Registered Number 03924988

**Elementum Limited** 

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

30 September 2012

## Elementum Limited

# Registered Number 03924988

# Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2012

	Notes	2012		2011	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			9,486		9,326
		-	9,486	_	9,326
Current assets					
Debtors		132,930		102,166	
Cash at bank and in hand		208,516		63,813	
Total current assets		341,446		165,979	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(150,998)		(121,356)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			190,448		44,623
Total assets less current liabilities		-	199,934	_	53,949
Provisions for liabilities			(1,761)		(1,697)
Total net assets (liabilities)		-	198,173	-	52,252
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		150		150
Profit and loss account			198,023		52,102

**Shareholders funds** 198,173 52,252

a. For the year ending 30 September 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 27 June 2013

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr P. S. Pearson, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 September 2012

# 1 Accounting policies

## Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

#### Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

## Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

## Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery 10% Reducing Balance Basis
Fixtures & Fittings 10% Reducing Balance Basis

Computer equipment 33% Cost Basis

# <sub>2</sub> Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 October 2011	35,183	35,183
Additions	3,360	3,360
At 30 September 2012	38,543	38,543
Depreciation		
At 01 October 2011	25,857	25,857
Charge for year	3,200	3,200
At 30 September 2012	29,057	29,057
Net Book Value		
At 30 September 2012	9,486	9,486
At 30 September 2011	9,326	9,326

# 4 Share capital

	2012	2011
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
2000 Ordinary A of £1 each	2,000	2,000
2000 Ordinary B of £1 each	2,000	2,000
2000 Ordinary C of £1 each	2,000	2,000
2000 Ordinary D of £1 each	2,000	2,000
2000 Ordinary E of £1 each	2,000	2,000
2000 Ordinary F of £1 each	2,000	2,000
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
26 Ordinary A of £1 each	26	26
24 Ordinary B of £1 each	24	24
26 Ordinary C of £1 each	26	26
24 Ordinary D of £1 each	24	24
26 Ordinary E of £1 each	26	26
24 Ordinary F of £1 each	24	24