

## The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of  
Receipts and Payments  
Pursuant to Section 192 of  
The Insolvency Act 1986**S.192**

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

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Company Number

03922954

Name of Company

Kitcheneers Limited

I / We

Christopher Ratten  
Arkwright House  
Parsonage Gardens  
Manchester  
M3 2LFJeremy Woodside  
Arkwright House  
Parsonage Gardens  
Manchester  
M3 2LFthe liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and  
payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

8/5/11

RSM Tenon Recovery  
Arkwright House  
Parsonage Gardens  
Manchester  
M3 2LF

Ref 3032118/CR/MC/PH

WEDNESDAY

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room



\*ALB00WKM\*

A11

10/08/2011

246

COMPANIES HOUSE

**Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

**Name of Company**                                      Kitcheneers Limited

Company Registered Number 03922954

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Members' voluntary winding up	Not applicable
Creditors' voluntary winding up	Applicable

Date of commencement of winding up 25 July 2008

Date to which this statement is brought down 24 July 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Christopher Ratten	Jeremy Woodside
Arkwright House	Arkwright House
Parsonage Gardens	Parsonage Gardens
Manchester	Manchester
M3 2LF	M3 2LF

## NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributors. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

## Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
30/03/2011	Royal Bank of Scotland	Brought Forward Bank Interest Gross	13,467 74 3 98
Carried Forward			13,471 72

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
09/05/2011	HM Revenue & Customs	Brought Forward	5,477 23
		Vat Control Account	1,148 37
Carried Forward			6,625 60

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

**Analysis of balance**

Total realisations	£	13,471 72
Total disbursements		6,625 60
Balance £		6,846 12
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		6,846 12
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	£	0 00
Less The cost of investments realised		0 00
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		6,846 12

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

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The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up
- |   |            |
|---|------------|
|   | £          |
| Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges) | 29,371 00  |
| Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors  | 12,819 00  |
| Floating charge holders   | 0 00       |
| Preferential creditors  | 12,819 00  |
| Unsecured creditors   | 421,381 00 |
- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -
- |   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Paid up in cash                           | 37,500 00 |
| Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash | 0 00      |
- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- Outstanding debtors and contract retentions payable
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- Chasing Remaining Retentions
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed
- 6-12 months