Registered number: 03949032

# THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

Kimberly Percy (appointed 22 March 2019) Susannah Lindenfield (appointed 13 April 2021, resigned 8 July 2022)

Simon Davies (appointed 8 July 2022)

**Company secretary** 

Intertrust (UK) Limited

Registered number

03949032

Registered office

40 Berkeley Square

London

United Kingdom W1J 5AL

Independent auditors

Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor 1 New Street Square

London

United Kingdom EC4A 3HQ

**Solicitors** 

Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer

65 Fleet Street

London

United Kingdom EC4Y 1HS

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Blackstone Group International Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The Company is a private company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales.

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ("FRS 102"). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements for the Company unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements for the Company, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the audited financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Principal activity and review of the business

The Company holds 100% of the share capital in Blackstone Switzerland GmbH and Blackstone Capital Israel Ltd.

# Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the going concern basis has been adopted in preparing the director's report and financial statements.

## Results

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$219,294 (2021 - profit \$15,042).

The directors did not declare or pay a dividend in the financial year (2021: nil).

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of this report unless noted otherwise were:

Kimberly Percy (appointed 22 March 2019) Susannah Lindenfield (appointed 13 April 2021, resigned 8 July 2022) Simon Davies (appointed 8 July 2022)

## Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors, which were in place throughout the period and remain in force at the date of this report.

# Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
  relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

# Geopolitical uncertainty

Geopolitical risk has been a key driver of uncertainty and will remain one for the foreseeable future. The ongoing war between Russia and Ukraine, public health issues like pandemics, recessions or other economic, political, and global macro factors and events, have significantly impacted the global economy and financial markets which could present uncertainty and risk with respect to the Company and the performance of its operations.

## **Auditors**

The auditors, Deloitte LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

## Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 414B

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Kimberly Percy

Date: 25 September 2023

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of The Blackstone Group International Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- · the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes on pages 10 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

## **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

## Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and directors about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including those that are specific to the Company's business sector.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
   These included UK Companies Act; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These include breaches of the Money Laundering Regulations and contractual agreements whose effects should be considered while preparing financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

As a result of performing the above, we identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following area, and our procedures performed to address it are described below:

 Valuation of Investments - Valuation of investments involves fraud risk due to management judgement involved. We have performed an independent search for any evidence which might contradict management's valuation assumptions and we also checked the appropriateness of the value recorded for the investment by management.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- · reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
  prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the aduit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Yasir Aziz, ACA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

**Deloitte LLP**Statutory Auditor
London, United Kingdom

26 September 2023

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Other operating (expenses)/income		(219,309)	15,042
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(219,309)	15,042
Interest receivable and similar income		15	-
(Loss)/profit before tax		(219,294)	15,042
Tax on (loss)/profit	5	<del>.</del>	-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(219,294)	15,042

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2022 or 2021 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021:\$NIL).

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# THE BLACKSTONE GROUP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03949032

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

•	Vote	2022 \$	2021 \$
Fixed assets		•	•
Investments in Subsidiaries	6	2,751,063	2,597,553
		2,751,063	2,597,553
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,507,970	1,691,005
Cash and cash equivalents	8	1,170,696	1,433,372
		2,678,666	3,124,377
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(18,330)	(244,747)
Net current assets		2,660,336	2,879,630
Total assets less current liabilities		5,411,399	5,477,183
Net assets		5,411,399	5,477,183
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	2,445,406	2,445,406
Share premium account		3,199,861	3,199,861
Other reserves		199,764,152	199,610,642
Profit and loss account		(199,998,020)	(199,778,726)
		5,411,399	5,477,183

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 25 September 2023.

Kimberly Percy

Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital \$	Share premium account	Other reserves \$	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 January 2021	2,445,267	-	199,610,642	(199,793,768)	2,262,141
Profit for the year	-	-	-	15,042	15,042
Total comprehensive income for the year Shares issued during the year	139	3,199,861	- -	15,042	15,042 3,200,000
At 1 January 2022	2,445,406	3,199,861	199,610,642	(199,778,726)	5,477,183
Loss for the year Other reserves	- -	-	- 153,510	(219,294)	(219,294) 153,510
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	153,510	(219,294)	(65,784)
At 31 December 2022	2,445,406	3,199,861	199,764,152	(199,998,020)	5,411,399

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Details of the Company's general information are set out on the Company Information page and in the Directors' report on page 1.

# 1. Accounting policies

## 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 1.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity and has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position;
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation;
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments; and
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures.

There are no new financial reporting standards effective in the year that have a material impact on the financial statements.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Blackstone Inc. as at 31 December 2022 and these financial statements may be obtained from 345 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10154.

## 1.3 Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the going concern basis has been adopted in preparing the directors' report and financial statements.

# 1.4 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

# 1.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 1.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.8 Foreign currency translation

## Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is USD.

### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

# 1.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

## 1.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

As noted in note 1.4 Valuation of investments, investments are measured at cost less accumulated impairment. Determining whether fixed asset investments are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable value. Management have considered the financial performance and position of these investments and concluded that no impairment is required in the year.

There are no other critical accounting judgements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

# 3. Operating (loss)/profit

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Exchange differences	187,435	(48,479)
	<del></del>	

The audit fee for the year ended 31 December 2022 was \$9,276 (2021: \$9,472). The tax compliance fee for the year ended 31 December 2022 was \$2,136 (2021: \$2,301).

## 4. Employees

The directors were not remunerated for their services to the Company during the current and prior year. There were no staff employed during the current or prior year.

## 5. Taxation

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Total current tax	<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 5. Taxation (continued)

# Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(219,294)	15,042
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in		
the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	(43,859)	2,858
Effects of:		
Utilisation / (increase) of tax losses	43,859	(2,858)
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

# Factors that may affect future tax charges

An increase in the main rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023 was enacted in the Finance Act 2021.

# 6. Fixed asset investments

	\$
Investment in Subsidiaries	
At 1 January 2022	2,597,553
Additions	153,510
At 31 December 2022	2,751,063
At 31 December 2022	2,751,005

On 25 October 2021, the Company invested \$319 to buy 100% of Blackstone Capital Israel Ltd. The registered place of business for this entity is 121 Derech Begin St., Tel Aviv - Yafo. On 7 June 2021, the Company invested \$21,466 to buy 100% of Blackstone Switzerland GmbH. The registered place of business for this entity is c/o Intertrust (Suisse) SA, Zweigniederlassung Zurich Limmatquai 72 Zürich, 8001 Switzerland.

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 \$	2021 \$
	Tax recoverable	1,507,970	1,691,005
		1,507,970	1,691,005
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022 \$	2021 \$
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,170,696	1,433,372
		1,170,696	1,433,372
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 \$	2021 \$
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,027	230,342
	Accruals and deferred income	13,303	14,405
		18,330	244,747
	Amounts owed to group undertakings are non-interest bearing and repayable	on demand.	
10.	Share capital		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	2022 \$	2021 \$
	1,400,000 (2021 - 1,400,000) Ordinary Shares of £1	2.445,265	2,445,265
	101 (2021 - 101) Preference Shares shares of £1 each	141	141

2,445,406

2,445,406

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 10. Share capital (continued)

On 23 December 2021, 100 preference shares of £1 each were issued to The Blackstone Group International (Cayman) Limited, the Company's immediate parent.

The called up share capital is denominated in British pounds sterling.

The called up share capital is shown on the statement of financial position at its historical cost.

The preference shares are redeemable for the amount of capital paid on it at the option of the Company which must give a notice of not less than one week. The preference shares do not entitle the holder to any rights or other participation in the profits or assets of the Company other than return of the amount allotted nor do they carry any voting rights.

## 11. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is The Blackstone Group International (Cayman) Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Blackstone Inc., a corporation listed on the New York Stock Exchange and registered at 345 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10154, United States of America.

Blackstone Inc. is the smallest and largest group which includes the Company and for which financial statements are prepared.

Copies of the group financial statements are available from 345 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10154, United States of America.

# 12. Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of signing these financial statements. Other than what has been noted above, there were no events that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.