Registration number: 03928815

Visarc Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

(filleted for filing purposes)

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Company Information

Director Mr Francesco Augusto Gamberini

Company secretary Mrs Jemma Woods

Registered office The New Barn

Mill Lane Eastry Sandwich Kent CT13 0JW

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(Registration number: 03928815) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	427,020	439,012
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	7,500	8,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	398,940	360,324
Cash at bank and in hand		321,601	323,750
		728,041	692,074
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(403,422)	(467,841)
Net current assets		324,619	224,233
Total assets less current liabilities		751,639	663,245
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>?</u>	(58,035)	(132,902)
Provisions for liabilities		(22,669)	(27,780)
Net assets	_	670,935	502,563
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		102	102
Profit and loss account		670,833	502,461
Total equity	_	670,935	502,563

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 03928815) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2018

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 June 2018

For the financial year ending 28 February 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

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Mr Francesco Augusto	Gamberini
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

The New Barn

Mill Lane

Eastry

Sandwich

Kent

CT13 0JW

England

The principal place of business is:

11, Connect 10

Ashford Business Park

Foster Road

Ashford

Kent

TN24 0FE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 14 June 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Freehold buildings
Furniture and other equipment
Computer equipment

Depreciation method and rate

2% straight line basis 25% straight line basis 25% straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 23 (2017 - 22).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 March 2017	420,478	116,814	537,292
Additions	2,285	18,570	20,855
Disposals		(5,343)	(5,343)
At 28 February 2018	422,763	130,041	552,804
Depreciation			
At 1 March 2017	19,119	79,162	98,281
Charge for the year	6,460	25,380	31,840
Eliminated on disposal		(4,337)	(4,337)
At 28 February 2018	25,579	100,205	125,784
Carrying amount			
At 28 February 2018	397,184	29,836	427,020
At 28 February 2017	401,359	37,653	439,012
Eliminated on disposal At 28 February 2018 Carrying amount At 28 February 2018	25,579	(4,337) 100,205 29,836	(4,337) 125,784 427,020

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £397,184 (2017 - £401,359) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

5 Stocks

	2018 £	2017 ₤
Work in progress	7,500	8,000
6 Debtors		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	353,904	350,920
Other debtors	45,036	9,404
Total current trade and other debtors	398,940	360,324

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts faining due within one year			
		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	7,080	11,544
Trade creditors		291,210	297,827
Other related parties		1,393	1,453
Taxation and social security		73,868	97,532
Other creditors		29,871	59,485
	_	403,422	467,841
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	58,035	132,902
		2018	2017
		£	£ 96.726
After more than five years by instalments	_	29,715	86,726
8 Loans and borrowings			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		58,035	122.002
Bank borrowings	_	38,033	132,902
		2018	2017
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings		<u></u>	-
Bank borrowings		7,080	11,544

Secured creditors

Loans secured against the companies freehold property totalling £65,155 (2015 - £144,446) are included within loans and borrowings.

Included in the loans and borrowings are the following amounts due after more than five years:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank borrowings	29,715	86,726

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.