Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2004



Report and financial statements 2004

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is that of residential property developer. Having sold its properties the company is expected to become dormant during the current year.

Review of business and results

The directors regard progress as satisfactory. The results are set out on page 4. The directors have declared a dividend of £426,118 for the year (2003: £500,000).

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and to date are set out below.

S C Casey

J B Cousins

S J Gough

R J Lotherington

G A Malton

The directors had no interests in the company during this year or the prior year. S C Casey and G A Malton are also directors of the ultimate parent company, Fairview Holdings Limited. Directors' interests in the ultimate parent company are detailed in the group financial statements.

Auditors

Pursuant to section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 an elective resolution has been passed to dispense with the requirement to reappoint auditors annually, therefore Deloitte & Touche LLP remain as auditors.

By order of the board

D K Tipping Secretary

30 JUNE 2005

Registered office:

50 Lancaster Road Enfield Middlesex

EN2 0BY

Statement of directors' responsibilities

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Fairview New Homes (Saffron Walden) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Fairview New Homes (Saffron Walden) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 11. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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2005

London

30 June

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Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Turnover Cost of sales	1	(36)	7,842 (6,238)
Gross (loss)/profit		(19)	1,604
Administrative expenses		-	(672)
Operating (loss)/profit and (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(19)	932
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	3	(3)	(280)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation		(22)	652
Equity dividend payable		(426)	(500)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	7	(448)	152

All activities derive from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses or movements in shareholders' funds for the current or preceding financial year other than as stated in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors	4	3	1,306
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(3)	(858)
Net assets		-	448
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	-	_
Profit and loss account	7	-	448
		 _	
Total equity shareholders' funds		-	448

Approved by the board

G A Malton Director

30 JUNE 2005

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2004

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and the previous year.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover comprises:

- (i) the net proceeds of properties sold to third parties, together with the sale proceeds of both partially developed and undeveloped sites. Sales of units and undeveloped sites are recognised at the time of legal completion; and
- (ii) the value of the freehold title in respect of units sold under leasehold terms. This is recognised at the time of legal completion of the individual leasehold units occupying the respective freehold.

All turnover arises in the United Kingdom.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996) not to provide a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking.

2. Operating (loss)/profit

The company has had no employees during the current or preceding year, other than directors. None of the directors has received any emoluments or other benefits during the current or preceding year. Auditors' remuneration has been borne by another group company in both the current and preceding years.

3. Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

2004 £'000	2003 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% 3	280

Reconciliation of current tax charge

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30% (2003: 30%). The tax charge for the current year differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(19)	932
Tax (credit)/charge on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities at 30% Factors affecting charge:	(6)	280
Notional interest on intra-group balances	9	
Current tax charge	3	280

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2004

4. Debtors

4.	Debtors		
		2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Amount owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income	3	1,113 193
	repayments and accruce meome	 -	
		3	1,306
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Dividend payable	-	500
	Corporation tax	3	279
	Accruals and deferred income	-	79
		3	858
6.	Called up share capital		
		Number	£
	Authorised share capital:		
	At 31 December 2003 and 31 December 2004	100	100
	Called up, allotted and fully paid:		
	At 31 December 2003 and 31 December 2004	2	2
7.	Profit and loss account		
			£'000
	Balance 31 December 2003		448
	Loss for the year after dividends		(448)
	Balance 31 December 2004		*
			=====

8. Guarantees

The company has given cross guarantees and charged its property and assets to secure bank loan facilities totalling £230 million available to other group companies.

9. Contingent liabilities

Other than the guarantee referred to in note 8, the company has no contingent liabilities other than those arising in the normal course of business.

10. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exception granted by paragraph 3 (c) of FRS 8 not to disclose related party transactions with greater than 90% owned companies within the group.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2004

11. Ultimate parent company

At 31 December 2004 the ultimate parent company and controlling party was Fairview Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain. The immediate parent company is Fairview New Homes Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain.

The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts to 31 December 2004 are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Fairview Holdings Limited. Copies of the group accounts may be obtained from 50 Lancaster Road, Enfield, Middlesex EN2 0BY.