD

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date 23/4/14

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)  
Christine Yardley  
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

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For Official Use

Post Room



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24/04/2014

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COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	<b>Powertrain Limited</b>
Company's registered number	<b>3950863</b>
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	<b>Creditors</b>
Date of commencement of winding up	<b>20/03/2006</b>
Date to which this statement is brought down	<b>19/03/2014</b>
Name and address of liquidator	<b>See page 1</b>

## NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

## Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

## Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

## Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

(6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

[illegible]

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**Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

## Disbursements

[illegible]

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

**Analysis of**

Total realisations  
Total disbursements

Balance £

The Balance is made up as follows -

- 1 Cash in hands of liquidator
- 2 Balance at Bank
- 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account

- 4 \*Amounts invested by liquidator  
Less the cost of investments realised

**Balance**

Total balance as shown above

£

£	
56,297,334 86	
45,586,065 75	
10,711,269 11	
0 00	
225,585 94	
10,485,683 17	
£	
0 00	
10,711,269 11	

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

\* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the

The liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)	£	
		39,595,157 90
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors		0 00
Floating charge holders		0 00
Unsecured creditors		140,133,755 00

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash	2 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

The company has an unsecured inter-company claim against MG Rover Group Ltd which is also in liquidation. Interim dividends have been received and the company will participate in any future dividends, although the timing and quantum of these remain uncertain.

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

The liquidation will be concluded once we have received a final dividend from MG Rover Group Ltd and subsequently paid a final dividend to creditors of Powertrain Limited.

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Uncertain