PREMIER POLYMERS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2008



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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2008

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

29 FEBRUARY 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			30,372		31,351
Investments			89,732		77,732
			120,104		109,083
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		83,736		17,329	
Debtors		26,378		62,129	
Cash at bank and in hand		366,755		68,504	
		476,869		147,962	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	within				
one year		138,220		33,573	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			338,649		114,389
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			458,753		223,472
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			2,426		1,267
			456,327		222,205
			430,327		222,203
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		302		302
Profit and loss account			456,025		221,903
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			456,327		222,205
					

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These \abbareviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on

Director

29-01 00

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year exclusive of value added tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

- 15% per annum reducing balance

Furniture & Equipment

- 33% per annum straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% per annum reducing balance

Leasehold Improvements - 109

10% per annum straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Pension costs

The company operates 'Personal Pension Plans' whereby the company agrees to pay, for the director and eligible employees', a defined contribution into the director's and employee's own personal pension schemes. The company's liability is limited to the amount of the contribution.

The liability for meeting future pension payments rests solely with the director's and employee's personal pension scheme.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Tangible

2. FIXED ASSETS

		Assets £	Investments £	Total £
	COST	_	~	-
	At 1 March 2007	66,533	77,732	144,265
	Additions	9,046	12,000	21,046
	At 29 February 2008	75,579	89,732	165,311
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 March 2007	35,182	-	35,182
	Charge for year	10,025		10,025
	At 29 February 2008	45,207	<u> -</u>	45,207
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 29 February 2008	30,372	89,732	120,104
	At 28 February 2007	31,351	77,732	109,083
3.	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised share capital:			
			008 £	2007 £
	1,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each		£ 1,000	I,000
	300 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	•	300	300
	500 0.0	-	1,300	1,300
		- -	1,300	7,300
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2008	2007	7
			£ No	£
	Ordinary A shares of £1 each	2	2 2	2
	Ordinary B shares of £1 each	300	300 300	<u>300</u>
		302	302 <i>302</i>	302